## CERTIFICATION OF ENROLLMENT

## ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 5271

Chapter 121, Laws of 2024

68th Legislature 2024 Regular Session

HEALTH CARE FACILITIES-REGULATION ENFORCEMENT

EFFECTIVE DATE: June 6, 2024

Passed by the Senate January 24, 2024 Yeas 29 Nays 20

DENNY HECK

President of the Senate

Passed by the House February 29, 2024 Yeas 61 Nays 35

LAURIE JINKINS

Speaker of the House of Representatives Approved March 15, 2024 9:52 AM

#### CERTIFICATE

I, Sarah Bannister, Secretary of the Senate of the State of Washington, do hereby certify that the attached is **ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 5271** as passed by the Senate and the House of Representatives on the dates hereon set forth.

SARAH BANNISTER

Secretary

FILED

March 15, 2024

JAY INSLEE

Secretary of State State of Washington

Governor of the State of Washington

#### ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 5271

Passed Legislature - 2024 Regular Session

### State of Washington 68th Legislature 2023 Regular Session

**By** Senate Health & Long Term Care (originally sponsored by Senators Cleveland, Robinson, Kuderer, Nobles, Wellman, and C. Wilson; by request of Department of Health)

READ FIRST TIME 02/08/23.

AN ACT Relating to protecting patients in facilities regulated by 1 2 the department of health by establishing uniform enforcement tools; 3 amending RCW 18.46.010, 18.46.050, 18.46.130, 70.42.010, 70.42.130, 70.127.010, 70.127.170, 70.127.213, 70.230.010, 4 70.42.180, 70.230.070, 71.12.710, 71.12.500, 70.38.025, 70.38.111, 70.38.260, 5 6 71.24.037, 70.170.020, 18.64.005, 18.64.011, 18.64.047, 18.64.165, 7 18.64A.020, 18.64A.060, 69.45.080, 69.43.100, 69.43.140, 69.50.302, 8 69.50.303, 69.50.304, 69.50.310, 69.50.320, and 69.41.080; reenacting and amending RCW 71.12.455 and 71.24.025; adding a new section to 9 10 chapter 18.46 RCW; adding new sections to chapter 70.42 RCW; adding new sections to chapter 70.127 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 11 12 70.230 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 71.12 RCW; adding a new 13 section to chapter 71.24 RCW; adding new sections to chapter 18.64 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 69.38 RCW; adding a new section 14 to chapter 69.45 RCW; repealing RCW 18.64.200, 18.64.390, and 15 16 69.50.305; and prescribing penalties.

17 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

18 Sec. 1. RCW 18.46.010 and 2000 c 93 s 30 are each amended to 19 read as follows:

20 (1) "Birthing center" or "childbirth center" means any health 21 facility, not part of a hospital or in a hospital, that provides facilities and staff to support a birth service to low-risk maternity clients: PROVIDED, HOWEVER, That this chapter shall not apply to any hospital approved by the American College of Surgeons, American Osteopathic Association, or its successor.

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(2) "Department" means the state department of health.

6 (3) <u>"Immediate jeopardy" means a situation in which the birthing</u> 7 <u>center's noncompliance with one or more statutory or regulatory</u> 8 <u>requirements has placed the health and safety of patients in its care</u> 9 <u>at risk for serious injury, serious harm, serious impairment, or</u> 10 <u>death.</u>

11 <u>(4)</u> "Low-risk" means normal, uncomplicated prenatal course as 12 determined by adequate prenatal care and prospects for a normal 13 uncomplicated birth as defined by reasonable and generally accepted 14 criteria of maternal and fetal health.

15 ((<del>(4)</del>)) <u>(5)</u> "Person" means any individual, firm, partnership, 16 corporation, company, association, or joint stock association, and 17 the legal successor thereof.

18 Sec. 2. RCW 18.46.050 and 1997 c 58 s 823 are each amended to 19 read as follows:

20 (1) ((The department may deny, suspend, or revoke a license in 21 any case in which it finds that there has been failure or refusal to 22 comply with the requirements established under this chapter or the 23 rules adopted under it.

24 (2) The department shall immediately suspend the license of a person who has been certified pursuant to RCW 74.20A.320 by the 25 department of social and health services as a person who is not in 26 27 compliance with a support order or a residential or visitation order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for 28 29 reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the license shall 30 be automatic upon the department's receipt of a release issued by the 31 department of social and health services stating that the person is 32 in compliance with the order.

RCW 43.70.115 governs notice of a license denial, revocation, suspension, or modification and provides the right to an adjudicative proceeding but shall not apply to actions taken under subsection (2) of this section)) In any case in which the department finds that a birthing center has failed or refused to comply with the requirements of this chapter, the standards or rules adopted under this chapter, or other applicable state or federal statutes or rules regulating birthing centers, the department may take one or more of the actions identified in this section, except as otherwise limited in this section.

(a) When the department determines the birthing center has 4 previously been subject to an enforcement action for the same or 5 similar type of violation of the same statute or rule, or has been 6 7 given any previous statement of deficiency that included the same or similar type of violation of the same or similar statute or rule, or 8 when the birthing center failed to correct noncompliance with a 9 statute or rule by a date established or agreed to by the department, 10 the department may impose reasonable conditions on a license. 11 12 Conditions may include correction within a specified amount of time, 13 training, or hiring a department-approved consultant if the birthing center cannot demonstrate to the department that it has access to 14 sufficient internal expertise. If the department determines that the 15 violations constitute immediate jeopardy, the conditions may be 16 17 imposed immediately in accordance with subsection (2) of this 18 section.

19 (b) In accordance with the authority the department has under RCW 20 43.70.095, the department may assess a civil fine of up to \$3,000 per violation on a birthing center licensed under this chapter when the 21 22 department determines the birthing center has previously been subject 23 to an enforcement action for the same or similar type of violation of 24 the same statute or rule, or has been given any previous statement of 25 deficiency that included the same or similar type of violation of the same or similar statute or rule, or when the birthing center failed 26 27 to correct noncompliance with a statute or rule by a date established 28 or agreed to by the department.

29 (i) Proceeds from these fines may only be used by the department 30 to offset costs associated with licensing and enforcement of birthing 31 centers.

32 <u>(ii) The department shall adopt in rules under this chapter</u> 33 <u>specific fine amounts in relation to the severity of the</u> 34 <u>noncompliance and at an adequate level to be a deterrent to future</u> 35 <u>noncompliance.</u>

36 <u>(iii) If a birthing center is aggrieved by the department's</u> 37 <u>action of assessing civil fines, the licensee has the right to appeal</u> 38 <u>under RCW 43.70.095.</u>

39 (c) The department may suspend a specific category or categories 40 of services or care or birthing rooms within the birthing center as

1 related to the violation by imposing a limited stop service. This may only be done if the department finds that noncompliance results in 2 3 immediate jeopardy. (i) Prior to imposing a limited stop service, the department 4 shall provide a birthing center written notification upon identifying 5 6 deficient practices or conditions that constitute an immediate 7 jeopardy. The birthing center shall have 24 hours from notification to develop and implement a department-approved plan to correct the 8 deficient practices or conditions that constitute an immediate 9 jeopardy. If the deficient practices or conditions that constitute 10 immediate jeopardy are not verified by the department as having been 11 corrected within the same 24-hour period, the department may issue 12 13 the limited stop service. 14 (ii) When the department imposes a limited stop service, the birthing center may not provide the services in the category or 15 16 categories subject to the limited stop service to any new or existing 17 patients, unless otherwise allowed by the department, until the limited stop service is terminated. 18 19 (iii) The department shall conduct a follow-up inspection within 20 five business days or within the time period requested by the birthing center if more than five business days is needed to verify 21 the violation necessitating the limited stop service has been 22 23 corrected. 24 (iv) The limited stop service shall be terminated when: 25 (A) The department verifies the violation necessitating the limited stop service has been corrected or the department determines 26 27 that the birthing center has taken intermediate action to address the immediate jeopardy; and 28 29 (B) The birthing center establishes the ability to maintain correction of the violation previously found deficient. 30 31 (d) The department may suspend new admissions to the birthing center by imposing a stop placement. This may only be done if the 32 33 department finds that noncompliance results in immediate jeopardy and is not confined to a specific category or categories of patients or a 34 specific area of the birthing center. 35 36 (i) Prior to imposing a stop placement, the department shall provide a birthing center written notification upon identifying 37 deficient practices or conditions that constitute an immediate 38 39 jeopardy. The birthing center shall have 24 hours from notification 40 to develop and implement a department-approved plan to correct the

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1 deficient practices or conditions that constitute an immediate jeopardy. If the deficient practices or conditions that constitute 2 3 immediate jeopardy are not verified by the department as having been corrected within the same 24-hour period, the department may issue 4 5 the stop placement. 6 (ii) When the department imposes a stop placement, the birthing 7 center may not admit any new patients until the stop placement is 8 terminated. 9 (iii) The department shall conduct a follow-up inspection within five business days or within the time period requested by the 10 birthing center if more than five business days is needed to verify 11 12 the violation necessitating the stop placement has been corrected. (iv) The stop placement shall be terminated when: 13 14 (A) The department verifies the violation necessitating the stop placement has been corrected or the department determines that the 15 birthing center has taken intermediate action to address the 16 17 immediate jeopardy; and (B) The birthing center establishes the ability to maintain 18 19 correction of the violation previously found deficient. 20 (e) The department may deny an application for a license or suspend, revoke, or refuse to renew a license. 21 22 (2) Except as otherwise provided, RCW 43.70.115 governs notice of 23 actions taken by the department under subsection (1) of this section and provides the right to an adjudicative proceeding. Adjudicative 24 25 proceedings and hearings under this section are governed by the administrative procedure act, chapter 34.05 RCW. The application for 26 27 an adjudicative proceeding must be in writing, state the basis for 28 contesting the adverse action, include a copy of the department's 29 notice, be served on and received by the department within 28 days of the birthing center's receipt of the adverse notice, and be served in 30 31 a manner that shows proof of receipt. 32 (3) When the department determines a licensee's noncompliance results in immediate jeopardy, the department may make the imposition 33 of conditions on a licensee, a limited stop service, stop placement, 34 or the suspension of a license effective immediately upon receipt of 35 36 the notice by the licensee, pending any adjudicative proceeding. (a) When the department makes the suspension of a license or 37 imposition of conditions on a license effective immediately, a 38 39 licensee is entitled to a show cause hearing before a presiding officer within 14 days of making the request. The licensee must 40

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1 request the show cause hearing within 28 days of receipt of the 2 notice of immediate suspension or immediate imposition of conditions. 3 At the show cause hearing the department has the burden of 4 demonstrating that more probably than not there is an immediate 5 jeopardy.

6 (b) At the show cause hearing, the presiding officer may consider 7 the notice and documents supporting the immediate suspension or immediate imposition of conditions and the licensee's response and 8 9 shall provide the parties with an opportunity to provide documentary evidence and written testimony, and to be represented by counsel. 10 Prior to the show cause hearing, the department shall provide the 11 licensee with all documentation that supports the department's 12 immediate suspension or imposition of conditions. 13

14 (c) If the presiding officer determines there is no immediate 15 jeopardy, the presiding officer may overturn the immediate suspension 16 or immediate imposition of conditions.

17 <u>(d) If the presiding officer determines there is immediate</u> 18 jeopardy, the immediate suspension or immediate imposition of 19 <u>conditions shall remain in effect pending a full hearing.</u>

20 <u>(e) If the presiding officer sustains the immediate suspension or</u> 21 <u>immediate imposition of conditions, the licensee may request an</u> 22 <u>expedited full hearing on the merits of the department's action. A</u> 23 <u>full hearing must be provided within 90 days of the licensee's</u> 24 <u>request.</u>

25 <u>(4) When the department determines an alleged violation, if true,</u> 26 would constitute an immediate jeopardy, and the licensee fails to 27 cooperate with the department's investigation of such an alleged 28 violation, the department may impose an immediate stop placement, 29 immediate limited stop service, immediate imposition of conditions, 30 or immediate suspension.

31 (a) When the department imposes an immediate stop placement, 32 immediate limited stop service, immediate imposition of conditions, or immediate suspension for failure to cooperate, a licensee is 33 entitled to a show cause hearing before a presiding officer within 14 34 days of making the request. The licensee must request the show cause 35 36 hearing within 28 days of receipt of the notice of an immediate stop placement, immediate limited stop service, immediate imposition of 37 conditions, or immediate suspension for failure to cooperate. At the 38 39 show cause hearing the department has the burden of demonstrating 40 that more probably than not the alleged violation, if true, would

1 <u>constitute an immediate jeopardy and the licensee failed to cooperate</u> 2 with the department's investigation.

(b) At the show cause hearing, the presiding officer may consider 3 the notice and documents supporting the immediate stop placement, 4 immediate limited stop service, immediate imposition of conditions, 5 6 or immediate suspension for failure to cooperate, and the licensee's 7 response and shall provide the parties with an opportunity to provide documentary evidence and written testimony, and to be represented by 8 counsel. Prior to the show cause hearing, the department shall 9 provide the licensee with all documentation that supports the 10 department's immediate action for failure to cooperate. 11

12 (c) If the presiding officer determines the alleged violation, if 13 true, does not constitute an immediate jeopardy or determines that 14 the licensee cooperated with the department's investigation, the 15 presiding officer may overturn the immediate action for failure to 16 cooperate.

17 <u>(d) If the presiding officer determines the allegation, if true,</u> 18 <u>would constitute an immediate jeopardy and the licensee failed to</u> 19 <u>cooperate with the department's investigation, the immediate action</u> 20 <u>for failure to cooperate shall remain in effect pending a full</u> 21 <u>hearing.</u>

(e) If the presiding officer sustains the immediate action for failure to cooperate, the licensee may request an expedited full hearing on the merits of the department's action. A full hearing must be provided within 90 days of the licensee's request.

26 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 3. A new section is added to chapter 18.46 27 RCW to read as follows:

(1) The department may give written notice to cease and desist to
 any person whom the department has reason to believe is engaged in
 the unlicensed operation of a birthing center.

31 (2)(a) Except as otherwise provided in this section, the 32 requirement to cease and desist unlicensed operation is effective 20 33 days after the person receives the notice.

34 (b) The department may make the date the action is effective 35 sooner than 20 days after receipt when necessary to protect the 36 public health, safety, or welfare. When the department does so, it 37 shall state the effective date and the reasons supporting the 38 effective date in the written notice to cease and desist.

1 (3) The person to whom the notice to cease and desist is issued may request an adjudicative proceeding to contest the notice. The 2 adjudicative proceeding is governed by the administrative procedure 3 act, chapter 34.05 RCW. The request for an adjudicative proceeding 4 must be in writing, state the basis for contesting the notice, 5 6 include a copy of the notice, and be served on and received by the 7 department within 20 days from the date the person receives the notice to cease and desist. 8

(4) (a) If the department gives a person 20 days' notice to cease 9 and desist and the person requests an adjudicative proceeding before 10 11 its effective date, the department shall not implement the notice until the final order has been entered. The presiding or reviewing 12 officer may permit the department to implement part or all of the 13 14 notice while the proceedings are pending if the respondent causes an unreasonable delay in the proceeding, if the circumstances change so 15 16 that implementation is in the public interest, or for other good 17 cause.

18 (b) If the department gives a licensee less than 20 days' notice to cease and desist and the respondent timely files a request for an 19 adjudicative proceeding, the department may implement the cease and 20 21 desist on the effective date stated in the notice. The presiding or reviewing officer may order the department to stay implementation of 22 part or all of the adverse action while the proceedings are pending 23 if staying implementation is in the public interest or for other good 24 25 cause.

(5) The department may assess a civil fine not exceeding \$5,000
 for each day a person operates a birthing center without a valid
 license.

(a) The department shall give written notice to the personagainst whom it assesses a civil fine.

31 (b) Except as otherwise provided in (c) and (d) of this 32 subsection, the civil fine is due and payable 20 days after receipt.

33 (c) The person against whom the department assesses a civil fine 34 has the right to request an adjudicative proceeding. The proceeding 35 is governed by the administrative procedure act, chapter 34.05 RCW. 36 The request must be in writing, state the basis for contesting the 37 fine, include a copy of the notice, be served on and received by the 38 department within 20 days of the person receiving the notice of civil 39 fine, and be served in a manner which shows proof of receipt.

1 (d) If the person files a timely and sufficient request for 2 adjudicative proceeding, the department shall not implement the fine 3 until the final order has been served.

(6) Neither the issuance of a cease and desist order nor payment 4 of a civil fine shall relieve the person so operating a birthing 5 6 center without a license from criminal prosecution, but the remedy of a cease and desist order or civil fine shall be in addition to any 7 criminal liability. A final notice to cease and desist is conclusive 8 proof of unlicensed operation and may be enforced under RCW 7.21.060. 9 This method of enforcement of the final notice to cease and desist or 10 civil fine may be used in addition to, or as an alternative to, any 11 12 provisions for enforcement of agency orders set out in chapter 34.05 13 RCW.

14 Sec. 4. RCW 18.46.130 and 2000 c 93 s 39 are each amended to 15 read as follows:

16 (1) Notwithstanding the existence or use of any other remedy, the 17 department may in the manner provided by law, upon the advice of the 18 attorney general who shall represent the department in all 19 proceedings, maintain an action in the name of the state for an 20 injunction or other process against any person to restrain or prevent 21 the <u>advertisement</u>, operation  $((\Theta r))$ , maintenance, <u>management</u>, or 22 <u>opening</u> of a birthing center not licensed under this chapter.

23 (2) The injunction shall not relieve the person operating a birth 24 center without a license from criminal prosecution, or the imposition of a civil fine under section 3 of this act, but the remedy by 25 injunction shall be in addition to any criminal liability or civil 26 27 fine. A person that violates an injunction issued under this chapter shall pay a civil penalty, as determined by the court, of not more 28 than \$25,000, which shall be deposited in the department's local fee 29 30 account. For the purpose of this section, the superior court issuing any injunction shall retain jurisdiction and the cause shall be 31 continued, and in such cases the attorney general acting in the name 32 of the state may petition for the recovery of civil penalties. All 33 fines, forfeitures, and penalties collected or assessed by a court 34 because of a violation of RCW 18.46.020 shall be deposited in the 35 36 department's local fee account.

37 Sec. 5. RCW 70.42.010 and 1989 c 386 s 2 are each amended to 38 read as follows:

Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in
 this section apply throughout this chapter.

3 (1) "Department" means the department of health ((if enacted, 4 otherwise the department of social and health services)).

5 (2) "Designated test site supervisor" means the available 6 individual who is responsible for the technical functions of the test 7 site and who meets the department's qualifications set out in rule by 8 the department.

9 (3) <u>"Immediate jeopardy" means a situation in which the medical</u> 10 <u>test site's noncompliance with one or more statutory or regulatory</u> 11 <u>requirements has placed the health and safety of patients in its care</u> 12 <u>at risk for serious injury, serious harm, serious impairment, or</u> 13 <u>death.</u>

14 <u>(4)</u> "Person" means any individual, or any public or private 15 organization, agent, agency, corporation, firm, association, 16 partnership, or business.

17 (((4))) (5) "Proficiency testing program" means an external 18 service approved by the department which provides samples to evaluate 19 the accuracy, reliability and performance of the tests at each test 20 site.

(((5))) (6) "Quality assurance" means a comprehensive set of policies, procedures, and practices to assure that a test site's results are accurate and reliable. Quality assurance means a total program of internal and external quality control, equipment preventative maintenance, calibration, recordkeeping, and proficiency testing evaluation, including a written quality assurance plan.

27 ((<del>(6)</del>)) <u>(7)</u> "Quality control" means internal written procedures 28 and day-to-day analysis of laboratory reference materials at each 29 test site to insure precision and accuracy of test methodology, 30 equipment, and results.

31 ((<del>(7)</del>)) <u>(8)</u> "Test" means any examination or procedure conducted 32 on a sample taken from the human body, including screening.

((<del>(8)</del>)) (9) "Test site" means any facility or site, public or 33 private, which analyzes materials derived from the human body for the 34 purposes of health care, treatment, or screening. A test site does 35 not mean a facility or site, including a residence, where a test 36 approved for home use by the federal food and drug administration is 37 used by an individual to test himself or herself without direct 38 39 supervision or guidance by another and where this test is not part of 40 a commercial transaction.

1 Sec. 6. RCW 70.42.130 and 1989 c 386 s 14 are each amended to 2 read as follows:

3 Under this chapter, and chapter 34.05 RCW, the department may 4 place conditions on a license which limit or cancel a test site's 5 authority to conduct any of the tests or groups of tests of any 6 licensee who:

7 (1) Fails or refuses to comply with the requirements of this 8 chapter ((<del>or</del>)), the rules <u>or standards</u> adopted under this chapter, <u>or</u> 9 <u>other applicable state or federal statutes or rules regulating</u> 10 <u>medical test sites;</u>

(2) Has knowingly or with reason to know made a false statement of a material fact in the application for a license or in any data attached thereto or in any record required by the department;

14 (3) Refuses to allow representatives of the department to examine15 any book, record, or file required by this chapter to be maintained;

16 (4) Willfully prevented, interfered with, or attempted to impede17 in any way the work of a representative of the department;

18 (5) Willfully prevented or interfered with preservation of 19 evidence of a known violation of this chapter or the rules adopted 20 under this chapter; or

21 (6) Misrepresented, or was fraudulent in, any aspect of the 22 licensee's business.

23 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 7. A new section is added to chapter 70.42 24 RCW to read as follows:

(1) The department may prohibit a specific category or categories of services within the medical test site as related to noncompliance with the requirements of this chapter or the standards or rules adopted under this chapter by imposing a limited stop service. This may only be done if the department finds that noncompliance results in immediate jeopardy.

(2) Prior to imposing a limited stop service, the department 31 shall provide the medical test site a written notification upon 32 identifying deficient practices or conditions that constitute an 33 immediate jeopardy. The medical test site shall have 24 hours from 34 35 notification to develop and implement a department-approved plan to correct the deficient practices or conditions that constitute an 36 immediate jeopardy. If the deficient practices or conditions that 37 38 constitute immediate jeopardy are not verified by the department as

1 having been corrected within the same 24-hour period, the department 2 may issue the limited stop service.

3 (3) When the department imposes a limited stop service, the 4 medical test site may not perform any new testing in the category or 5 categories subject to the limited stop service until the limited stop 6 service is terminated.

7 (4) The department shall conduct a follow-up inspection within 8 five business days or within the time period requested by the medical 9 test site if more than five business days is needed to verify the 10 violation necessitating the limited stop service has been corrected.

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(5) The limited stop service shall be terminated when:

12 (a) The department verifies the violation necessitating the 13 limited stop service has been corrected or the department determines 14 that the medical test site has taken intermediate action to address 15 the immediate jeopardy; and

16 (b) The medical test site establishes the ability to maintain 17 correction of the violation previously found deficient.

(6) Except as otherwise provided, RCW 43.70.115 governs notice of 18 actions taken by the department under subsection (1) of this section 19 and provides the right to an adjudicative proceeding. Adjudicative 20 21 proceedings and hearings under this section are governed by the administrative procedure act, chapter 34.05 RCW. The application for 22 an adjudicative proceeding must be in writing, state the basis for 23 contesting the adverse action, include a copy of the department's 24 25 notice, be served on and received by the department within 28 days of the medical test site's receipt of the adverse notice, and be served 26 in a manner that shows proof of receipt. 27

(7) When the department determines a licensee's noncompliance results in immediate jeopardy, the department may make the imposition of conditions on a licensee, a limited stop service, or the suspension of a license effective immediately upon receipt of the notice by the licensee, pending any adjudicative proceeding.

(a) When the department makes the suspension of a license or imposition of conditions on a license effective immediately, a licensee is entitled to a show cause hearing before a presiding officer within 14 days of making the request. The licensee must request the show cause hearing within 28 days of receipt of the notice of immediate suspension or immediate imposition of conditions. At the show cause hearing the department has the burden of 1 demonstrating that more probably than not there is an immediate 2 jeopardy.

(b) At the show cause hearing, the presiding officer may consider 3 the notice and documents supporting the immediate suspension or 4 immediate imposition of conditions and the licensee's response and 5 6 shall provide the parties with an opportunity to provide documentary evidence and written testimony, and to be represented by counsel. 7 Prior to the show cause hearing, the department shall provide the 8 licensee with all documentation that supports the department's 9 10 immediate suspension or imposition of conditions.

11 (c) If the presiding officer determines there is no immediate 12 jeopardy, the presiding officer may overturn the immediate suspension 13 or immediate imposition of conditions.

(d) If the presiding officer determines there is immediate
 jeopardy, the immediate suspension or immediate imposition of
 conditions shall remain in effect pending a full hearing.

(e) If the presiding officer sustains the immediate suspension or immediate imposition of conditions, the licensee may request an expedited full hearing on the merits of the department's action. A full hearing must be provided within 90 days of the licensee's request.

(8) When the department determines an alleged violation, if true, would constitute an immediate jeopardy, and the licensee fails to cooperate with the department's investigation of such an alleged violation, the department may impose an immediate limited stop service, immediate suspension, or immediate imposition of conditions.

27 (a) When the department imposes an immediate limited stop 28 service, immediate suspension, or immediate imposition of conditions for failure to cooperate, a licensee is entitled to a show cause 29 hearing before a presiding officer within 14 days of making the 30 31 request. The licensee must request the show cause hearing within 28 32 days of receipt of the notice of an immediate limited stop service, immediate suspension, or immediate imposition of conditions for 33 failure to cooperate. At the show cause hearing the department has 34 the burden of demonstrating that more probably than not the alleged 35 violation, if true, would constitute an immediate jeopardy and the 36 licensee failed to cooperate with the department's investigation. 37

38 (b) At the show cause hearing, the presiding officer may consider 39 the notice and documents supporting the immediate limited stop 40 service, immediate suspension, or immediate imposition of conditions

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1 for failure to cooperate, and the licensee's response and shall 2 provide the parties with an opportunity to provide documentary 3 evidence and written testimony, and to be represented by counsel. 4 Prior to the show cause hearing, the department shall provide the 5 licensee with all documentation that supports the department's 6 immediate action for failure to cooperate.

7 (c) If the presiding officer determines the alleged violation, if 8 true, does not constitute an immediate jeopardy or determines that 9 the licensee cooperated with the department's investigation, the 10 presiding officer may overturn the immediate action for failure to 11 cooperate.

12 (d) If the presiding officer determines the allegation, if true, 13 would constitute an immediate jeopardy and the licensee failed to 14 cooperate with the department's investigation, the immediate action 15 for failure to cooperate shall remain in effect pending a full 16 hearing.

(e) If the presiding officer sustains the immediate action for failure to cooperate, the licensee may request an expedited full hearing on the merits of the department's action. A full hearing must be provided within 90 days of the licensee's request.

21 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 8. A new section is added to chapter 70.42 22 RCW to read as follows:

(1) The department may give written notice to cease and desist to any person whom the department has reason to believe is engaged in the unlicensed operation of a medical test site.

(2) (a) Except as otherwise provided in this section, the
 requirement to cease and desist unlicensed operation is effective 20
 days after the person receives the notice.

(b) The department may make the date the action is effective sooner than 20 days after receipt when necessary to protect the public health, safety, or welfare. When the department does so, it shall state the effective date and the reasons supporting the effective date in the written notice to cease and desist.

(3) The person to whom the notice to cease and desist is issued may request an adjudicative proceeding to contest the notice. The adjudicative proceeding is governed by the administrative procedure act, chapter 34.05 RCW. The request for an adjudicative proceeding must be in writing, state the basis for contesting the notice, include a copy of the notice, and be served on and received by the

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1 department within 20 days from the date the person receives the 2 notice to cease and desist.

(4) (a) If the department gives a person 20 days' notice to cease 3 and desist and the person requests an adjudicative proceeding before 4 its effective date, the department shall not implement the notice 5 6 until the final order has been entered. The presiding or reviewing officer may permit the department to implement part or all of the 7 notice while the proceedings are pending if the respondent causes an 8 unreasonable delay in the proceeding, if the circumstances change so 9 that implementation is in the public interest, or for other good 10 11 cause.

12 (b) If the department gives a licensee less than 20 days' notice to cease and desist and the respondent timely files a request for an 13 adjudicative proceeding, the department may implement the cease and 14 desist on the effective date stated in the notice. The presiding or 15 16 reviewing officer may order the department to stay implementation of 17 part or all of the adverse action while the proceedings are pending if staying implementation is in the public interest or for other good 18 cause. 19

(5) The department may assess a civil fine not exceeding \$5,000
for each day a person operates a medical test site without a valid
license.

(a) The department shall give written notice to the personagainst whom it assesses a civil fine.

25 (b) Except as otherwise provided in (c) and (d) of this 26 subsection, the civil fine is due and payable 20 days after receipt.

(c) The person against whom the department assesses a civil fine has the right to request an adjudicative proceeding. The proceeding is governed by the administrative procedure act, chapter 34.05 RCW. The request must be in writing, state the basis for contesting the fine, include a copy of the notice, be served on and received by the department within 20 days of the person receiving the notice of civil fine, and be served in a manner which shows proof of receipt.

34 (d) If the person files a timely and sufficient request for 35 adjudicative proceeding, the department shall not implement the fine 36 until the final order has been served.

37 (6) Neither the issuance of a cease and desist order nor payment 38 of a civil fine shall relieve the person so operating a medical test 39 site without a license from criminal prosecution, but the remedy of a 40 cease and desist order or civil fine shall be in addition to any

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criminal liability. A final notice to cease and desist is conclusive proof of unlicensed operation and may be enforced under RCW 7.21.060. This method of enforcement of the final notice to cease and desist or civil fine may be used in addition to, or as an alternative to, any provisions for enforcement of agency orders set out in chapter 34.05 RCW.

7 Sec. 9. RCW 70.42.180 and 1989 c 386 s 19 are each amended to 8 read as follows:

9 (1) Notwithstanding the existence or use of any other remedy, the 10 department may, in the manner provided by law and upon the advice of 11 the attorney general, who shall represent the department in the proceedings, maintain an action in the name of the state for an 12 injunction or other process against any person to restrain or prevent 13 the advertising, operating, maintaining, managing, or opening of a 14 15 test site without a license under this chapter. It is a misdemeanor 16 to own, operate, or maintain a test site without a license.

17 (2) The injunction shall not relieve the person operating a 18 medical test site without a license from criminal prosecution, or the imposition of a civil fine under section 8 of this act, but the 19 20 remedy by injunction shall be in addition to any criminal liability 21 or civil fine. A person that violates an injunction issued under this 22 chapter shall pay a civil penalty, as determined by the court, of not more than \$25,000, which shall be deposited in the department's local 23 24 fee account. For the purpose of this section, the superior court issuing any injunction shall retain jurisdiction and the cause shall 25 26 be continued, and in such cases the attorney general acting in the 27 name of the state may petition for the recovery of civil penalties. 28 All fines, forfeitures, and penalties collected or assessed by a 29 court because of a violation of RCW 70.42.020 shall be deposited in 30 the department's local fee account.

31 Sec. 10. RCW 70.127.010 and 2011 c 89 s 13 are each amended to 32 read as follows:

33 Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in 34 this section apply throughout this chapter.

35 (1) "Administrator" means an individual responsible for managing 36 the operation of an agency.

37 (2) "Department" means the department of health.

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1 (3) "Director of clinical services" means an individual 2 responsible for nursing, therapy, nutritional, social, and related 3 services that support the plan of care provided by in-home health and 4 hospice agencies.

5 (4) "Family" means individuals who are important to, and 6 designated by, the patient or client and who need not be relatives.

7 (5) "Home care agency" means a person administering or providing 8 home care services directly or through a contract arrangement to 9 individuals in places of temporary or permanent residence. A home 10 care agency that provides delegated tasks of nursing under RCW 11 18.79.260(3)(e) is not considered a home health agency for the 12 purposes of this chapter.

(6) "Home care services" means nonmedical services and assistance 13 provided to ill, disabled, or vulnerable individuals that enable them 14 to remain in their residences. Home care services include, but are 15 16 not limited to: Personal care such as assistance with dressing, 17 feeding, and personal hygiene to facilitate self-care; homemaker 18 assistance with household tasks, such as housekeeping, shopping, meal planning and preparation, and transportation; respite care assistance 19 and support provided to the family; or other nonmedical services or 20 21 delegated tasks of nursing under RCW 18.79.260(3)(e).

(7) "Home health agency" means a person administering or providing two or more home health services directly or through a contract arrangement to individuals in places of temporary or permanent residence. A person administering or providing nursing services only may elect to be designated a home health agency for purposes of licensure.

(8) "Home health services" means services provided to ill, disabled, or vulnerable individuals. These services include but are not limited to nursing services, home health aide services, physical therapy services, occupational therapy services, speech therapy services, respiratory therapy services, nutritional services, medical social services, and home medical supplies or equipment services.

(9) "Home health aide services" means services provided by a home health agency or a hospice agency under the supervision of a registered nurse, physical therapist, occupational therapist, or speech therapist who is employed by or under contract to a home health or hospice agency. Such care includes ambulation and exercise, assistance with self-administered medications, reporting changes in

1 patients' conditions and needs, completing appropriate records, and 2 personal care or homemaker services.

3 (10) "Home medical supplies" or "equipment services" means 4 diagnostic, treatment, and monitoring equipment and supplies provided 5 for the direct care of individuals within a plan of care.

6 (11) "Hospice agency" means a person administering or providing 7 hospice services directly or through a contract arrangement to 8 individuals in places of temporary or permanent residence under the 9 direction of an interdisciplinary team composed of at least a nurse, 10 social worker, physician, spiritual counselor, and a volunteer.

11 (12) "Hospice care center" means a homelike, noninstitutional 12 facility where hospice services are provided, and that meets the 13 requirements for operation under RCW 70.127.280.

14 (13) "Hospice services" means symptom and pain management 15 provided to a terminally ill individual, and emotional, spiritual, 16 and bereavement support for the individual and family in a place of 17 temporary or permanent residence, and may include the provision of 18 home health and home care services for the terminally ill individual.

19 (14) <u>"Immediate jeopardy" means a situation in which the in-home</u> 20 <u>services agency's noncompliance with one or more statutory or</u> 21 <u>regulatory requirements has placed the health and safety of patients</u> 22 <u>in its care at risk for serious injury, serious harm, serious</u> 23 <u>impairment, or death.</u>

24 <u>(15)</u> "In-home services agency" means a person licensed to 25 administer or provide home health, home care, hospice services, or 26 hospice care center services directly or through a contract 27 arrangement to individuals in a place of temporary or permanent 28 residence.

29 (((15))) (16) "Person" means any individual, business, firm, 30 partnership, corporation, company, association, joint stock 31 association, public or private agency or organization, or the legal 32 successor thereof that employs or contracts with two or more 33 individuals.

34 ((<del>(16)</del>)) <u>(17)</u> "Plan of care" means a written document based on 35 assessment of individual needs that identifies services to meet these 36 needs.

37 ((<del>(17)</del>)) <u>(18)</u> "Quality improvement" means reviewing and 38 evaluating appropriateness and effectiveness of services provided 39 under this chapter.

1 (((18))) (19) "Service area" means the geographic area in which 2 the department has given prior approval to a licensee to provide home 3 health, hospice, or home care services.

4 (((19))) (20) "Social worker" means a person with a degree from a
5 social work educational program accredited and approved as provided
6 in RCW 18.320.010 or who meets qualifications provided in 42 C.F.R.
7 Sec. 418.114 as it existed on January 1, 2012.

8 ((<del>(20)</del>)) <u>(21)</u> "Survey" means an inspection conducted by the 9 department to evaluate and monitor an agency's compliance with this 10 chapter.

11 Sec. 11. RCW 70.127.170 and 2003 c 140 s 10 are each amended to 12 read as follows:

13 ((<del>Pursuant to chapter 34.05 RCW and RCW 70.127.180(3), the</del> department may deny, restrict, condition, modify, suspend, or revoke 14 15 a license under this chapter or, in lieu thereof or in addition 16 thereto, assess monetary penalties of a civil nature not to exceed one thousand dollars per violation, or require a refund of any 17 18 amounts billed to, and collected from, the consumer or third-party payor in any case in which it finds that the licensee, or any 19 20 applicant, officer, director, partner, managing employee, or owner of ten percent or more of the applicant's or licensee's assets)) The 21 22 department is authorized to take any of the actions identified in section 12 of this act against an in-home services agency's license 23 24 in any case in which it finds that the licensee:

(1) Failed or refused to comply with the requirements of this chapter ((or the)), standards or rules adopted under this chapter, or other applicable state or federal statutes or rules regulating the facility or agency;

(2) Was the holder of a license issued pursuant to this chapter
that was revoked for cause and never reissued by the department, or
that was suspended for cause and the terms of the suspension have not
been fulfilled and the licensee has continued to operate;

(3) Has knowingly or with reason to know made a misrepresentation of, false statement of, or failed to disclose, a material fact to the department in an application for the license or any data attached thereto or in any record required by this chapter or matter under investigation by the department, or during a survey, or concerning information requested by the department;

(4) Refused to allow representatives of the department to inspect
 any book, record, or file required by this chapter to be maintained
 or any portion of the licensee's premises;

(5) Willfully prevented, interfered with, or attempted to impede 4 in any way the work of any representative of the department and the 5 6 lawful enforcement of any provision of this chapter. This includes but is not limited to: Willful misrepresentation of facts during a 7 survey, investigation, or administrative proceeding or any other 8 legal action; or use of threats or harassment against any patient, 9 client, or witness, or use of financial inducements to any patient, 10 11 client, or witness to prevent or attempt to prevent him or her from 12 providing evidence during a survey or investigation, in an administrative proceeding, or any other legal action involving the 13 14 department;

15 (6) Willfully prevented or interfered with any representative of 16 the department in the preservation of evidence of any violation of 17 this chapter or the rules adopted under this chapter;

18 (7) Failed to pay any civil monetary penalty assessed by the 19 department pursuant to this chapter within ((ten)) <u>10</u> days after the 20 assessment becomes final;

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(8) Used advertising that is false, fraudulent, or misleading;

(9) Has repeated incidents of personnel performing servicesbeyond their authorized scope of practice;

24 (10) Misrepresented or was fraudulent in any aspect of the 25 conduct of the licensee's business;

(11) Within the last five years, has been found in a civil or
criminal proceeding to have committed any act that reasonably relates
to the person's fitness to establish, maintain, or administer an
agency or to provide care in the home of another;

(12) Was the holder of a license to provide care or treatment to 30 31 ill <u>individuals</u>, ((<del>disabled, or</del>)) vulnerable individuals, or</del> 32 individuals with disabilities that was denied, restricted, not renewed, surrendered, suspended, or revoked by a competent authority 33 in any state, federal, or foreign jurisdiction. A certified copy of 34 the order, stipulation, or agreement is conclusive evidence of the 35 36 denial, restriction, nonrenewal, surrender, suspension, or revocation; 37

38 (13) ((Violated any state or federal statute, or administrative 39 rule regulating the operation of the agency; 1 (14)) Failed to comply with an order issued by the secretary or 2 designee;

3 ((((15))) (14) Aided or abetted the unlicensed operation of an in-4 home services agency;

5 ((<del>(16)</del>)) <u>(15)</u> Operated beyond the scope of the in-home services 6 agency license;

7 ((<del>(17)</del>)) <u>(16)</u> Failed to adequately supervise staff to the extent 8 that the health or safety of a patient or client was at risk;

9 ((<del>(18)</del>)) <u>(17)</u> Compromised the health or safety of a patient or 10 client, including, but not limited to, the individual performing 11 services beyond their authorized scope of practice;

12 ((<del>(19)</del>)) <u>(18)</u> Continued to operate after license revocation, 13 suspension, or expiration, or operating outside the parameters of a 14 modified, conditioned, or restricted license;

15 ((<del>(20)</del>)) <u>(19)</u> Failed or refused to comply with chapter 70.02 RCW;

16 ((<del>(21)</del>)) <u>(20)</u> Abused, neglected, abandoned, or financially 17 exploited a patient or client as these terms are defined in RCW 18 74.34.020;

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((<del>(22)</del>)) <u>(21)</u> Misappropriated the property of an individual;

20 (((23))) (22) Is unqualified or unable to operate or direct the 21 operation of the agency according to this chapter and the rules 22 adopted under this chapter;

23 ((<del>(24)</del>)) <u>(23)</u> Obtained or attempted to obtain a license by 24 fraudulent means or misrepresentation; or

25 (((-25))) (24) Failed to report abuse or neglect of a patient or 26 client in violation of chapter 74.34 RCW.

27 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 12. A new section is added to chapter 70.127 28 RCW to read as follows:

(1) When the department determines the in-home services agency 29 30 has previously been subject to an enforcement action for the same or 31 similar type of violation of the same statute or rule, or has been given any previous statement of deficiency that included the same or 32 similar type of violation of the same or similar statute or rule, or 33 when the in-home services agency failed to correct noncompliance with 34 a statute or rule by a date established or agreed to by the 35 department, the department may impose reasonable conditions on a 36 license. Conditions may include correction within a specified amount 37 38 of time, training, or hiring a department-approved consultant if the in-home services agency cannot demonstrate to the department that it 39

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has access to sufficient internal expertise. If the department determines that the violations constitute immediate jeopardy, the conditions may be imposed immediately in accordance with subsection (5) of this section.

(2) (a) In accordance with the authority the department has under 5 6 RCW 43.70.095, the department may assess a civil fine of up to \$3,000 7 per violation on an in-home services agency licensed under this chapter when the department determines the in-home services agency 8 has previously been subject to an enforcement action for the same or 9 similar type of violation of the same statute or rule, or has been 10 11 given any previous statement of deficiency that included the same or 12 similar type of violation of the same or similar statute or rule, or when the in-home services agency failed to correct noncompliance with 13 14 a statute or rule by a date established or agreed to by the 15 department.

(b) Proceeds from these fines may only be used by the department to offset costs associated with licensing and enforcement of in-home services agencies.

19 (c) The department shall adopt in rules under this chapter 20 specific fine amounts in relation to the severity of the 21 noncompliance and at an adequate level to be a deterrent to future 22 noncompliance.

(d) If a licensee is aggrieved by the department's action of assessing civil fines, the licensee has the right to appeal under RCW 43.70.095.

(3) The department may suspend a specific category or categories of services or care that the in-home services agency provides as related to the violation by imposing a limited stop service. This may only be done if the department finds that noncompliance results in immediate jeopardy.

31 (a) Prior to imposing a limited stop service, the department shall provide an in-home services agency written notification upon 32 33 identifying deficient practices or conditions that constitute an immediate jeopardy. The in-home services agency shall have 24 hours 34 from notification to develop and implement a department-approved plan 35 to correct the deficient practices or conditions that constitute an 36 immediate jeopardy. If the deficient practices or conditions that 37 constitute immediate jeopardy are not verified by the department as 38 39 having been corrected within the same 24-hour period, the department 40 may issue the limited stop service.

1 (b) When the department imposes a limited stop service, the in-2 home services agency may not provide the services in the category or 3 categories subject to the limited stop service to any new or existing 4 individuals until the limited stop service is terminated.

5 (c) The department shall conduct a follow-up inspection within 6 five business days or within the time period requested by the in-home 7 services agency if more than five business days is needed to verify 8 the violation necessitating the limited stop service has been 9 corrected.

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(d) The limited stop service shall be terminated when:

11 (i) The department verifies the violation necessitating the 12 limited stop service has been corrected or the department determines 13 that the in-home services agency has taken intermediate action to 14 address the immediate jeopardy; and

15 (ii) The in-home services agency establishes the ability to 16 maintain correction of the violation previously found deficient.

(4) The department may suspend new admissions to an in-home services agency that qualifies as a hospice care center by imposing a stop placement. This may only be done if the department finds that noncompliance results in immediate jeopardy and is not confined to a specific category or categories of services or care that the hospice care center provides.

(a) Prior to imposing a stop placement, the department shall 23 provide an in-home services agency that qualifies as a hospice care 24 center written notification upon identifying deficient practices or 25 26 conditions that constitute an immediate jeopardy. The hospice care center shall have 24 hours from notification to develop and implement 27 a department-approved plan to correct the deficient practices or 28 29 conditions that constitute an immediate jeopardy. If the deficient practices or conditions that constitute immediate jeopardy are not 30 31 verified by the department as having been corrected within the same 32 24-hour period, the department may issue the stop placement.

33 (b) When the department imposes a stop placement, the hospice 34 care center may not admit any new patients until the stop placement 35 is terminated.

36 (c) The department shall conduct a follow-up inspection within 37 five business days or within the time period requested by the hospice 38 care center if more than five business days is needed to verify the 39 violation necessitating the stop placement has been corrected.

(d) The stop placement shall be terminated when:

1 (i) The department verifies the violation necessitating the stop 2 placement has been corrected or the department determines that the 3 hospice care center has taken intermediate action to address the 4 immediate jeopardy; and

5 (ii) The hospice care center establishes the ability to maintain 6 correction of the violation previously found deficient.

7 (5) The department may deny an application for a license or8 suspend, revoke, or refuse to renew a license.

9 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 13. A new section is added to chapter 70.127 10 RCW to read as follows:

(1) Except as otherwise provided, RCW 43.70.115 governs notice of 11 the imposition of conditions on a license, a limited stop service, 12 stop placement, or the suspension, revocation, or refusal to renew a 13 license and provides the right to an adjudicative proceeding. 14 15 Adjudicative proceedings and hearings under this section are governed 16 administrative procedure act, chapter 34.05 RCW. by the The application for an adjudicative proceeding must be in writing, state 17 the basis for contesting the adverse action, include a copy of the 18 department's notice, be served on and received by the department 19 within 28 days of the licensee's receipt of the adverse notice, and 20 21 be served in a manner that shows proof of receipt.

(2) When the department determines a licensee's noncompliance results in immediate jeopardy, the department may make the imposition of conditions on a licensee, a limited stop service, stop placement, or the suspension of a license effective immediately upon receipt of the notice by the licensee, pending any adjudicative proceeding.

27 (a) When the department makes the suspension of a license or 28 imposition of conditions on a license effective immediately, a licensee is entitled to a show cause hearing before a presiding 29 30 officer within 14 days of making the request. The licensee must 31 request the show cause hearing within 28 days of receipt of the notice of immediate suspension or immediate imposition of conditions. 32 At the show cause hearing the department has the burden of 33 demonstrating that more probably than not there is immediate 34 35 jeopardy.

36 (b) At the show cause hearing, the presiding officer may consider 37 the notice and documents supporting the immediate suspension or 38 immediate imposition of conditions and the licensee's response and 39 shall provide the parties with an opportunity to provide documentary

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evidence and written testimony, and to be represented by counsel.
Prior to the show cause hearing, the department shall provide the
licensee with all documentation that supports the department's
immediate suspension or imposition of conditions.

5 (c) If the presiding officer determines there is no immediate 6 jeopardy, the presiding officer may overturn the immediate suspension 7 or immediate imposition of conditions.

8 (d) If the presiding officer determines there is immediate 9 jeopardy, the immediate suspension or immediate imposition of 10 conditions shall remain in effect pending a full hearing.

11 (e) If the presiding officer sustains the immediate suspension or 12 immediate imposition of conditions, the licensee may request an 13 expedited full hearing on the merits of the department's action. A 14 full hearing must be provided within 90 days of the licensee's 15 request.

16 (3) When the department determines an alleged violation, if true, 17 would constitute an immediate jeopardy, and the licensee fails to 18 cooperate with the department's investigation of such an alleged 19 violation, the department may impose an immediate stop placement, 20 immediate limited stop service, immediate imposition of conditions, 21 or immediate suspension.

22 (a) When the department imposes an immediate stop placement, 23 immediate limited stop service, immediate imposition of conditions, or immediate suspension for failure to cooperate, a licensee is 24 25 entitled to a show cause hearing before a presiding officer within 14 days of making the request. The licensee must request the show cause 26 hearing within 28 days of receipt of the notice of an immediate stop 27 placement, immediate limited stop service, immediate imposition of 28 conditions, or immediate suspension for failure to cooperate. At the 29 show cause hearing the department has the burden of demonstrating 30 31 that more probably than not the alleged violation, if true, would 32 constitute an immediate jeopardy and the licensee failed to cooperate 33 with the department's investigation.

(b) At the show cause hearing, the presiding officer may consider the notice and documents supporting the immediate stop placement, immediate limited stop service, immediate imposition of conditions, or immediate suspension for failure to cooperate, and the licensee's response and shall provide the parties with an opportunity to provide documentary evidence and written testimony, and to be represented by counsel. Prior to the show cause hearing, the department shall

provide the licensee with all documentation that supports the
 department's immediate action for failure to cooperate.

3 (c) If the presiding officer determines the alleged violation, if 4 true, does not constitute an immediate jeopardy or determines that 5 the licensee cooperated with the department's investigation, the 6 presiding officer may overturn the immediate action for failure to 7 cooperate.

8 (d) If the presiding officer determines the allegation, if true, 9 would constitute an immediate jeopardy and the licensee failed to 10 cooperate with the department's investigation, the immediate action 11 for failure to cooperate shall remain in effect pending a full 12 hearing.

(e) If the presiding officer sustains the immediate action for failure to cooperate, the licensee may request an expedited full hearing on the merits of the department's action. A full hearing must be provided within 90 days of the licensee's request.

17 Sec. 14. RCW 70.127.213 and 2000 c 175 s 19 are each amended to 18 read as follows:

(1) The department may ((issue a notice of intention to issue a)) 19 20 give written notice to cease and desist ((order)) to any person whom the department has reason to believe is engaged in the unlicensed 21 22 operation of an in-home services agency. ((The person to whom the notice of intent is issued may request an adjudicative proceeding to 23 24 contest the charges. The request for hearing must be filed within twenty days after service of the notice of intent to issue a cease 25 and desist order. The failure to request a hearing constitutes a 26 default, whereupon the department may enter a permanent cease and 27 desist order, which may include a civil fine. All proceedings shall 28 29 be conducted in accordance with chapter 34.05 RCW.

30 (2) If the department makes a final determination that a person 31 has engaged or is engaging in unlicensed operation of an in-home 32 services agency, the department may issue a cease and desist order. In addition, the department may impose a civil fine in an amount not 33 exceeding one thousand dollars for each day upon which the person 34 engaged in unlicensed operation of an in-home services agency. The 35 proceeds of such fines shall be deposited in the department's local 36 37 fee account.

38 (3) If the department makes a written finding of fact that the 39 public interest will be irreparably harmed by delay in issuing an order, the department may issue a temporary cease and desist order.
The person receiving a temporary cease and desist order shall be
provided an opportunity for a prompt hearing. The temporary cease and
desist order shall remain in effect until further order of the
department. The failure to request a prompt or regularly scheduled
hearing constitutes a default, whereupon the department may enter a
permanent cease and desist order, which may include a civil fine.

(4) Neither the issuance of a cease and desist order nor payment 8 9 of a civil fine shall relieve the person so operating an in-home 10 services agency without a license from criminal prosecution, but the 11 remedy of a cease and desist order or civil fine shall be in addition to any criminal liability. The cease and desist order is conclusive 12 proof of unlicensed operation and may be enforced under RCW 7.21.060. 13 This method of enforcement of the cease and desist order or civil 14 fine may be used in addition to, or as an alternative to, any 15 16 provisions for enforcement of agency orders set out in chapter 34.05 17 RCW.))

18 (2) (a) Except as otherwise provided in this section, the 19 requirement to cease and desist unlicensed operation is effective 20 20 days after the person receives the notice.

21 (b) The department may make the date the action is effective 22 sooner than 20 days after receipt when necessary to protect the 23 public health, safety, or welfare. When the department does so, it 24 shall state the effective date and the reasons supporting the 25 effective date in the written notice to cease and desist.

26 (3) The person to whom the notice to cease and desist is issued 27 may request an adjudicative proceeding to contest the notice. The 28 adjudicative proceeding is governed by the administrative procedure act, chapter 34.05 RCW. The request for an adjudicative proceeding 29 30 must be in writing, state the basis for contesting the notice, include a copy of the notice, and be served on and received by the 31 32 department within 20 days from the date the person receives the 33 notice to cease and desist.

34 <u>(4) (a) If the department gives a person 20 days' notice to cease</u> 35 and desist and the person requests an adjudicative proceeding before 36 its effective date, the department shall not implement the notice 37 until the final order has been entered. The presiding or reviewing 38 officer may permit the department to implement part or all of the 39 notice while the proceedings are pending if the respondent causes an 40 unreasonable delay in the proceeding, if the circumstances change so

1 that implementation is in the public interest, or for other good 2 cause. 3 (b) If the department gives a licensee less than 20 days' notice to cease and desist and the respondent timely files a request for an 4 adjudicative proceeding, the department may implement the cease and 5 desist on the effective date stated in the notice. The presiding or 6 7 reviewing officer may order the department to stay implementation of part or all of the adverse action while the proceedings are pending 8 9 if staying implementation is in the public interest or for other good 10 cause. 11 (5) The department may assess a civil fine not exceeding \$5,000 for each day a person operates an in-home services agency without a 12 13 valid license. 14 (a) The department shall give written notice to the person 15 against whom it assesses a civil fine. 16 (b) Except as otherwise provided in (c) and (d) of this 17 subsection, the civil fine is due and payable 20 days after receipt. 18 (c) The person against whom the department assesses a civil fine has the right to request an adjudicative proceeding. The proceeding 19 20 is governed by the administrative procedure act, chapter 34.05 RCW. 21 The request must be in writing, state the basis for contesting the fine, include a copy of the notice, be served on and received by the 22 department within 20 days of the person receiving the notice of civil 23 24 fine, and be served in a manner which shows proof of receipt. 25 (d) If the person files a timely and sufficient request for adjudicative proceeding, the department shall not implement the fine 26 27 until the final order has been served. (6) Neither the issuance of a cease and desist order nor payment 28 29 of a civil fine shall relieve the person so operating an in-home services agency without a license from criminal prosecution, but the 30 31 remedy of a cease and desist order or civil fine shall be in addition 32 to any criminal liability. A final notice to cease and desist is conclusive proof of unlicensed operation and may be enforced under 33 34 RCW 7.21.060. This method of enforcement of the final notice to cease and desist or civil fine may be used in addition to, or as an 35 36 alternative to, any provisions for enforcement of agency orders set 37 out in chapter 34.05 RCW.

38 Sec. 15. RCW 70.230.010 and 2011 c 76 s 1 are each amended to 39 read as follows: 1 The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter 2 unless the context clearly requires otherwise.

(1) "Ambulatory surgical facility" means any distinct entity that 3 operates for the primary purpose of providing 4 specialty or multispecialty outpatient surgical services in which patients are 5 6 admitted to and discharged from the facility within ((twenty-four)) 7 24 hours and do not require inpatient hospitalization, whether or not the facility is certified under Title XVIII of the federal social 8 security act. An ambulatory surgical facility includes one or more 9 surgical suites that are adjacent to and within the same building as, 10 11 but not in, the office of a practitioner in an individual or group practice, if the primary purpose of the one or more surgical suites 12 is to provide specialty or multispecialty outpatient surgical 13 14 services, irrespective of the type of anesthesia administered in the one or more surgical suites. An ambulatory surgical facility that is 15 16 adjacent to and within the same building as the office of a practitioner in an individual or group practice may include a 17 surgical suite that shares a reception area, restroom, waiting room, 18 or wall with the office of the practitioner in an individual or group 19 20 practice.

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(2) "Department" means the department of health.

(3) "General anesthesia" means a state of unconsciousness intentionally produced by anesthetic agents, with absence of pain sensation over the entire body, in which the patient is without protective reflexes and is unable to maintain an airway.

(4) <u>"Immediate jeopardy" means a situation in which the</u>
ambulatory surgical facility's noncompliance with one or more
statutory or regulatory requirements has placed the health and safety
of patients in its care at risk for serious injury, serious harm,
serious impairment, or death.

31 <u>(5)</u> "Person" means an individual, firm, partnership, corporation, 32 company, association, joint stock association, and the legal 33 successor thereof.

34 ((<del>(5)</del>)) <u>(6)</u> "Practitioner" means any physician or surgeon 35 licensed under chapter 18.71 RCW, an osteopathic physician or surgeon 36 licensed under chapter 18.57 RCW, or a podiatric physician or surgeon 37 licensed under chapter 18.22 RCW.

((-(-+))) (7) "Secretary" means the secretary of health.

39 ((<del>(7)</del>)) <u>(8)</u> "Surgical services" means invasive medical procedures
40 that:

(a) Utilize a knife, laser, cautery, cryogenics, or chemicals;
 and

3 (b) Remove, correct, or facilitate the diagnosis or cure of a 4 disease, process, or injury through that branch of medicine that 5 treats diseases, injuries, and deformities by manual or operative 6 methods by a practitioner.

7 Sec. 16. RCW 70.230.070 and 2007 c 273 s 8 are each amended to 8 read as follows:

9 (1) ((The secretary may deny, suspend, or revoke the license of 10 any ambulatory surgical facility in any case in which he or she finds 11 the applicant or registered entity knowingly made a false statement 12 of material fact in the application for the license or any supporting 13 data in any record required by this chapter or matter under 14 investigation by the department.

15 (2) The secretary shall investigate complaints concerning operation of an ambulatory surgical facility without a license. The 16 secretary may issue a notice of intention to issue a cease and desist 17 order to any person whom the secretary has reason to believe is 18 engaged in the unlicensed operation of an ambulatory surgical 19 20 facility. If the secretary makes a written finding of fact that the public interest will be irreparably harmed by delay in issuing an 21 order, the secretary may issue a temporary cease and desist order. 22 The person receiving a temporary cease and desist order shall be 23 24 provided an opportunity for a prompt hearing. The temporary cease and desist order shall remain in effect until further order of the 25 secretary. Any person operating an ambulatory surgical facility under 26 this chapter without a license is guilty of a misdemeanor, and each 27 day of operation of an unlicensed ambulatory surgical facility 28 29 constitutes a separate offense.

30 (3) The secretary is authorized to deny, suspend, revoke, or 31 modify a license or provisional license in any case in which it finds 32 that there has been a failure or refusal to comply with the 33 requirements of this chapter or the standards or rules adopted under 34 this chapter. RCW 43.70.115 governs notice of a license denial, 35 revocation, suspension, or modification and provides the right to an 36 adjudicative proceeding.

37 (4) Pursuant to chapter 34.05 RCW, the secretary may assess 38 monetary penalties of a civil nature not to exceed one thousand 39 dollars per violation.)) The department is authorized to take any of

the actions identified in this section against an ambulatory surgical facility's license or provisional license in any case in which it finds that there has been a failure or refusal to comply with the requirements of this chapter or the standards or rules adopted under this chapter.

6 (a) When the department determines the ambulatory surgical 7 facility has previously been subject to an enforcement action for the same or similar type of violation of the same statute or rule, or has 8 been given any previous statement of deficiency that included the 9 10 same or similar type of violation of the same or similar statute or rule, or when the ambulatory surgical facility failed to correct 11 12 noncompliance with a statute or rule by a date established or agreed to by the department, the department may impose reasonable conditions 13 on a license. Conditions may include correction within a specified 14 amount of time, training, or hiring a department-approved consultant 15 if the ambulatory surgical facility cannot demonstrate to the 16 17 department that it has access to sufficient internal expertise.

(b) (i) In accordance with the authority the department has under 18 19 RCW 43.70.095, the department may assess a civil fine of up to \$7,500 per violation on an ambulatory surgical facility licensed under this 20 chapter when the department determines the ambulatory surgical 21 22 facility has previously been subject to an enforcement action for the 23 same or similar type of violation of the same statute or rule, or has 24 been given any previous statement of deficiency that included the 25 same or similar type of violation of the same or similar statute or rule, or when the ambulatory surgical facility failed to correct 26 27 noncompliance with a statute or rule by a date established or agreed 28 to by the department.

29 (ii) Proceeds from these fines may only be used by the department 30 to offset costs associated with licensing and enforcement of 31 ambulatory surgical facilities.

32 (iii) If a licensee is aggrieved by the department's action of 33 assessing civil fines, the licensee has the right to appeal under RCW 34 43.70.095.

35 <u>(iv) The department shall adopt in rules under this chapter</u> 36 <u>specific fine amounts in relation to:</u>

37 (A) The severity of the noncompliance and at an adequate level to
 38 be a deterrent to future noncompliance; and

1 <u>(B) The number of surgical procedures performed by an ambulatory</u> 2 <u>surgical facility on an annual basis as identified by the facility at</u> 3 <u>the time of licensure or renewal in the following categories:</u>

4

(I) Performs 1,000 or fewer surgical procedures;

5 (II) Performs between 1,001 and 5,000 surgical procedures; and

6 (III) Performs more than 5,000 surgical procedures.

7 <u>(c) The department may suspend a specific category or categories</u> 8 <u>of services or care or operating rooms or recovery rooms within the</u> 9 <u>ambulatory surgical facility as related to the violation by imposing</u> 10 <u>a limited stop service. This may only be done if the department finds</u> 11 <u>that noncompliance results in immediate jeopardy.</u>

12 (i) Prior to imposing a limited stop service, the department shall provide an ambulatory surgical facility written notification 13 14 upon identifying deficient practices or conditions that constitute an immediate jeopardy. The ambulatory surgical facility shall have 24 15 hours from notification to develop and implement a department-16 approved plan to correct the deficient practices or conditions that 17 constitute an immediate jeopardy. If the deficient practices or 18 19 conditions that constitute immediate jeopardy are not verified by the department as having been corrected within the same 24-hour period, 20 21 the department may issue the limited stop service.

(ii) When the department imposes a limited stop service, the ambulatory surgical facility may not provide the services in the category or categories subject to the limited stop service to any new or existing individuals, unless otherwise allowed by the department, until the limited stop service is terminated.

27 <u>(iii) The department shall conduct a follow-up inspection within</u> 28 <u>five business days or within the time period requested by the</u> 29 <u>ambulatory surgical facility if more than five business days is</u> 30 <u>needed to verify the violation necessitating the limited stop service</u> 31 <u>has been corrected.</u>

32

# (iv) The limited stop service shall be terminated when:

33 <u>(A) The department verifies the violation necessitating the</u> 34 <u>limited stop service has been corrected or the department determines</u> 35 <u>that the ambulatory surgical facility has taken intermediate action</u> 36 <u>to address the immediate jeopardy; and</u>

37 (B) The ambulatory surgical facility establishes the ability to
 38 maintain correction of the violation previously found deficient.

39 (d) The department may suspend new admissions to the ambulatory 40 surgical facility by imposing a stop placement. This may only be done 1 <u>if the department finds that noncompliance results in immediate</u> 2 <u>jeopardy and is not confined to a specific category or categories of</u> 3 <u>patients or a specific area of the ambulatory surgical facility.</u>

(i) Prior to imposing a stop placement, the department shall 4 provide an ambulatory surgical facility written notification upon 5 6 identifying deficient practices or conditions that constitute an immediate jeopardy. The ambulatory surgical facility shall have 24 7 hours from notification to develop and implement a department-8 approved plan to correct the deficient practices or conditions that 9 constitute an immediate jeopardy. If the deficient practices or 10 conditions that constitute immediate jeopardy are not verified by the 11 12 department as having been corrected within the same 24-hour period, the department may issue the stop placement. 13

14 (ii) When the department imposes a stop placement, the ambulatory 15 surgical facility may not admit any new patients until the stop 16 placement is terminated.

17 <u>(iii) The department shall conduct a follow-up inspection within</u> 18 <u>five business days or within the time period requested by the</u> 19 <u>ambulatory surgical facility if more than five business days is</u> 20 <u>needed to verify the violation necessitating the stop placement has</u> 21 <u>been corrected.</u>

22

(iv) The stop placement shall be terminated when:

23 <u>(A) The department verifies the violation necessitating the stop</u>
24 placement has been corrected or the department determines that the
25 ambulatory surgical facility has taken intermediate action to address
26 the immediate jeopardy; and

27 <u>(B) The ambulatory surgical facility establishes the ability to</u> 28 <u>maintain correction of the violation previously found deficient.</u>

(e) The department may deny an application for a license or
 suspend, revoke, or refuse to renew a license.

31 (2) The secretary may deny, suspend, or revoke the license of any 32 ambulatory surgical facility in any case in which he or she finds the 33 applicant or registered entity knowingly made a false statement of 34 material fact in the application for the license or any supporting 35 data in any record required by this chapter or matter under 36 investigation by the department.

37 (3) Except as otherwise provided, RCW 43.70.115 governs notice of 38 actions taken by the department under this section and provides the 39 right to an adjudicative proceeding. Adjudicative proceedings and 40 hearings under this section are governed by the administrative procedure act, chapter 34.05 RCW. The application for an adjudicative proceeding must be in writing, state the basis for contesting the adverse action, include a copy of the department's notice, be served on and received by the department within 28 days of the licensee's receipt of the adverse notice, and be served in a manner that shows proof of receipt.

7 <u>(a) When the department determines a licensee's noncompliance</u> 8 <u>results in immediate jeopardy, the department may make the imposition</u> 9 <u>of conditions on a licensee, a limited stop service, stop placement,</u> 10 <u>or the suspension of a license effective immediately upon receipt of</u> 11 <u>the notice by the licensee, pending any adjudicative proceeding.</u>

(b) When the department makes the suspension of a license or 12 imposition of conditions on a license effective immediately, a 13 licensee is entitled to a show cause hearing before a presiding 14 officer within 14 days of <u>making the request. The licensee must</u> 15 request the show cause hearing within 28 days of receipt of the 16 17 notice of immediate suspension or immediate imposition of conditions. At the show cause hearing the department has the burden of 18 19 demonstrating that more probably than not there is an immediate 20 jeopardy.

21 (c) At the show cause hearing, the presiding officer may consider the notice and documents supporting the immediate suspension or 22 23 immediate imposition of conditions and the licensee's response and shall provide the parties with an opportunity to provide documentary 24 25 evidence and written testimony, and to be represented by counsel. Prior to the show cause hearing, the department shall provide the 26 27 licensee with all documentation that supports the department's 28 immediate suspension or imposition of conditions.

29 <u>(d) If the presiding officer determines there is no immediate</u> 30 jeopardy, the presiding officer may overturn the immediate suspension 31 <u>or immediate imposition of conditions.</u>

32 <u>(e) If the presiding officer determines there is immediate</u> 33 jeopardy, the immediate suspension or immediate imposition of 34 <u>conditions shall remain in effect pending a full hearing.</u>

35 <u>(f) If the presiding officer sustains the immediate suspension or</u> 36 <u>immediate imposition of conditions, the licensee may request an</u> 37 <u>expedited full hearing on the merits of the department's action. A</u> 38 <u>full hearing must be provided within 90 days of the licensee's</u> 39 request. 1 <u>(4) When the department determines an alleged violation, if true,</u> 2 would constitute an immediate jeopardy, and the licensee fails to 3 cooperate with the department's investigation of such an alleged 4 violation, the department may impose an immediate stop placement, 5 immediate limited stop service, immediate imposition of conditions, 6 or immediate suspension.

7 (a) When the department imposes an immediate stop placement, immediate limited stop service, immediate imposition of conditions, 8 or immediate suspension for failure to cooperate, a licensee is 9 entitled to a show cause hearing before a presiding officer within 14 10 days of making the request. The licensee must request the show cause 11 12 hearing within 28 days of receipt of the notice of an immediate stop placement, immediate limited stop service, immediate imposition of 13 14 conditions, or immediate suspension for failure to cooperate.

15 (b) At the show cause hearing the department has the burden of 16 demonstrating that more probably than not the alleged violation, if 17 true, would constitute an immediate jeopardy and the licensee failed 18 to cooperate with the department's investigation.

(c) At the show cause hearing, the presiding officer may consider 19 the notice and documents supporting the immediate stop placement, 20 immediate limited stop service, immediate imposition of conditions, 21 22 or immediate suspension for failure to cooperate, and the licensee's 23 response and shall provide the parties with an opportunity to provide 24 documentary evidence and written testimony, and to be represented by 25 counsel. Prior to the show cause hearing, the department shall provide the licensee with all documentation that supports the 26 department's immediate action for failure to cooperate. 27

28 (d) If the presiding officer determines the alleged violation, if 29 true, does not constitute an immediate jeopardy or determines that 30 the licensee cooperated with the department's investigation, the 31 presiding officer may overturn the immediate action for failure to 32 cooperate.

33 <u>(e) If the presiding officer determines the allegation, if true,</u> 34 would constitute an immediate jeopardy and the licensee failed to 35 cooperate with the department's investigation, the immediate action 36 for failure to cooperate shall remain in effect pending a full 37 hearing.

38 (f) If the presiding officer sustains the immediate action for 39 failure to cooperate, the licensee may request an expedited full

## 1 hearing on the merits of the department's action. A full hearing must

2 <u>be provided within 90 days of the licensee's request.</u>

3 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 17. A new section is added to chapter 70.230
4 RCW to read as follows:

5 (1) The department may give written notice to cease and desist to 6 any person whom the department has reason to believe is engaged in 7 the unlicensed operation of an ambulatory surgical facility.

8 (2)(a) Except as otherwise provided in this section, the 9 requirement to cease and desist unlicensed operation is effective 20 10 days after the person receives the notice.

11 (b) The department may make the date the action is effective 12 sooner than 20 days after receipt when necessary to protect the 13 public health, safety, or welfare. When the department does so, it 14 shall state the effective date and the reasons supporting the 15 effective date in the written notice to cease and desist.

16 (3) The person to whom the notice to cease and desist is issued 17 may request an adjudicative proceeding to contest the notice. The adjudicative proceeding is governed by the administrative procedure 18 act, chapter 34.05 RCW. The request for an adjudicative proceeding 19 20 must be in writing, state the basis for contesting the notice, include a copy of the notice, and be served on and received by the 21 department within 20 days from the date the person receives the 22 notice to cease and desist. 23

24 (4) (a) If the department gives a person 20 days' notice to cease and desist and the person requests an adjudicative proceeding before 25 its effective date, the department shall not implement the notice 26 27 until the final order has been entered. The presiding or reviewing 28 officer may permit the department to implement part or all of the notice while the proceedings are pending if the respondent causes an 29 30 unreasonable delay in the proceeding, if the circumstances change so 31 that implementation is in the public interest, or for other good 32 cause.

33 (b) If the department gives a licensee less than 20 days' notice 34 to cease and desist and the respondent timely files a request for an 35 adjudicative proceeding, the department may implement the cease and 36 desist on the effective date stated in the notice. The presiding or 37 reviewing officer may order the department to stay implementation of 38 part or all of the adverse action while the proceedings are pending

1 if staying implementation is in the public interest or for other good
2 cause.

3 (5) The department may assess a civil fine not exceeding \$5,000
4 for each day a person operates an ambulatory surgical facility
5 without a valid license.

6 (a) The department shall give written notice to the person 7 against whom it assesses a civil fine.

8 (b) Except as otherwise provided in (c) and (d) of this 9 subsection, the civil fine is due and payable 20 days after receipt.

10 (c) The person against whom the department assesses a civil fine 11 has the right to request an adjudicative proceeding. The proceeding 12 is governed by the administrative procedure act, chapter 34.05 RCW. 13 The request must be in writing, state the basis for contesting the 14 fine, include a copy of the notice, be served on and received by the 15 department within 20 days of the person receiving the notice of civil 16 fine, and be served in a manner which shows proof of receipt.

17 (d) If the person files a timely and sufficient request for 18 adjudicative proceeding, the department shall not implement the fine 19 until the final order has been served.

(6) Neither the issuance of a cease and desist order nor payment 20 21 of a civil fine shall relieve the person so operating an ambulatory 22 surgical facility without a license from criminal prosecution, but the remedy of a cease and desist order or civil fine shall be in 23 addition to any criminal liability. A final notice to cease and 24 25 desist is conclusive proof of unlicensed operation and may be enforced under RCW 7.21.060. This method of enforcement of the final 26 notice to cease and desist or civil fine may be used in addition to, 27 28 or as an alternative to, any provisions for enforcement of agency 29 orders set out in chapter 34.05 RCW.

30 Sec. 18. RCW 71.12.710 and 2020 c 115 s 3 are each amended to 31 read as follows:

(1) In any case in which the department finds that a ((licensed psychiatric hospital)) private establishment has failed or refused to comply with ((applicable state)) the requirements of this chapter, the standards or rules adopted under this chapter, or other applicable state or federal statutes or ((regulations)) rules, the department may take one or more of the actions identified in this section, except as otherwise limited in this section.

1 (a) When the department determines the ((psychiatric hospital)) private establishment has previously been subject to an enforcement 2 action for the same or similar type of violation of the same statute 3 or rule, or has been given any previous statement of deficiency that 4 included the same or similar type of violation of the same or similar 5 6 statute or rule, or when the ((psychiatric hospital)) private establishment failed to correct noncompliance with a statute or rule 7 by a date established or agreed to by the department, the department 8 may impose reasonable conditions on a license. Conditions may include 9 correction within a specified amount of time, training, or hiring a 10 11 department-approved consultant if the ((<del>hospital</del>)) private 12 establishment cannot demonstrate to the department that it has access to sufficient internal expertise. 13

(b) (i) In accordance with the authority the department has under 14 15 RCW 43.70.095, the department may assess a civil fine of up to ((ten 16 thousand dollars)) \$10,000 per violation, not to exceed a total fine 17 of ((one million dollars)) \$1,000,000, on a ((hospital)) private establishment licensed under this chapter when the department 18 19 determines the ((psychiatric hospital)) private establishment has previously been subject to an enforcement action for the same or 20 21 similar type of violation of the same statute or rule, or has been given any previous statement of deficiency that included the same or 22 similar type of violation of the same or similar statute or rule, or 23 when the ((psychiatric hospital)) private establishment failed to 24 25 correct noncompliance with a statute or rule by a date established or 26 agreed to by the department.

(ii) Proceeds from these fines may only be used by the department to provide training or technical assistance to ((psychiatric hospitals and)) private establishments or to offset costs associated with licensing ((psychiatric hospitals)) private establishments.

31 (iii) The department shall adopt in rules under this chapter 32 specific fine amounts in relation to the severity of the 33 noncompliance.

34 (iv) If a licensee is aggrieved by the department's action of 35 assessing civil fines, the licensee has the right to appeal under RCW 36 43.70.095.

37 (c) ((In accordance with RCW 43.70.095, the department may impose 38 civil fines of up to ten thousand dollars for each day a person 39 operates a psychiatric hospital without a valid license. Proceeds 40 from these fines may only be used by the department to provide 1 training or technical assistance to psychiatric hospitals and to 2 offset costs associated with licensing psychiatric hospitals.

3 (d)) The department may suspend <u>new</u> admissions of a specific 4 category or categories of patients as related to the violation by 5 imposing a limited stop placement. This may only be done if the 6 department finds that noncompliance results in immediate jeopardy.

7 (i) Prior to imposing a limited stop placement, the department shall provide a ((psychiatric hospital)) private establishment 8 written notification upon identifying deficient practices 9 or conditions that constitute an immediate jeopardy, 10 and the ((psychiatric hospital)) private establishment shall have ((twenty-11 12 four)) 24 hours from notification to develop and implement a department-approved plan to correct the deficient practices or 13 14 conditions that constitute an immediate jeopardy. If the deficient practices or conditions that constitute immediate jeopardy are not 15 16 verified by the department as having been corrected within the same 17 ((twenty-four)) 24-hour period, the department may issue the limited 18 stop placement.

(ii) When the department imposes a limited stop placement, the ((psychiatric hospital)) private establishment may not ((admit any new patients)) accept any new admissions in the category or categories subject to the limited stop placement until the limited stop placement order is terminated.

(iii) The department shall conduct a follow-up inspection within five business days or within the time period requested by the ((psychiatric hospital)) private establishment if more than five business days is needed to verify the violation necessitating the limited stop placement has been corrected.

29

(iv) The limited stop placement shall be terminated when:

30 (A) The department verifies the violation necessitating the 31 limited stop placement has been corrected or the department 32 determines that the ((<del>psychiatric hospital</del>)) <u>private establishment</u> 33 has taken intermediate action to address the immediate jeopardy; and

(B) The ((psychiatric hospital)) private establishment
 establishes the ability to maintain correction of the violation
 previously found deficient.

37 ((<del>(e)</del>)) <u>(d)</u> The department may suspend <u>all</u> new admissions to the 38 ((<del>psychiatric hospital</del>)) <u>private establishment</u> by imposing a stop 39 placement. This may only be done if the department finds that 40 noncompliance results in immediate jeopardy and is not confined to a

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specific category or categories of patients or a specific area of the
((psychiatric hospital)) private establishment.

(i) Prior to imposing a stop placement, the department shall 3 provide a ((psychiatric hospital)) private establishment written 4 notification upon identifying deficient practices or conditions that 5 6 constitute an immediate jeopardy, and the ((psychiatric hospital)) private establishment shall have ((twenty-four)) 24 hours from 7 notification to develop and implement a department-approved plan to 8 correct the deficient practices or conditions that constitute an 9 10 immediate jeopardy. If the deficient practices or conditions that 11 constitute immediate jeopardy are not verified by the department as 12 having been corrected within the same ((twenty-four)) 24-hour period, the department may issue the stop placement. 13

14 (ii) When the department imposes a stop placement, the 15 ((psychiatric hospital)) private establishment may not ((admit any 16 new patients)) accept any new admissions until the stop placement 17 order is terminated.

18 (iii) The department shall conduct a follow-up inspection within 19 five business days or within the time period requested by the 20 ((psychiatric hospital)) private establishment if more than five 21 business days is needed to verify the violation necessitating the 22 stop placement has been corrected.

23

(iv) The stop placement order shall be terminated when:

(A) The department verifies the violation necessitating the stop
 placement has been corrected or the department determines that the
 ((psychiatric hospital)) private establishment has taken intermediate
 action to address the immediate jeopardy; and

(B) The ((psychiatric hospital)) private establishment
 establishes the ability to maintain correction of the violation
 previously found deficient.

31 ((<del>(f)</del>)) <u>(e) The department may suspend a specific category or</u> 32 <u>categories of services within the private establishment as related to</u> 33 <u>the violation by imposing a limited stop service. This may only be</u> 34 <u>done if the department finds that noncompliance results in immediate</u> 35 <u>jeopardy.</u>

36 (i) Prior to imposing a limited stop service, the department 37 shall provide a private establishment written notification upon 38 identifying deficient practices or conditions that constitute an 39 immediate jeopardy. The private establishment shall have 24 hours 40 from notification to develop and implement a department-approved plan 1 to correct the deficient practices or conditions that constitute an 2 immediate jeopardy. If the deficient practices or conditions that 3 constitute immediate jeopardy are not verified by the department as 4 having been corrected within the same 24-hour period, the department 5 may issue the limited stop service.

6 <u>(ii) When the department imposes a limited stop service, the</u> 7 private establishment may not provide the services in the category or 8 categories subject to the limited stop service to any new or existing 9 individuals, unless otherwise allowed by the department, until the 10 limited stop service is terminated.

11 <u>(iii) The department shall conduct a follow-up inspection within</u> 12 <u>five business days or within the time period requested by the private</u> 13 <u>establishment if more than five business days is needed to verify the</u> 14 <u>violation necessitating the limited stop service has been corrected.</u>

15

(iv) The limited stop service shall be terminated when:

16 <u>(A) The department verifies the violation necessitating the</u> 17 <u>limited stop service has been corrected or the department determines</u> 18 <u>that the private establishment has taken intermediate action to</u> 19 <u>address the immediate jeopardy; and</u>

(B) The private establishment establishes the ability to maintain
 correction of the violation previously found deficient.

22 (f) The department may suspend, revoke, or refuse to renew a 23 license.

(2) (a) Except as otherwise provided, RCW 43.70.115 governs notice 24 25 of the imposition of conditions on a license, a limited stop placement, stop placement, <u>limited stop service</u>, or the suspension, 26 revocation, or refusal to renew a license and provides the right to 27 28 an adjudicative proceeding. Adjudicative proceedings and hearings 29 under this section are governed by the administrative procedure act, chapter 34.05 RCW. The application for an adjudicative proceeding 30 31 must be in writing, state the basis for contesting the adverse action, including a copy of the department's notice, be served on and 32 received by the department within ((twenty-eight)) 28 days of the 33 licensee's receipt of the adverse notice, and be served in a manner 34 that shows proof of receipt. 35

36 (b) When the department determines a licensee's noncompliance 37 results in immediate jeopardy, the department may make the imposition 38 of conditions on a licensee, a limited stop placement, stop 39 placement, <u>limited stop service</u>, or the suspension of a license

effective immediately upon receipt of the notice by the licensee,
 pending any adjudicative proceeding.

(i) When the department makes the suspension of a license or 3 imposition of conditions on a license effective immediately, a 4 licensee is entitled to a show cause hearing before a presiding 5 6 officer within ((fourteen)) 14 days of making the request. The licensee must request the show cause hearing within ((twenty-eight)) 7 28 days of receipt of the notice of immediate suspension or immediate 8 imposition of conditions. At the show cause hearing the department 9 has the burden of demonstrating that more probably than not there is 10 11 an immediate jeopardy.

(ii) At the show cause hearing, the presiding officer may 12 consider the notice and documents supporting the immediate suspension 13 or immediate imposition of conditions and the licensee's response and 14 must provide the parties with an opportunity to provide documentary 15 evidence and written testimony, and to be represented by counsel. 16 17 Prior to the show cause hearing, the department must provide the licensee with all documentation that supports the department's 18 immediate suspension or immediate imposition of conditions. 19

(iii) If the presiding officer determines there is no immediate jeopardy, the presiding officer may overturn the immediate suspension or immediate imposition of conditions.

(iv) If the presiding officer determines there is immediate jeopardy, the immediate suspension or immediate imposition of conditions shall remain in effect pending a full hearing.

(v) If the secretary sustains the immediate suspension or immediate imposition of conditions, the licensee may request an expedited full hearing on the merits of the department's action. A full hearing must be provided within ((ninety)) <u>90</u> days of the licensee's request.

31 (3) When the department determines an alleged violation, if true, 32 would constitute an immediate jeopardy, and the licensee fails to 33 cooperate with the department's investigation of such an alleged 34 violation, the department may impose an immediate stop placement, 35 immediate limited stop placement, immediate limited stop service, 36 immediate imposition of conditions, or immediate suspension.

37 <u>(a) When the department imposes an immediate stop placement,</u> 38 <u>immediate limited stop placement, immediate limited stop service,</u> 39 <u>immediate imposition of conditions, or immediate suspension for</u> 40 <u>failure to cooperate, a licensee is entitled to a show cause hearing</u>

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1 before a presiding officer within 14 days of making the request. The licensee must request the show cause hearing within 28 days of 2 receipt of the notice of an immediate stop placement, immediate 3 limited stop placement, immediate limited stop service, immediate 4 imposition of conditions, or immediate suspension for failure to 5 6 cooperate. At the show cause hearing the department has the burden of demonstrating that more probably than not the alleged violation, if 7 true, would constitute an immediate jeopardy and the licensee failed 8 to cooperate with the department's investigation. 9

(b) At the show cause hearing, the presiding officer may consider 10 the notice and documents supporting the immediate stop placement, 11 immediate limited stop placement, immediate limited stop service, 12 immediate imposition of conditions, or immediate suspension for 13 failure to cooperate, and the licensee's response and shall provide 14 the parties with an opportunity to provide documentary evidence and 15 written testimony, and to be represented by counsel. Prior to the 16 17 show cause hearing, the department shall provide the licensee with all documentation that supports the department's immediate action for 18 19 failure to cooperate.

20 <u>(c) If the presiding officer determines the alleged violation, if</u> 21 <u>true, does not constitute an immediate jeopardy or determines that</u> 22 <u>the licensee cooperated with the department's investigation, the</u> 23 <u>presiding officer may overturn the immediate action for failure to</u> 24 <u>cooperate.</u>

25 (d) If the presiding officer determines the allegation, if true, 26 would constitute an immediate jeopardy and the licensee failed to 27 cooperate with the department's investigation, the immediate action 28 for failure to cooperate shall remain in effect pending a full 29 hearing.

30 <u>(e) If the presiding officer sustains the immediate action for</u> 31 <u>failure to cooperate, the licensee may request an expedited full</u> 32 <u>hearing on the merits of the department's action. A full hearing must</u> 33 <u>be provided within 90 days of the licensee's request.</u>

34 Sec. 19. RCW 71.12.455 and 2020 c 115 s 6 are each reenacted and 35 amended to read as follows:

The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter unless the context clearly requires otherwise.

38 (1) "Department" means the department of health.

1 (2) "Elopement" means any situation in which an admitted patient who of a ((psychiatric hospital)) private establishment 2 is 3 cognitively, physically, mentally, emotionally, and/or chemically impaired wanders, walks, runs away, escapes, or otherwise leaves a 4 ((psychiatric hospital)) private establishment or the grounds of a 5 6 ((psychiatric hospital)) private establishment prior to the patient's scheduled discharge unsupervised, unnoticed, and without the staff's 7 8 knowledge.

9 (3) "((Establishment)) Private establishment," "establishment," 10 and "institution" mean:

(a) Every private or county or municipal hospital, including public hospital districts, ((sanatoriums,)) homes, ((psychiatric)) behavioral health hospitals, residential treatment facilities, or other places receiving or caring for any person with ((mental illness, mentally incompetent person, or chemically dependent person)) a behavioral health or substance use disorder; and

17 (b) Beginning January 1, 2019, facilities providing pediatric 18 transitional care services.

(4) "Immediate jeopardy" means a situation in which the ((psychiatric hospital's)) private establishment's noncompliance with one or more statutory or regulatory requirements has placed the health and safety of patients in its care at risk for serious injury, serious harm, serious impairment, or death.

(5) "Pediatric transitional care services" means short-term, temporary, health and comfort services for drug exposed infants according to the requirements of this chapter and provided in an establishment licensed by the department ((<del>of health</del>)).

(6) "((Psychiatric)) <u>Behavioral health</u> hospital" means an
 establishment caring for any person with mental illness or substance
 use disorder excluding acute care hospitals licensed under chapter
 70.41 RCW, state psychiatric hospitals established under chapter
 72.23 RCW, and residential treatment facilities as defined in this
 section.

34 (7) "Residential treatment facility" means an establishment in 35 which ((twenty-four)) <u>24-hour</u> on-site care is provided for the 36 evaluation, stabilization, or treatment of residents for substance 37 use, mental health, co-occurring disorders, or for drug exposed 38 infants.

39 (8) "Secretary" means the secretary of the department of health.

1 (9) "Technical assistance" means the provision of information on 2 the state laws and rules applicable to the regulation of 3 ((psychiatric hospitals)) private establishments, the process to 4 apply for a license, and methods and resources to avoid or address 5 compliance problems. Technical assistance does not include assistance 6 provided under chapter 43.05 RCW.

7 (10) "Trained caregiver" means a noncredentialed, unlicensed 8 person trained by the establishment providing pediatric transitional 9 care services to provide hands-on care to drug exposed infants. 10 Caregivers may not provide medical care to infants and may only work 11 under the supervision of an appropriate health care professional.

12 Sec. 20. RCW 71.12.500 and 2000 c 93 s 25 are each amended to 13 read as follows:

The department ((of health)) may at any time examine ((and 14 15 ascertain how far)) a licensed private establishment ((is conducted 16 in compliance with this chapter, the rules adopted under this chapter, and the requirements of the license therefor. If the 17 interests of the patients of the establishment so demand, the 18 19 department may, for just and reasonable cause, suspend, modify, or revoke any such license. RCW 43.70.115 governs notice of a license 20 denial, revocation, suspension, or modification and provides the 21 22 right to an adjudicative proceeding.)) to determine whether it has failed or refused to comply with the requirements of this chapter, 23 the standards or rules adopted under this chapter, or other 24 applicable state or federal statutes or rules regulating private 25 26 establishments.

27 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 21. A new section is added to chapter 71.12 28 RCW to read as follows:

(1) The department may give written notice to cease and desist to
 any person whom the department has reason to believe is engaged in
 the unlicensed operation of a private establishment.

32 (2)(a) Except as otherwise provided in this section, the 33 requirement to cease and desist unlicensed operation is effective 20 34 days after the person receives the notice.

35 (b) The department may make the date the action is effective 36 sooner than 20 days after receipt when necessary to protect the 37 public health, safety, or welfare. When the department does so, it

shall state the effective date and the reasons supporting the
 effective date in the written notice to cease and desist.

(3) The person to whom the notice to cease and desist is issued 3 may request an adjudicative proceeding to contest the notice. The 4 adjudicative proceeding is governed by the administrative procedure 5 6 act, chapter 34.05 RCW. The request for an adjudicative proceeding must be in writing, state the basis for contesting the notice, 7 include a copy of the notice, and be served on and received by the 8 department within 20 days from the date the person receives the 9 notice to cease and desist. 10

(4) (a) If the department gives a person 20 days' notice to cease 11 and desist and the person requests an adjudicative proceeding before 12 its effective date, the department shall not implement the notice 13 until the final order has been entered. The presiding or reviewing 14 officer may permit the department to implement part or all of the 15 16 notice while the proceedings are pending if the respondent causes an 17 unreasonable delay in the proceeding, if the circumstances change so 18 that implementation is in the public interest, or for other good 19 cause.

(b) If the department gives a licensee less than 20 days' notice 20 21 to cease and desist and the respondent timely files a request for an adjudicative proceeding, the department may implement the cease and 22 desist on the effective date stated in the notice. The presiding or 23 reviewing officer may order the department to stay implementation of 24 25 part or all of the adverse action while the proceedings are pending 26 if staying implementation is in the public interest or for other good 27 cause.

(5) The department may assess a civil fine not exceeding \$5,000 for each day a person operates a private establishment without a valid license.

31 (a) The department shall give written notice to the person32 against whom it assesses a civil fine.

33 (b) Except as otherwise provided in (c) and (d) of this 34 subsection, the civil fine is due and payable 20 days after receipt.

35 (c) The person against whom the department assesses a civil fine 36 has the right to request an adjudicative proceeding. The proceeding 37 is governed by the administrative procedure act, chapter 34.05 RCW. 38 The request must be in writing, state the basis for contesting the 39 fine, include a copy of the notice, be served on and received by the

1 department within 20 days of the person receiving the notice of civil 2 fine, and be served in a manner which shows proof of receipt.

3 (d) If the person files a timely and sufficient request for 4 adjudicative proceeding, the department shall not implement the fine 5 until the final order has been served.

6 (6) Neither the issuance of a cease and desist order nor payment 7 of a civil fine shall relieve the person so operating a private establishment without a license from criminal prosecution, but the 8 remedy of a cease and desist order or civil fine shall be in addition 9 to any criminal liability. A final notice to cease and desist is 10 11 conclusive proof of unlicensed operation and may be enforced under 12 RCW 7.21.060. This method of enforcement of the final notice to cease and desist or civil fine may be used in addition to, or as an 13 alternative to, any provisions for enforcement of agency orders set 14 out in chapter 34.05 RCW. 15

16 Sec. 22. RCW 70.38.025 and 2000 c 175 s 22 are each amended to 17 read as follows:

18 When used in this chapter, the terms defined in this section 19 shall have the meanings indicated.

20 (1) "Board of health" means the state board of health created 21 pursuant to chapter 43.20 RCW.

22 (2) "Capital expenditure" is an expenditure, including a force account expenditure (i.e., an expenditure for a construction project 23 24 undertaken by a nursing home facility as its own contractor) which, under generally accepted accounting principles, is not properly 25 chargeable as an expense of operation or maintenance. Where a person 26 makes an acquisition under lease or comparable arrangement, or 27 through donation, which would have required review if the acquisition 28 had been made by purchase, such expenditure shall be deemed a capital 29 30 expenditure. Capital expenditures include donations of equipment or 31 facilities to a nursing home facility which if acquired directly by such facility would be subject to certificate of need review under 32 the provisions of this chapter and transfer of equipment or 33 facilities for less than fair market value if a transfer of the 34 equipment or facilities at fair market value would be subject to such 35 review. The cost of any studies, surveys, designs, plans, working 36 drawings, specifications, and other activities essential to the 37 38 acquisition, improvement, expansion, or replacement of any plant or

equipment with respect to which such expenditure is made shall be
 included in determining the amount of the expenditure.

(3) "Continuing care retirement community" means an entity which 3 provides shelter and services under continuing care contracts with 4 its members and which sponsors or includes a health care facility or 5 6 a health service. A "continuing care contract" means a contract to provide a person, for the duration of that person's life or for a 7 term in excess of one year, shelter along with nursing, medical, 8 health-related, or personal care services, which is conditioned upon 9 the transfer of property, the payment of an entrance fee to the 10 provider of such services, or the payment of periodic charges for the 11 12 care and services involved. A continuing care contract is not excluded from this definition because the contract is mutually 13 terminable or because shelter and services are not provided at the 14 15 same location.

16

(4) "Department" means the department of health.

17 (5) "Expenditure minimum" means, for the purposes of the 18 certificate of need program, ((one million dollars)) \$1,000,000 19 adjusted by the department by rule to reflect changes in the United 20 States department of commerce composite construction cost index; or a 21 lesser amount required by federal law and established by the 22 department by rule.

23 (6) "Health care facility" means hospices, hospice care centers, hospitals, ((psychiatric)) behavioral health hospitals, nursing 24 25 homes, kidney disease treatment centers, ambulatory surgical facilities, and home health agencies, and includes such facilities 26 when owned and operated by a political subdivision or instrumentality 27 28 of the state and such other facilities as required by federal law and implementing regulations, but does not include any health facility or 29 institution conducted by and for those who rely exclusively upon 30 31 treatment by prayer or spiritual means in accordance with the creed 32 or tenets of any well-recognized church or religious denomination, or 33 any health facility or institution operated for the exclusive care of members of a convent as defined in RCW 84.36.800 or rectory, 34 monastery, or other institution operated for the care of members of 35 the clergy. In addition, the term does not include any nonprofit 36 hospital: (a) Which is operated exclusively to provide health care 37 services for children; (b) which does not charge fees for such 38 39 services; and (c) if not contrary to federal law as necessary to the 40 receipt of federal funds by the state.

1 (7) "Health maintenance organization" means a public or private 2 organization, organized under the laws of the state, which:

3 (a) Is a qualified health maintenance organization under Title 4 XIII, section 1310(d) of the Public Health ((<del>Services [Service]</del>)) 5 <u>Service</u> Act; or

6 (b) (i) Provides or otherwise makes available to enrolled 7 participants health care services, including at least the following care services: Usual physician 8 basic health services, 9 hospitalization, laboratory, X-ray, emergency, and preventive services, and out-of-area coverage; (ii) is compensated (except for 10 11 copayments) for the provision of the basic health care services listed in (b)(i) to enrolled participants by a payment which is paid 12 on a periodic basis without regard to the date the health care 13 14 services are provided and which is fixed without regard to the frequency, extent, or kind of health service actually provided; and 15 16 (iii) provides physicians' services primarily (A) directly through 17 physicians who are either employees or partners of such organization, or (B) through arrangements with individual physicians or one or more 18 groups of physicians (organized on a group practice or individual 19 20 practice basis).

(8) "Health services" means clinically related (i.e., preventive, diagnostic, curative, rehabilitative, or palliative) services and includes alcoholism, drug abuse, and mental health services and as defined in federal law.

(9) "Health service area" means a geographic region appropriate for effective health planning which includes a broad range of health services.

(10) "Person" means an individual, a trust or estate, a partnership, a corporation (including associations, joint stock companies, and insurance companies), the state, or a political subdivision or instrumentality of the state, including a municipal corporation or a hospital district.

33 (11) "Provider" generally means a health care professional or an 34 organization, institution, or other entity providing health care but 35 the precise definition for this term shall be established by rule of 36 the department, consistent with federal law.

(12) "Public health" means the level of well-being of the general population; those actions in a community necessary to preserve, protect, and promote the health of the people for which government is

1 responsible; and the governmental system developed to guarantee the 2 preservation of the health of the people.

3 (13) "Secretary" means the secretary of health or the secretary's4 designee.

5 (14) "Tertiary health service" means a specialized service that 6 meets complicated medical needs of people and requires sufficient 7 patient volume to optimize provider effectiveness, quality of 8 service, and improved outcomes of care.

9 (15) "Hospital" means any health care institution which is 10 required to qualify for a license under RCW 70.41.020((<del>(2)</del>)) <u>(8)</u>; or 11 as a ((<del>psychiatric</del>)) <u>behavioral health</u> hospital under chapter 71.12 12 RCW.

13 Sec. 23. RCW 70.38.111 and 2021 c 277 s 1 are each amended to 14 read as follows:

15 (1) The department shall not require a certificate of need for 16 the offering of an inpatient tertiary health service by:

17 (a) A health maintenance organization or a combination of health 18 maintenance organizations if (i) the organization or combination of organizations has, in the service area of the organization or the 19 20 service areas of the organizations in the combination, an enrollment of at least ((fifty thousand)) 50,000 individuals, (ii) the facility 21 22 in which the service will be provided is or will be geographically located so that the service will be reasonably accessible to such 23 24 enrolled individuals, and (iii) at least ((seventy-five)) 75 percent of the patients who can reasonably be expected to receive the 25 tertiary health service will be individuals enrolled with such 26 27 organization or organizations in the combination;

(b) A health care facility if (i) the facility primarily provides 28 or will provide inpatient health services, (ii) the facility is or 29 30 will be controlled, directly or indirectly, by a health maintenance 31 organization or a combination of health maintenance organizations which has, in the service area of the organization or service areas 32 of the organizations in the combination, an enrollment of at least 33 ((fifty thousand)) 50,000 individuals, (iii) the facility is or will 34 35 be geographically located so that the service will be reasonably accessible to such enrolled individuals, and (iv) at least ((seventy-36 five)) 75 percent of the patients who can reasonably be expected to 37 38 receive the tertiary health service will be individuals enrolled with such organization or organizations in the combination; or 39

1 (c) A health care facility (or portion thereof) if (i) the facility is or will be leased by a health maintenance organization or 2 combination of health maintenance organizations which has, 3 in the service area of the organization or the service areas of the 4 organizations in the combination, an enrollment of at least ((fifty 5 6 thousand)) 50,000 individuals and, on the date the application is submitted under subsection (2) of this section, at least ((fifteen)) 7 15 years remain in the term of the lease, (ii) the facility is or 8 will be geographically located so that the service will be reasonably 9 accessible to such enrolled individuals, and (iii) at 10 least ((seventy-five)) 75 percent of the patients who can reasonably be 11 12 expected to receive the tertiary health service will be individuals enrolled with such organization; 13

14 if, with respect to such offering or obligation by a nursing home, 15 the department has, upon application under subsection (2) of this 16 section, granted an exemption from such requirement to the 17 organization, combination of organizations, or facility.

18 (2) A health maintenance organization, combination of health 19 maintenance organizations, or health care facility shall not be 20 exempt under subsection (1) of this section from obtaining a 21 certificate of need before offering a tertiary health service unless:

(a) It has submitted at least ((thirty)) <u>30</u> days prior to the
 offering of services reviewable under RCW 70.38.105(4)(d) an
 application for such exemption; and

(b) The application contains such information respecting the organization, combination, or facility and the proposed offering or obligation by a nursing home as the department may require to determine if the organization or combination meets the requirements of subsection (1) of this section or the facility meets or will meet such requirements; and

31 (c) The department approves such application. The department 32 shall approve or disapprove an application for exemption within ((thirty)) 30 days of receipt of a completed application. In the case 33 of a proposed health care facility (or portion thereof) which has not 34 begun to provide tertiary health services on the date an application 35 36 is submitted under this subsection with respect to such facility (or portion), the facility (or portion) shall meet the applicable 37 requirements of subsection (1) of this section when the facility 38 39 first provides such services. The department shall approve an

1 application submitted under this subsection if it determines that the 2 applicable requirements of subsection (1) of this section are met.

3 (3) A health care facility (or any part thereof) with respect to 4 which an exemption was granted under subsection (1) of this section 5 may not be sold or leased and a controlling interest in such facility 6 or in a lease of such facility may not be acquired and a health care 7 facility described in (1)(c) which was granted an exemption under 8 subsection (1) of this section may not be used by any person other 9 than the lessee described in (1)(c) unless:

10 (a) The department issues a certificate of need approving the 11 sale, lease, acquisition, or use; or

12 (b) The department determines, upon application, that (i) the entity to which the facility is proposed to be sold or leased, which 13 14 intends to acquire the controlling interest, or which intends to use the facility is a health maintenance organization or a combination of 15 16 health maintenance organizations which meets the requirements of 17 (1) (a) (i), and (ii) with respect to such facility, meets the requirements of (1)(a)(ii) or (iii) or the requirements of (1)(b)(i) 18 19 and (ii).

(4) In the case of a health maintenance organization, an 20 ambulatory care facility, or a health care facility, which ambulatory 21 22 or health care facility is controlled, directly or indirectly, by a health maintenance organization or a combination of health 23 maintenance organizations, the department may under the program apply 24 25 its certificate of need requirements to the offering of inpatient 26 tertiary health services to the extent that such offering is not exempt under the provisions of this section or RCW 70.38.105(7). 27

(5) (a) The department shall not require a certificate of need for the construction, development, or other establishment of a nursing home, or the addition of beds to an existing nursing home, that is owned and operated by a continuing care retirement community that:

32

(i) Offers services only to contractual members;

(ii) Provides its members a contractually guaranteed range of services from independent living through skilled nursing, including some assistance with daily living activities;

36 (iii) Contractually assumes responsibility for the cost of 37 services exceeding the member's financial responsibility under the 38 contract, so that no third party, with the exception of insurance 39 purchased by the retirement community or its members, but including

1 the medicaid program, is liable for costs of care even if the member 2 depletes his or her personal resources;

3 (iv) Has offered continuing care contracts and operated a nursing 4 home continuously since January 1, 1988, or has obtained a 5 certificate of need to establish a nursing home;

6 (v) Maintains a binding agreement with the state assuring that 7 financial liability for services to members, including nursing home 8 services, will not fall upon the state;

9 (vi) Does not operate, and has not undertaken a project that 10 would result in a number of nursing home beds in excess of one for 11 every four living units operated by the continuing care retirement 12 community, exclusive of nursing home beds; and

(vii) Has obtained a professional review of pricing and long-term solvency within the prior five years which was fully disclosed to members.

16 (b) A continuing care retirement community shall not be exempt 17 under this subsection from obtaining a certificate of need unless:

(i) It has submitted an application for exemption at least ((thirty)) <u>30</u> days prior to commencing construction of, is submitting an application for the licensure of, or is commencing operation of a nursing home, whichever comes first; and

(ii) The application documents to the department that the continuing care retirement community qualifies for exemption.

(c) The sale, lease, acquisition, or use of part or all of a continuing care retirement community nursing home that qualifies for exemption under this subsection shall require prior certificate of need approval to qualify for licensure as a nursing home unless the department determines such sale, lease, acquisition, or use is by a continuing care retirement community that meets the conditions of (a) of this subsection.

(6) A rural hospital, as defined by the department, reducing the number of licensed beds to become a rural primary care hospital under the provisions of Part A Title XVIII of the Social Security Act Section 1820, 42 U.S.C., 1395c et seq. may, within three years of the reduction of beds licensed under chapter 70.41 RCW, increase the number of licensed beds to no more than the previously licensed number without being subject to the provisions of this chapter.

38 (7) A rural health care facility licensed under RCW 70.175.100 39 formerly licensed as a hospital under chapter 70.41 RCW may, within 40 three years of the effective date of the rural health care facility

license, apply to the department for a hospital license and not be 1 subject to the requirements of RCW 70.38.105(4)(a) 2 as the construction, development, or other establishment of a new hospital, 3 provided there is no increase in the number of beds previously 4 licensed under chapter 70.41 RCW and there is no redistribution in 5 6 the number of beds used for acute care or long-term care, the rural health care facility has been in continuous operation, and the rural 7 health care facility has not been purchased or leased. 8

(8) A rural hospital determined to no longer meet critical access 9 hospital status for state law purposes as a result of participation 10 in the Washington rural health access preservation pilot identified 11 12 by the state office of rural health and formerly licensed as a hospital under chapter 70.41 RCW may apply to the department to renew 13 its hospital license and not be subject to the requirements of RCW 14 15 70.38.105(4)(a) as the construction, development, or other 16 establishment of a new hospital, provided there is no increase in the 17 number of beds previously licensed under chapter 70.41 RCW. If all or part of a formerly licensed rural hospital is sold, purchased, or 18 leased during the period the rural hospital does not meet critical 19 access hospital status as a result of participation in the Washington 20 21 rural health access preservation pilot and the new owner or lessor 22 applies to renew the rural hospital's license, then the sale, 23 purchase, or lease of part or all of the rural hospital is subject to the provisions of this chapter. 24

25 (9) (a) A nursing home that voluntarily reduces the number of its licensed beds to provide assisted living, licensed assisted living 26 facility care, adult day care, adult day health, respite care, 27 28 hospice, outpatient therapy services, congregate meals, home health, or senior wellness clinic, or to reduce to one or two the number of 29 beds per room or to otherwise enhance the quality of life for 30 31 residents in the nursing home, may convert the original facility or portion of the facility back, and thereby increase the number of 32 nursing home beds to no more than the previously licensed number of 33 nursing home beds without obtaining a certificate of need under this 34 chapter, provided the facility has been in continuous operation and 35 has not been purchased or leased. Any conversion to the original 36 licensed bed capacity, or to any portion thereof, shall comply with 37 the same life and safety code requirements as existed at the time the 38 39 nursing home voluntarily reduced its licensed beds; unless waivers 40 from such requirements were issued, in which case the converted beds

shall reflect the conditions or standards that then existed pursuant
 to the approved waivers.

3 (b) To convert beds back to nursing home beds under this 4 subsection, the nursing home must:

5 (i) Give notice of its intent to preserve conversion options to 6 the department of health no later than ((thirty)) <u>30</u> days after the 7 effective date of the license reduction; and

(ii) Give notice to the department of health and to the 8 department of social and health services of the intent to convert 9 beds back. If construction is required for the conversion of beds 10 11 back, the notice of intent to convert beds back must be given, at a 12 minimum, one year prior to the effective date of license modification reflecting the restored beds; otherwise, the notice must be given a 13 minimum of ((ninety)) 90 days prior to the effective date of license 14 modification reflecting the restored beds. Prior to any license 15 16 modification to convert beds back to nursing home beds under this 17 section, the licensee must demonstrate that the nursing home meets 18 the certificate of need exemption requirements of this section.

19 The term "construction," as used in (b)(ii) of this subsection, 20 is limited to those projects that are expected to equal or exceed the 21 expenditure minimum amount, as determined under this chapter.

(c) Conversion of beds back under this subsection must be completed no later than four years after the effective date of the license reduction. However, for good cause shown, the four-year period for conversion may be extended by the department of health for one additional four-year period.

(d) Nursing home beds that have been voluntarily reduced under this section shall be counted as available nursing home beds for the purpose of evaluating need under RCW 70.38.115(2) (a) and (k) so long as the facility retains the ability to convert them back to nursing home use under the terms of this section.

32 (e) When a building owner has secured an interest in the nursing 33 home beds, which are intended to be voluntarily reduced by the 34 licensee under (a) of this subsection, the applicant shall provide 35 the department with a written statement indicating the building 36 owner's approval of the bed reduction.

37 (10)(a) The department shall not require a certificate of need 38 for a hospice agency if:

(i) The hospice agency is designed to serve the unique religiousor cultural needs of a religious group or an ethnic minority and

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1 commits to furnishing hospice services in a manner specifically aimed 2 at meeting the unique religious or cultural needs of the religious 3 group or ethnic minority;

4

(ii) The hospice agency is operated by an organization that:

5 (A) Operates a facility, or group of facilities, that offers a 6 comprehensive continuum of long-term care services, including, at a 7 minimum, a licensed, medicare-certified nursing home, assisted 8 living, independent living, day health, and various community-based 9 support services, designed to meet the unique social, cultural, and 10 religious needs of a specific cultural and ethnic minority group;

(B) Has operated the facility or group of facilities for at least ((ten)) <u>10</u> continuous years prior to the establishment of the hospice agency;

14 (iii) The hospice agency commits to coordinating with existing 15 hospice programs in its community when appropriate;

16 (iv) The hospice agency has a census of no more than ((forty)) <u>40</u> 17 patients;

18 (v) The hospice agency commits to obtaining and maintaining 19 medicare certification;

(vi) The hospice agency only serves patients located in the same county as the majority of the long-term care services offered by the organization that operates the agency; and

23 (vii) The hospice agency is not sold or transferred to another 24 agency.

(b) The department shall include the patient census for an agency exempted under this subsection (10) in its calculations for future certificate of need applications.

(11) To alleviate the need to board psychiatric patients in emergency departments and increase capacity of hospitals to serve individuals on ((ninety)) <u>90</u>-day or ((one hundred eighty)) <u>180</u>-day commitment orders, for the period of time from May 5, 2017, through June 30, 2023:

(a) The department shall suspend the certificate of need requirement for a hospital licensed under chapter 70.41 RCW that changes the use of licensed beds to increase the number of beds to provide psychiatric services, including involuntary treatment services. A certificate of need exemption under this subsection (11) (a) shall be valid for two years.

39 (b) The department may not require a certificate of need for:

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1 (i) The addition of beds as described in RCW 70.38.260 (2) and 2 (3); or

3 (ii) The construction, development, or establishment of a 4 ((psychiatric)) <u>behavioral health</u> hospital licensed as an 5 establishment under chapter 71.12 RCW that will have no more than 6 ((sixteen)) <u>16</u> beds and provide treatment to adults on ((ninety)) <u>90</u> 7 or ((one hundred eighty)) <u>180</u>-day involuntary commitment orders, as 8 described in RCW 70.38.260(4).

9 (12)(a) An ambulatory surgical facility is exempt from all 10 certificate of need requirements if the facility:

(i) Is an individual or group practice and, if the facility is a group practice, the privilege of using the facility is not extended to physicians outside the group practice;

14 (ii) Operated or received approval to operate, prior to January 15 19, 2018; and

16 (iii) Was exempt from certificate of need requirements prior to 17 January 19, 2018, because the facility either:

18 (A) Was determined to be exempt from certificate of need 19 requirements pursuant to a determination of reviewability issued by 20 the department; or

(B) Was a single-specialty endoscopy center in existence prior to January 14, 2003, when the department determined that endoscopy procedures were surgeries for purposes of certificate of need.

24

(b) The exemption under this subsection:

(i) Applies regardless of future changes of ownership, corporate structure, or affiliations of the individual or group practice as long as the use of the facility remains limited to physicians in the group practice; and

29 (ii) Does not apply to changes in services, specialties, or 30 number of operating rooms.

31 (13) A rural health clinic providing health services in a home 32 health shortage area as declared by the department pursuant to 42 33 C.F.R. Sec. 405.2416 is not subject to certificate of need review 34 under this chapter.

35 Sec. 24. RCW 70.38.260 and 2021 c 277 s 2 are each amended to 36 read as follows:

(1) For a grant awarded during fiscal years 2018 and 2019 by the department of commerce under this section, hospitals licensed under chapter 70.41 RCW and ((psychiatric)) behavioral health hospitals 1 licensed as establishments under chapter 71.12 RCW are not subject to certificate of need requirements for the addition of the number of 2 new psychiatric beds indicated in the grant. The department of 3 commerce may not make a prior approval of a certificate of need 4 application a condition for a grant application under this 5 section. The period during which an approved hospital or 6 ((psychiatric)) behavioral health hospital project qualifies for a 7 certificate of need exemption under this section is two years from 8 the date of the grant award. 9

10 (2)(a) Until June 30, 2023, a hospital licensed under chapter 11 70.41 RCW is exempt from certificate of need requirements for the 12 addition of new psychiatric beds.

13 (b) A hospital that adds new psychiatric beds under this 14 subsection (2) must:

(i) Notify the department of the addition of new psychiatric beds. The department shall provide the hospital with a notice of exemption within ((thirty)) <u>30</u> days; and

18 (ii) Commence the project within two years of the date of receipt 19 of the notice of exemption.

(c) Beds granted an exemption under RCW 70.38.111(11)(b) must remain psychiatric beds unless a certificate of need is granted to change their use or the hospital voluntarily reduces its licensed capacity.

(3) (a) Until June 30, 2023, a ((psychiatric)) behavioral health 24 25 hospital licensed as an establishment under chapter 71.12 RCW is exempt from certificate of need requirements for the one-time 26 addition of up to 30 new psychiatric beds devoted solely for 90-day 27 28 and 180-day civil commitment services and for the one-time addition of up to 30 new voluntary psychiatric beds or involuntary psychiatric 29 beds for patients on a 120 hour detention or 14-day civil commitment 30 31 order, if the hospital makes a commitment to maintain a payer mix of 32 at least ((fifty)) 50 percent medicare and medicaid based on a 33 calculation using patient days for a period of five consecutive years after the beds are made available for use by patients, if it 34 demonstrates to the satisfaction of the department: 35

(i) That its most recent two years of publicly available fiscal
year-end report data as required under RCW 70.170.100 and 43.70.050
reported to the department by the ((psychiatric)) behavioral health
hospital, show a payer mix of a minimum of ((fifty)) 50 percent
medicare and medicaid based on a calculation using patient days; and

1 (ii) A commitment to maintaining the payer mix in (a) of this 2 subsection for a period of five consecutive years after the beds are 3 made available for use by patients.

4 (b) A ((psychiatric)) <u>behavioral health</u> hospital that adds new 5 psychiatric beds under this subsection (3) must:

(i) Notify the department of the addition of new psychiatric
beds. The department shall provide the ((psychiatric)) behavioral
<u>health</u> hospital with a notice of exemption within ((thirty)) <u>30</u> days;
and

10 (ii) Commence the project within two years of the date of receipt 11 of the notice of exemption.

12 (c) Beds granted an exemption under RCW 70.38.111(11)(b) must 13 remain the types of psychiatric beds indicated to the department in 14 the original exemption application unless a certificate of need is 15 granted to change their use or the ((psychiatric)) behavioral health 16 hospital voluntarily reduces its licensed capacity.

17 (4) (a) Until June 30, 2023, an entity seeking to construct, develop, or establish a ((psychiatric)) <u>behavioral health</u> hospital 18 licensed as an establishment under chapter 71.12 RCW is exempt from 19 certificate of need requirements if the proposed ((psychiatric)) 20 21 <u>behavioral health</u> hospital will have no more than ((sixteen)) <u>16</u> beds 22 and dedicate a portion of the beds to providing treatment to adults on ((ninety)) <u>90</u> or ((one hundred eighty)) <u>180</u>-day involuntary 23 commitment orders. The ((psychiatric)) behavioral health hospital may 24 25 also provide treatment to adults on a 120 hour detention or 14-day 26 involuntary commitment order.

(b) An entity that seeks to construct, develop, or establish a ((<del>psychiatric</del>)) <u>behavioral health</u> hospital under this subsection (4) must:

(i) Notify the department of the addition of construction,
development, or establishment. The department shall provide the
entity with a notice of exemption within ((thirty)) <u>30</u> days; and

33 (ii) Commence the project within two years of the date of receipt 34 of the notice of exemption.

35 (c) Entities granted an exemption under RCW 70.38.111(11)(b)(ii) 36 may not exceed ((sixteen)) <u>16</u> beds unless a certificate of need is 37 granted to increase the ((psychiatric)) <u>behavioral health</u> hospital's 38 capacity.

39 (5) This section expires June 30, 2025.

1 Sec. 25. RCW 71.24.025 and 2023 c 454 s 1 and 2023 c 433 s 1 are 2 each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

3 Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in 4 this section apply throughout this chapter.

(1) "23-hour crisis relief center" means a community-based 5 6 facility or portion of a facility serving adults, which is licensed or certified by the department of health and open 24 hours a day, 7 seven days a week, offering access to mental health and substance use 8 care for no more than 23 hours and 59 minutes at a time per patient, 9 and which accepts all behavioral health crisis walk-ins drop-offs 10 11 from first responders, and individuals referred through the 988 12 system regardless of behavioral health acuity, and meets the requirements under RCW 71.24.916. 13

14 (2) "988 crisis hotline" means the universal telephone number 15 within the United States designated for the purpose of the national 16 suicide prevention and mental health crisis hotline system operating 17 through the national suicide prevention lifeline.

18 (3) "Acutely mentally ill" means a condition which is limited to 19 a short-term severe crisis episode of:

(a) A mental disorder as defined in RCW 71.05.020 or, in the caseof a child, as defined in RCW 71.34.020;

(b) Being gravely disabled as defined in RCW 71.05.020 or, in the case of a child, a gravely disabled minor as defined in RCW 71.34.020; or

(c) Presenting a likelihood of serious harm as defined in RCW
71.05.020 or, in the case of a child, as defined in RCW 71.34.020.

(4) "Alcoholism" means a disease, characterized by a dependency on alcoholic beverages, loss of control over the amount and circumstances of use, symptoms of tolerance, physiological or psychological withdrawal, or both, if use is reduced or discontinued, and impairment of health or disruption of social or economic functioning.

33 (5) "Approved substance use disorder treatment program" means a 34 program for persons with a substance use disorder provided by a 35 treatment program licensed or certified by the department as meeting 36 standards adopted under this chapter.

37 (6) "Authority" means the Washington state health care authority.

38 (7) "Available resources" means funds appropriated for the 39 purpose of providing community behavioral health programs, federal 40 funds, except those provided according to Title XIX of the Social

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1 Security Act, and state funds appropriated under this chapter or 2 chapter 71.05 RCW by the legislature during any biennium for the 3 purpose of providing residential services, resource management 4 services, community support services, and other behavioral health 5 services. This does not include funds appropriated for the purpose of 6 operating and administering the state psychiatric hospitals.

7 (8) "Behavioral health administrative services organization" 8 means an entity contracted with the authority to administer 9 behavioral health services and programs under RCW 71.24.381, 10 including crisis services and administration of chapter 71.05 RCW, 11 the involuntary treatment act, for all individuals in a defined 12 regional service area.

(9) "Behavioral health aide" means a counselor, health educator, 13 14 and advocate who helps address individual and community-based behavioral health needs, including those related to alcohol, drug, 15 16 and tobacco abuse as well as mental health problems such as grief, 17 depression, suicide, and related issues and is certified by a community health aide program of the Indian health service or one or 18 19 more tribes or tribal organizations consistent with the provisions of 25 U.S.C. Sec. 16161 and RCW 43.71B.010 (7) and (8). 20

(10) "Behavioral health provider" means a person licensed under chapter 18.57, 18.71, 18.71A, 18.83, 18.205, 18.225, or 18.79 RCW, as it applies to registered nurses and advanced registered nurse practitioners.

(11) "Behavioral health services" means mental health services, substance use disorder treatment services, and co-occurring disorder treatment services as described in this chapter and chapter 71.36 RCW that, depending on the type of service, are provided by licensed or certified behavioral health agencies, behavioral health providers, or integrated into other health care providers.

31 (12) "Child" means a person under the age of ((eighteen)) <u>18</u> 32 years.

33 (13) "Chronically mentally ill adult" or "adult who is 34 chronically mentally ill" means an adult who has a mental disorder 35 and meets at least one of the following criteria:

36 (a) Has undergone two or more episodes of hospital care for a37 mental disorder within the preceding two years; or

38 (b) Has experienced a continuous ((psychiatric)) behavioral 39 <u>health</u> hospitalization or residential treatment exceeding six months' 40 duration within the preceding year; or

1 (c) Has been unable to engage in any substantial gainful activity 2 by reason of any mental disorder which has lasted for a continuous 3 period of not less than ((twelve)) <u>12</u> months. "Substantial gainful 4 activity" shall be defined by the authority by rule consistent with 5 Public Law 92-603, as amended.

6 (14) "Clubhouse" means a community-based program that provides 7 rehabilitation services and is licensed or certified by the 8 department.

9 (15) "Community behavioral health program" means all 10 expenditures, services, activities, or programs, including reasonable 11 administration and overhead, designed and conducted to prevent or 12 treat substance use disorder, mental illness, or both in the 13 community behavioral health system.

(16) "Community behavioral health service delivery system" means public, private, or tribal agencies that provide services specifically to persons with mental disorders, substance use disorders, or both, as defined under RCW 71.05.020 and receive funding from public sources.

(17) "Community support services" means services authorized, 19 planned, and coordinated through resource management services 20 21 including, at a minimum, assessment, diagnosis, emergency crisis intervention available ((twenty-four)) 24 hours, seven days a week, 22 prescreening determinations for persons who are mentally ill being 23 considered for placement in nursing homes as required by federal law, 24 25 screening for patients being considered for admission to residential services, diagnosis and treatment for children who are acutely 26 mentally ill or severely emotionally or behaviorally disturbed 27 discovered under screening through the federal Title XIX early and 28 29 periodic screening, diagnosis, and treatment program, investigation, legal, and other nonresidential services under chapter 71.05 RCW, 30 31 case management services, psychiatric treatment including medication 32 supervision, counseling, psychotherapy, assuring transfer of relevant patient information between service providers, recovery services, and 33 other services determined by behavioral health administrative 34 35 services organizations.

36 (18) "Community-based crisis team" means a team that is part of 37 an emergency medical services agency, a fire service agency, a public 38 health agency, a medical facility, a nonprofit crisis response 39 provider, or a city or county government entity, other than a law 40 enforcement agency, that provides the on-site community-based

interventions of a mobile rapid response crisis team for individuals
 who are experiencing a behavioral health crisis.

3 (19) "Consensus-based" means a program or practice that has 4 general support among treatment providers and experts, based on 5 experience or professional literature, and may have anecdotal or case 6 study support, or that is agreed but not possible to perform studies 7 with random assignment and controlled groups.

8 (20) "County authority" means the board of county commissioners, 9 county council, or county executive having authority to establish a 10 behavioral health administrative services organization, or two or 11 more of the county authorities specified in this subsection which 12 have entered into an agreement to establish a behavioral health 13 administrative services organization.

(21) "Crisis stabilization services" means services such as 23-14 hour crisis relief centers, crisis stabilization units, short-term 15 16 respite facilities, peer-run respite services, and same-day walk-in 17 behavioral health services, including within the overall crisis 18 system components that operate like hospital emergency departments 19 that accept all walk-ins, and ambulance, fire, and police drop-offs, or determine the need for involuntary hospitalization of an 20 21 individual.

22 (22) "Crisis stabilization unit" has the same meaning as under 23 RCW 71.05.020.

(23) "Department" means the department of health.

25 (24) "Designated 988 contact hub" means a state-designated 26 contact center that streamlines clinical interventions and access to 27 resources for people experiencing a behavioral health crisis and 28 participates in the national suicide prevention lifeline network to 29 respond to statewide or regional 988 contacts that meets the 30 requirements of RCW 71.24.890.

31 (25) "Designated crisis responder" has the same meaning as in RCW 32 71.05.020.

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(26) "Director" means the director of the authority.

34 (27) "Drug addiction" means a disease characterized by a 35 dependency on psychoactive chemicals, loss of control over the amount 36 and circumstances of use, symptoms of tolerance, physiological or 37 psychological withdrawal, or both, if use is reduced or discontinued, 38 and impairment of health or disruption of social or economic 39 functioning.

1 (28) "Early adopter" means a regional service area for which all 2 of the county authorities have requested that the authority purchase 3 medical and behavioral health services through a managed care health 4 system as defined under RCW 71.24.380(7).

5 (29) "Emerging best practice" or "promising practice" means a 6 program or practice that, based on statistical analyses or a well 7 established theory of change, shows potential for meeting the 8 evidence-based or research-based criteria, which may include the use 9 of a program that is evidence-based for outcomes other than those 10 listed in subsection (30) of this section.

(30) "Evidence-based" means a program or practice that has been 11 12 tested in heterogeneous or intended populations with multiple randomized, or statistically controlled evaluations, or both; or one 13 14 multiple site randomized, or statistically controlled large evaluation, or both, where the weight of the evidence from a systemic 15 16 review demonstrates sustained improvements in at least one outcome. 17 "Evidence-based" also means a program or practice that can be implemented with a set of procedures to allow successful replication 18 19 in Washington and, when possible, is determined to be costbeneficial. 20

(31) "First responders" includes ambulance, fire, mobile rapid response crisis team, coresponder team, designated crisis responder, fire department mobile integrated health team, community assistance referral and education services program under RCW 35.21.930, and law enforcement personnel.

(32) <u>"Immediate jeopardy" means a situation in which the licensed</u> or certified behavioral health agency's noncompliance with one or more statutory or regulatory requirements has placed the health and safety of patients in its care at risk for serious injury, serious harm, serious impairment, or death.

31 <u>(33)</u> "Indian health care provider" means a health care program 32 operated by the Indian health service or by a tribe, tribal 33 organization, or urban Indian organization as those terms are defined 34 in the Indian health care improvement act (25 U.S.C. Sec. 1603).

35 (((33))) (34) "Intensive behavioral health treatment facility" 36 means a community-based specialized residential treatment facility 37 for individuals with behavioral health conditions, including 38 individuals discharging from or being diverted from state and local 39 hospitals, whose impairment or behaviors do not meet, or no longer 40 meet, criteria for involuntary inpatient commitment under chapter

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1 71.05 RCW, but whose care needs cannot be met in other community-2 based placement settings.

3 ((<del>(34)</del>)) <u>(35)</u> "Licensed or certified behavioral health agency" 4 means:

5 (a) An entity licensed or certified according to this chapter or 6 chapter 71.05 RCW;

7 (b) An entity deemed to meet state minimum standards as a result 8 of accreditation by a recognized behavioral health accrediting body 9 recognized and having a current agreement with the department; or

10 (c) An entity with a tribal attestation that it meets state 11 minimum standards for a licensed or certified behavioral health 12 agency.

13 ((<del>(35)</del>)) <u>(36)</u> "Licensed physician" means a person licensed to 14 practice medicine or osteopathic medicine and surgery in the state of 15 Washington.

((((36))) (37) "Long-term inpatient care" means inpatient services 16 17 for persons committed for, or voluntarily receiving intensive treatment for, periods of ((ninety)) 90 days or greater under chapter 18 71.05 RCW. "Long-term inpatient care" as used in this chapter does 19 not include: (a) Services for individuals committed under chapter 20 21 71.05 RCW who are receiving services pursuant to a conditional release or a court-ordered less restrictive alternative to detention; 22 23 or (b) services for individuals voluntarily receiving less 24 restrictive alternative treatment on the grounds of the state 25 hospital.

26 (((37))) (38) "Managed care organization" means an organization, 27 having a certificate of authority or certificate of registration from 28 the office of the insurance commissioner, that contracts with the 29 authority under a comprehensive risk contract to provide prepaid 30 health care services to enrollees under the authority's managed care 31 programs under chapter 74.09 RCW.

32 ((<del>(38)</del>)) <u>(39)</u> "Mental health peer-run respite center" means a 33 peer-run program to serve individuals in need of voluntary, short-34 term, noncrisis services that focus on recovery and wellness.

35 (((39))) (40) Mental health "treatment records" include 36 registration and all other records concerning persons who are 37 receiving or who at any time have received services for mental 38 illness, which are maintained by the department of social and health 39 services or the authority, by behavioral health administrative 40 services organizations and their staffs, by managed care

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1 organizations and their staffs, or by treatment facilities. 2 "Treatment records" do not include notes or records maintained for 3 personal use by a person providing treatment services for the 4 entities listed in this subsection, or a treatment facility if the 5 notes or records are not available to others.

6 (((40))) (41) "Mentally ill persons," "persons who are mentally 7 ill," and "the mentally ill" mean persons and conditions defined in 8 subsections (3), (13), (((48))) (49), and (((49))) (50) of this 9 section.

((((41))) (42) "Mobile rapid response crisis team" means a team 10 11 that provides professional on-site community-based intervention such 12 as outreach, de-escalation, stabilization, resource connection, and follow-up support for individuals who are experiencing a behavioral 13 14 health crisis, that shall include certified peer counselors as a best practice to the extent practicable based on workforce availability, 15 16 and that meets standards for response times established by the 17 authority.

18 ((<del>(42)</del>)) <u>(43)</u> "Recovery" means a process of change through which 19 individuals improve their health and wellness, live a self-directed 20 life, and strive to reach their full potential.

(((43))) (44) "Research-based" means a program or practice that has been tested with a single randomized, or statistically controlled evaluation, or both, demonstrating sustained desirable outcomes; or where the weight of the evidence from a systemic review supports sustained outcomes as described in subsection (30) of this section but does not meet the full criteria for evidence-based.

((((44)))) (45) "Residential services" means a complete range of 27 residences and supports authorized by resource management services 28 and which may involve a facility, a distinct part thereof, or 29 services which support community living, for persons who are acutely 30 31 mentally ill, adults who are chronically mentally ill, children who 32 are severely emotionally disturbed, or adults who are seriously disturbed and determined by the behavioral health administrative 33 services organization or managed care organization to be at risk of 34 becoming acutely or chronically mentally ill. The services shall 35 include at least evaluation and treatment services as defined in 36 chapter 71.05 RCW, acute crisis respite care, long-term adaptive and 37 rehabilitative care, and supervised and supported living services, 38 39 and shall also include any residential services developed to service 40 persons who are mentally ill in nursing homes, residential treatment

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facilities, assisted living facilities, and adult family homes, and may include outpatient services provided as an element in a package of services in a supported housing model. Residential services for children in out-of-home placements related to their mental disorder shall not include the costs of food and shelter, except for children's long-term residential facilities existing prior to January 1, 1991.

8 ((<del>(45)</del>)) <u>(46)</u> "Resilience" means the personal and community 9 qualities that enable individuals to rebound from adversity, trauma, 10 tragedy, threats, or other stresses, and to live productive lives.

11 ((((46))) (47) "Resource management services" mean the planning, 12 coordination, and authorization of residential services and community support services administered pursuant to an individual service plan 13 for: (a) Adults and children who are acutely mentally ill; (b) adults 14 who are chronically mentally ill; (c) children who are severely 15 16 emotionally disturbed; or (d) adults who are seriously disturbed and 17 determined by a behavioral health administrative services organization or managed care organization to be at risk of becoming 18 19 acutely or chronically mentally ill. Such planning, coordination, and authorization shall include mental health screening for children 20 21 eligible under the federal Title XIX early and periodic screening, 22 diagnosis, and treatment program. Resource management services include seven day a week, ((twenty-four)) 24 hour a day availability 23 of information regarding enrollment of adults and children who are 24 25 mentally ill in services and their individual service plan to designated crisis responders, evaluation and treatment facilities, 26 and others as determined by the behavioral health administrative 27 services organization or managed care organization, as applicable. 28

29 (((47))) (48) "Secretary" means the secretary of the department 30 of health.

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((<del>(48)</del>)) <u>(49)</u> "Seriously disturbed person" means a person who:

(a) Is gravely disabled or presents a likelihood of serious harm
 to himself or herself or others, or to the property of others, as a
 result of a mental disorder as defined in chapter 71.05 RCW;

35 (b) Has been on conditional release status, or under a less 36 restrictive alternative order, at some time during the preceding two 37 years from an evaluation and treatment facility or a state mental 38 health hospital;

39 (c) Has a mental disorder which causes major impairment in 40 several areas of daily living;

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(d) Exhibits suicidal preoccupation or attempts; or

2 (e) Is a child diagnosed by a mental health professional, as 3 defined in chapter 71.34 RCW, as experiencing a mental disorder which 4 is clearly interfering with the child's functioning in family or 5 school or with peers or is clearly interfering with the child's 6 personality development and learning.

((<del>(49)</del>)) (50) "Severely emotionally disturbed child" or "child 7 who is severely emotionally disturbed" means a child who has been 8 by the behavioral health administrative services 9 determined organization or managed care organization, if applicable, to be 10 experiencing a mental disorder as defined in chapter 71.34 RCW, 11 12 including those mental disorders that result in a behavioral or conduct disorder, that is clearly interfering with the child's 13 functioning in family or school or with peers and who meets at least 14 one of the following criteria: 15

(a) Has undergone inpatient treatment or placement outside of thehome related to a mental disorder within the last two years;

18 (b) Has undergone involuntary treatment under chapter 71.34 RCW 19 within the last two years;

(c) Is currently served by at least one of the following childserving systems: Juvenile justice, child-protection/welfare, special education, or developmental disabilities;

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(d) Is at risk of escalating maladjustment due to:

(i) Chronic family dysfunction involving a caretaker who ismentally ill or inadequate;

26 (ii) Changes in custodial adult;

(iii) Going to, residing in, or returning from any placement outside of the home, for example, ((psychiatric)) behavioral health hospital, short-term inpatient, residential treatment, group or foster home, or a correctional facility;

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(iv) Subject to repeated physical abuse or neglect;

32 (v) Drug or alcohol abuse; or

33 (vi) Homelessness.

34 ((<del>(50)</del>)) <u>(51)</u> "State minimum standards" means minimum 35 requirements established by rules adopted and necessary to implement 36 this chapter by:

37 (a) The authority for:

38 (i) Delivery of mental health and substance use disorder 39 services; and

40 (ii) Community support services and resource management services;

- 1
- (b) The department of health for:

2 (i) Licensed or certified behavioral health agencies for the
3 purpose of providing mental health or substance use disorder programs
4 and services, or both;

5 (ii) Licensed behavioral health providers for the provision of 6 mental health or substance use disorder services, or both; and

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(iii) Residential services.

8 ((<del>(51)</del>)) <u>(52)</u> "Substance use disorder" means a cluster of 9 cognitive, behavioral, and physiological symptoms indicating that an 10 individual continues using the substance despite significant 11 substance-related problems. The diagnosis of a substance use disorder 12 is based on a pathological pattern of behaviors related to the use of 13 the substances.

14 ((<del>(52)</del>)) <u>(53)</u> "Tribe," for the purposes of this section, means a 15 federally recognized Indian tribe.

16 Sec. 26. RCW 71.24.037 and 2023 c 454 s 2 are each amended to 17 read as follows:

(1) The secretary shall license or certify any agency or facility that: (a) Submits payment of the fee established under RCW 43.70.110 and 43.70.250; <u>and</u> (b) submits a complete application that demonstrates the ability to comply with requirements for operating and maintaining an agency or facility in statute or rule((; and (c) successfully completes the prelicensure inspection requirement)).

24 (2) The secretary shall establish by rule minimum standards for licensed or certified behavioral health agencies that must, at a 25 minimum, establish: (a) Qualifications for staff providing services 26 27 directly to persons with mental disorders, substance use disorders, or both; (b) the intended result of each service; and (c) the rights 28 29 and responsibilities of persons receiving behavioral health services 30 pursuant to this chapter and chapters 71.34 and ((chapter)) 71.05 31 RCW. The secretary shall provide for deeming of licensed or certified 32 behavioral health agencies as meeting state minimum standards as a 33 result of accreditation by a recognized behavioral health accrediting body recognized and having a current agreement with the department. 34

35 (3) ((The department shall review reports or other information 36 alleging a failure to comply with this chapter or the standards and 37 rules adopted under this chapter and may initiate investigations and 38 enforcement actions based on those reports. 1 (4) The department shall conduct inspections of agencies and 2 facilities, including reviews of records and documents required to be 3 maintained under this chapter or rules adopted under this chapter.

4 (5) The department may suspend, revoke, limit, restrict, or 5 modify an approval, or refuse to grant approval, for failure to meet 6 the provisions of this chapter, or the standards adopted under this 7 chapter. RCW 43.70.115 governs notice of a license or certification 8 denial, revocation, suspension, or modification and provides the 9 right to an adjudicative proceeding.

10 (6)) No licensed or certified behavioral health agency may 11 advertise or represent itself as a licensed or certified behavioral 12 health agency if approval has not been granted or has been denied, 13 suspended, revoked, or canceled.

(((-7))) (4) Licensure or certification as a behavioral health 14 agency is effective for one calendar year from the date of issuance 15 16 of the license or certification. The license or certification must specify the types of services provided by the behavioral health 17 18 agency that meet the standards adopted under this chapter. Renewal of a license or certification must be made in accordance with this 19 section for initial approval and in accordance with the standards set 20 forth in rules adopted by the secretary. 21

((<del>(8)</del>)) <u>(5)</u> Licensure or certification as a licensed or certified behavioral health agency must specify the types of services provided that meet the standards adopted under this chapter. Renewal of a license or certification must be made in accordance with this section for initial approval and in accordance with the standards set forth in rules adopted by the secretary.

((<del>(9)</del>)) <u>(6)</u> The department shall develop a process by which a provider may obtain dual licensure as an evaluation and treatment facility and secure withdrawal management and stabilization facility.

31 (((10))) (7) Licensed or certified behavioral health agencies may 32 not provide types of services for which the licensed or certified 33 behavioral health agency has not been certified. Licensed or 34 certified behavioral health agencies may provide services for which 35 approval has been sought and is pending, if approval for the services 36 has not been previously revoked or denied.

37 (((11) The department periodically shall inspect licensed or 38 certified behavioral health agencies at reasonable times and in a 39 reasonable manner.

1 (12) Upon petition of the department and after a hearing held upon reasonable notice to the facility, the superior court may issue 2 a warrant to an officer or employee of the department authorizing him 3 4 or her to enter and inspect at reasonable times, and examine the books and accounts of, any licensed or certified behavioral health 5 agency refusing to consent to inspection or examination by the 6 7 department or which the department has reasonable cause to believe is 8 operating in violation of this chapter.

9 (13)) (8) The department shall maintain and periodically publish 10 a current list of licensed or certified behavioral health agencies.

11 (((14) Each licensed or certified behavioral health agency shall file with the department or the authority upon request, data, 12 13 statistics, schedules, and information the department or the authority reasonably requires. A licensed or certified behavioral 14 15 health agency that without good cause fails to furnish any data, statistics, schedules, or information as requested, or files 16 fraudulent returns thereof, may have its license or certification 17 revoked or suspended. 18

19 (15) The authority shall use the data provided in subsection (14) 20 of this section to evaluate each program that admits children to 21 inpatient substance use disorder treatment upon application of their parents. The evaluation must be done at least once every twelve 22 23 months. In addition, the authority shall randomly select and review 24 the information on individual children who are admitted on 25 application of the child's parent for the purpose of determining 26 whether the child was appropriately placed into substance use 27 disorder treatment based on an objective evaluation of the child's 28 condition and the outcome of the child's treatment.

29 (16) Any settlement agreement entered into between the department 30 and licensed or certified behavioral health agencies to resolve administrative complaints, license or certification violations, 31 license or certification suspensions, or license or certification 32 revocations may not reduce the number of violations reported by the 33 department unless the department concludes, based on evidence 34 35 gathered by inspectors, that the licensed or certified behavioral health agency did not commit one or more of the violations. 36

37 (17) In cases in which a behavioral health agency that is in 38 violation of licensing or certification standards attempts to 39 transfer or sell the behavioral health agency to a family member, the 40 transfer or sale may only be made for the purpose of remedying

1 license or certification violations and achieving full compliance with the terms of the license or certification. Transfers or sales to 2 family members are prohibited in cases in which the purpose of the 3 transfer or sale is to avoid liability or reset the number of license 4 or certification violations found before the transfer or sale. If the 5 6 department finds that the owner intends to transfer or sell, or has completed the transfer or sale of, ownership of the behavioral health 7 agency to a family member solely for the purpose of resetting the 8 number of violations found before the transfer or sale, the 9 10 department may not renew the behavioral health agency's license or certification or issue a new license or certification to the 11 12 behavioral health service provider.

13 (18) Every licensed or certified outpatient behavioral health 14 agency shall display the 988 crisis hotline number in common areas of 15 the premises and include the number as a calling option on any phone 16 message for persons calling the agency after business hours.

17 (19) Every licensed or certified inpatient or residential 18 behavioral health agency must include the 988 crisis hotline number 19 in the discharge summary provided to individuals being discharged 20 from inpatient or residential services.))

21 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 27. A new section is added to chapter 71.24 22 RCW to read as follows:

(1) The department shall review reports or other information alleging a failure to comply with this chapter or the standards and rules adopted under this chapter and may initiate investigations and enforcement actions based on those reports.

(2) The department shall conduct inspections of licensed or
 certified behavioral health agencies, including reviews of records
 and documents required to be maintained under this chapter or rules
 adopted under this chapter.

31 (3) Each licensed or certified behavioral health agency shall 32 file with the department or the authority upon request data, statistics, schedules, medical records, and other information the 33 department or the authority reasonably requires. A licensed or 34 certified behavioral health agency that without good cause fails to 35 furnish any data, statistics, schedules, or information as requested, 36 files fraudulent returns thereof, may have its license 37 or or 38 certification revoked or suspended.

1 (4) The authority shall use the data provided in subsection (3) of this section to evaluate each program that admits children to 2 inpatient substance use disorder treatment upon application of their 3 parents. The evaluation shall be done at least once every 12 months. 4 In addition, the authority shall randomly select and review the 5 6 information on individual children who are admitted on application of 7 the child's parent for the purpose of determining whether the child was appropriately placed into substance use disorder treatment based 8 on an objective evaluation of the child's condition and the outcome 9 of the child's treatment. 10

11 (5) Any settlement agreement entered into between the department 12 and licensed or certified behavioral health agencies to resolve administrative complaints, license or certification violations, 13 license or certification suspensions, or license or certification 14 15 revocations may not reduce the number of violations reported by the 16 department unless the department concludes, based on evidence 17 gathered by inspectors, that the licensed or certified behavioral 18 health agency did not commit one or more of the violations.

(6) In cases in which a licensed or certified behavioral health 19 agency that is in violation of licensing or certification standards 20 attempts to transfer or sell the behavioral health agency to a family 21 22 member, the transfer or sale may only be made for the purpose of 23 remedying license or certification violations and achieving full compliance with the terms of the license or certification. Transfers 24 25 or sales to family members are prohibited in cases in which the purpose of the transfer or sale is to avoid liability or reset the 26 number of license or certification violations found before the 27 28 transfer or sale. If the department finds that the owner intends to transfer or sell, or has completed the transfer or sale of, ownership 29 of the behavioral health agency to a family member solely for the 30 31 purpose of resetting the number of violations found before the 32 transfer or sale, the department may not renew the behavioral health 33 agency's license or certification or issue a new license or 34 certification to the behavioral health provider.

(7) In any case in which the department finds that a licensed or certified behavioral health agency has failed or refused to comply with the requirements of this chapter or the standards or rules adopted under this chapter, the department may take one or more of the actions identified in this section, except as otherwise limited in this section.

1 (a) When the department determines the licensed or certified behavioral health agency has previously been subject to 2 an enforcement action for the same or similar type of violation of the 3 same statute or rule, or has been given any previous statement of 4 deficiency that included the same or similar type of violation of the 5 6 same or similar statute or rule, or when the licensed or certified 7 behavioral health agency failed to correct noncompliance with a statute or rule by a date established or agreed to by the department, 8 the department may impose reasonable conditions on a license. 9 Conditions may include correction within a specified amount of time, 10 11 training, or hiring a department-approved consultant if the licensed 12 or certified behavioral health agency cannot demonstrate to the department that it has access to sufficient internal expertise. 13

14 (b) (i) In accordance with the department's authority under RCW 43.70.095, the department may assess a civil fine of up to \$3,000 per 15 violation on a licensed or certified behavioral health agency when 16 17 the department determines the licensed or certified behavioral health agency has previously been subject to an enforcement action for the 18 same or similar type of violation of the same statute or rule, or has 19 been given any previous statement of deficiency that included the 20 21 same or similar type of violation of the same or similar statute or 22 rule, or when the licensed or certified behavioral health agency 23 failed to correct noncompliance with a statute or rule by a date established or agreed to by the department. 24

(ii) Proceeds from these fines may only be used by the department to provide training or technical assistance to licensed or certified behavioral health agencies and to offset costs associated with licensing, certification, or enforcement of behavioral health agencies.

30 (iii) The department shall adopt in rules under this chapter 31 specific fine amounts in relation to the severity of the 32 noncompliance and at an adequate level to be a deterrent to future 33 noncompliance.

34 (iv) If a licensee is aggrieved by the department's action of 35 assessing civil fines, the licensee has the right to appeal under RCW 36 43.70.095.

37 (c) The department may suspend new intake or admission of a 38 specific category or categories of individuals receiving behavioral 39 health services as related to the violation by imposing a limited

1 stop placement. This may only be done if the department finds that 2 noncompliance results in immediate jeopardy.

3 (i) Prior to imposing a limited stop placement, the department shall provide a licensed or certified behavioral health agency 4 written notification upon identifying deficient practices 5 or 6 conditions that constitute an immediate jeopardy, and the licensed or certified behavioral health agency shall have 24 hours from 7 notification to develop and implement a department-approved plan to 8 correct the deficient practices or conditions that constitute an 9 immediate jeopardy. If the deficient practices or conditions that 10 11 constitute immediate jeopardy are not verified by the department as 12 having been corrected within the same 24-hour period, the department may issue the limited stop placement. 13

(ii) When the department imposes a limited stop placement, the licensed or certified behavioral health agency may not accept any new individuals in the category or categories subject to the limited stop placement until the limited stop placement is terminated.

18 (iii) The department shall conduct a follow-up inspection within 19 five business days or within the time period requested by the 20 licensed or certified behavioral health agency if more than five 21 business days is needed to verify the violation necessitating the 22 limited stop placement has been corrected.

(iv) The limited stop placement shall be terminated when:

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(A) The department verifies the violation necessitating the
limited stop placement has been corrected or the department
determines that the licensed or certified behavioral health agency
has taken intermediate action to address the immediate jeopardy; and

(B) The licensed or certified behavioral health agency
 establishes the ability to maintain correction of the violation
 previously found deficient.

31 (d) The department may suspend new intake or admission of 32 individuals receiving behavioral health services as related to the 33 violation by imposing a stop placement. This may only be done if the 34 department finds that noncompliance results in immediate jeopardy and 35 is not confined to a specific category or categories of individuals.

(i) Prior to imposing a stop placement, the department shall provide a licensed or certified behavioral health agency written notification upon identifying deficient practices or conditions that constitute an immediate jeopardy. The licensed or certified behavioral health agency shall have 24 hours from notification to

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develop and implement a department-approved plan to correct the deficient practices or conditions that constitute an immediate jeopardy. If the deficient practices or conditions that constitute an immediate jeopardy are not verified by the department as having been corrected within the same 24-hour period, the department may issue the stop placement.

7 (ii) When the department imposes a stop placement, the licensed 8 or certified behavioral health agency may not accept any new 9 individuals receiving behavioral health services until the stop 10 placement is terminated.

11 (iii) The department shall conduct a follow-up inspection within 12 five business days or within the time period requested by the 13 licensed or certified behavioral health agency if more than five 14 business days is needed to verify the violation necessitating the 15 stop placement has been corrected.

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(iv) The stop placement shall be terminated when:

17 (A) The department verifies the violation necessitating the stop 18 placement has been corrected or the department determines that the 19 licensed or certified behavioral health agency has taken intermediate 20 action to address the immediate jeopardy; and

(B) The licensed or certified behavioral health agency
 establishes the ability to maintain correction of the violation
 previously found deficient.

(e) The department may suspend a specific category or categories
of behavioral health services as related to the violation by imposing
a limited stop service. This may only be done if the department finds
that noncompliance results in immediate jeopardy.

28 (i) Prior to imposing a limited stop service, the department 29 shall provide a licensed or certified behavioral health agency written notification upon identifying deficient practices or 30 31 conditions that constitute an immediate jeopardy. The licensed or 32 certified behavioral health agency shall have 24 hours from notification to develop and implement a department-approved plan to 33 correct the deficient practices or conditions that constitute an 34 immediate jeopardy. If the deficient practices or conditions that 35 constitute immediate jeopardy are not verified by the department as 36 having been corrected within the same 24-hour period, the department 37 may issue the limited stop service. 38

39 (ii) When the department imposes a limited stop service, the 40 licensed or certified behavioral health agency may not provide the services in the category or categories subject to the limited stop
 service to any new or existing individuals, unless otherwise allowed
 by the department, until the limited stop service is terminated.

4 (iii) The department shall conduct a follow-up inspection within 5 five business days or within the time period requested by the 6 licensed or certified behavioral health agency if more than five 7 business days is needed to verify the violation necessitating the 8 limited stop service has been corrected.

9

(iv) The limited stop service shall be terminated when:

10 (A) The department verifies the violation necessitating the 11 limited stop service has been corrected or the department determines 12 that the licensed or certified behavioral health agency has taken 13 intermediate action to address the immediate jeopardy; and

14 (B) The licensed or certified behavioral health agency 15 establishes the ability to maintain correction of the violation 16 previously found deficient.

17 (f) The department may suspend, revoke, or refuse to renew a 18 license.

(8) (a) Except as otherwise provided, RCW 43.70.115 governs notice 19 of the imposition of conditions on a license, a limited stop 20 21 placement, stop placement, limited stop service, or the suspension, revocation, or refusal to renew a license and provides the right to 22 an adjudicative proceeding. Adjudicative proceedings and hearings 23 under this section are governed by the administrative procedure act, 24 25 chapter 34.05 RCW. The application for an adjudicative proceeding must be in writing, state the basis for contesting the adverse 26 action, include a copy of the department's notice, be served on and 27 received by the department within 28 days of the licensee's receipt 28 29 of the adverse notice, and be served in a manner that shows proof of 30 receipt.

31 (b) When the department determines a licensee's noncompliance 32 results in immediate jeopardy, the department may make the imposition 33 of conditions on a licensee, a limited stop placement, stop 34 placement, limited stop service, or the suspension of a license 35 effective immediately upon receipt of the notice by the licensee, 36 pending any adjudicative proceeding.

(i) When the department makes the suspension of a license or imposition of conditions on a license effective immediately, a licensee is entitled to a show cause hearing before a presiding officer within 14 days of making the request. The licensee must 1 request the show cause hearing within 28 days of receipt of the 2 notice of immediate suspension or immediate imposition of conditions. 3 At the show cause hearing the department has the burden of 4 demonstrating that more probably than not there is an immediate 5 jeopardy.

6 (ii) At the show cause hearing, the presiding officer may 7 consider the notice and documents supporting the immediate suspension or immediate imposition of conditions and the licensee's response and 8 shall provide the parties with an opportunity to provide documentary 9 evidence and written testimony, and to be represented by counsel. 10 Prior to the show cause hearing, the department shall provide the 11 12 licensee with all documentation that supports the department's immediate suspension or immediate imposition of conditions. 13

(iii) If the presiding officer determines there is no immediate jeopardy, the presiding officer may overturn the immediate suspension or immediate imposition of conditions.

(iv) If the presiding officer determines there is immediate jeopardy, the immediate suspension or immediate imposition of conditions shall remain in effect pending a full hearing.

20 (v) If the secretary sustains the immediate suspension or 21 immediate imposition of conditions, the licensee may request an 22 expedited full hearing on the merits of the department's action. A 23 full hearing must be provided within 90 days of the licensee's 24 request.

(9) When the department determines an alleged violation, if true, would constitute an immediate jeopardy, and the licensee fails to cooperate with the department's investigation of such an alleged violation, the department may impose an immediate limited stop placement, immediate stop placement, immediate limited stop service, immediate imposition of conditions, or immediate suspension.

31 When the department imposes an immediate limited stop (a) 32 placement, immediate stop placement, immediate limited stop service, 33 immediate imposition of conditions, or immediate suspension for failure to cooperate, a licensee is entitled to a show cause hearing 34 before a presiding officer within 14 days of making the request. The 35 licensee must request the show cause hearing within 28 days of 36 receipt of the notice of an immediate limited stop placement, 37 immediate stop placement, immediate limited stop service, immediate 38 39 imposition of conditions, or immediate suspension for failure to 40 cooperate. At the show cause hearing the department has the burden of

1 demonstrating that more probably than not the alleged violation, if 2 true, would constitute an immediate jeopardy and the licensee failed 3 to cooperate with the department's investigation.

(b) At the show cause hearing, the presiding officer may consider 4 the notice and documents supporting the immediate limited stop 5 6 placement, immediate stop placement, immediate limited stop service, 7 immediate imposition of conditions, or immediate suspension for failure to cooperate, and the licensee's response and shall provide 8 the parties with an opportunity to provide documentary evidence and 9 written testimony, and to be represented by counsel. Prior to the 10 11 show cause hearing, the department shall provide the licensee with all documentation that supports the department's immediate action for 12 13 failure to cooperate.

14 (c) If the presiding officer determines the alleged violation, if 15 true, does not constitute an immediate jeopardy or determines that 16 the licensee cooperated with the department's investigation, the 17 presiding officer may overturn the immediate action for failure to 18 cooperate.

(d) If the presiding officer determines the allegation, if true, would constitute an immediate jeopardy and the licensee failed to cooperate with the department's investigation, the immediate action for failure to cooperate shall remain in effect pending a full hearing.

(e) If the presiding officer sustains the immediate action for
failure to cooperate, the licensee may request an expedited full
hearing on the merits of the department's action. A full hearing must
be provided within 90 days of the licensee's request.

28 Sec. 28. RCW 70.170.020 and 2022 c 197 s 1 are each amended to 29 read as follows:

30 As used in this chapter:

31

(1) "Department" means department of health.

(2) "Hospital" means any health care institution which is
 required to qualify for a license under RCW 70.41.020(8); or as a
 ((psychiatric)) behavioral health hospital under chapter 71.12 RCW.

35 (3) "Secretary" means secretary of health.

(4) "Charity care" means medically necessary hospital health care
 rendered to indigent persons when third-party coverage, if any, has
 been exhausted, to the extent that the persons are unable to pay for

1 the care or to pay deductibles or coinsurance amounts required by a 2 third-party payer, as determined by the department.

3 (5) "Indigent persons" are those patients or their guarantors who 4 qualify for charity care pursuant to RCW 70.170.060(5) based on the 5 federal poverty level, adjusted for family size, and who have 6 exhausted any third-party coverage.

(6) "Third-party coverage" means an obligation on the part of an 7 insurance company, health care service contractor, health maintenance 8 organization, group health plan, government program, tribal health 9 benefits, or health care sharing ministry as defined in 26 U.S.C. 10 11 Sec. 5000A to pay for the care of covered patients and services, and may include settlements, judgments, or awards actually received 12 related to the negligent acts of others which have resulted in the 13 medical condition for which the patient has received hospital health 14 care service. The pendency of such settlements, judgments, or awards 15 16 must not stay hospital obligations to consider an eligible patient 17 for charity care.

18 (7) "Special studies" means studies which have not been funded 19 through the department's biennial or other legislative 20 appropriations.

21 Sec. 29. RCW 18.64.005 and 2022 c 240 s 15 are each amended to 22 read as follows:

23 The commission shall:

(1) Regulate the practice of pharmacy and enforce all laws placedunder its jurisdiction;

(2) Prepare or determine the nature of, and supervise the gradingof, examinations for applicants for pharmacists' licenses;

(3) Establish the qualifications for licensure of pharmacists orpharmacy interns;

30 (4) Conduct hearings for the revocation or suspension of licenses, permits, registrations, certificates, or 31 any other authority to practice granted by the commission, which hearings may 32 also be conducted by an administrative law judge appointed under 33 chapter 34.12 RCW or a presiding officer designated by the 34 commission. The commission may authorize the secretary, or their 35 designee, to serve as the presiding officer for any disciplinary 36 proceedings of the commission ((authorized under this chapter)). The 37 presiding officer shall not vote on or make any final decision in 38 cases pertaining to standards of practice or where clinical expertise 39

is necessary. All functions performed by the presiding officer shall
 be subject to chapter 34.05 RCW;

3 (5) Issue subpoenas and administer oaths in connection with any 4 hearing, or disciplinary proceeding held under this chapter or any 5 other chapter assigned to the commission;

6 (6) Assist the regularly constituted enforcement agencies of this 7 state in enforcing all laws pertaining to drugs, controlled 8 substances, and the practice of pharmacy, or any other laws or rules 9 under its jurisdiction;

Promulgate rules for the dispensing, 10 (7) distribution, wholesaling, and manufacturing of drugs and devices and the practice 11 12 of pharmacy for the protection and promotion of the public health, safety, and welfare. Violation of any such rules shall constitute 13 grounds for ((refusal)) denial of an application, assessment of a 14 civil fine, imposition of a limited stop service, imposition of 15 16 reasonable conditions, suspension, ((or)) revocation, or modification 17 of licenses or any other authority to practice issued by the commission; 18

19 (8) Adopt rules establishing and governing continuing education 20 requirements for pharmacists and other licensees applying for renewal 21 of licenses under this chapter;

(9) Be immune, collectively and individually, from suit in any action, civil or criminal, based upon any disciplinary proceedings or other official acts performed as members of the commission. Such immunity shall apply to employees of the department when acting in the course of disciplinary proceedings;

(10) Suggest strategies for preventing, reducing, and eliminating
 drug misuse, diversion, and abuse, including professional and public
 education, and treatment of persons misusing and abusing drugs;

30 (11) Conduct or encourage educational programs to be conducted to 31 prevent the misuse, diversion, and abuse of drugs for health care 32 practitioners and licensed or certified health care facilities;

33 (12) Monitor trends of drug misuse, diversion, and abuse and make 34 periodic reports to disciplinary boards of licensed health care 35 practitioners and education, treatment, and appropriate law 36 enforcement agencies regarding these trends;

37 (13) Enter into written agreements with all other state and 38 federal agencies with any responsibility for controlling drug misuse, 39 diversion, or abuse and with health maintenance organizations, health 40 care service contractors, and health care providers to assist and

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1 promote coordination of agencies responsible for ensuring compliance with controlled substances laws and to monitor observance of these 2 3 laws and cooperation between these agencies. The department of social and health services, the department of labor and industries, and any 4 other state agency including licensure disciplinary boards, shall 5 6 refer all apparent instances of over-prescribing by practitioners and all apparent instances of legend drug overuse to the department. The 7 department shall also encourage such referral by health maintenance 8 organizations, health service contractors, and health care providers; 9 (14) Whenever the workload of the commission requires, request 10

11 <u>that the secretary appoint pro tempore members. While serving as</u> 12 <u>members pro tempore persons have all the powers, duties, and</u> 13 <u>immunities, and are entitled to the emoluments, including travel</u> 14 <u>expenses, of the commission</u>.

15 Sec. 30. RCW 18.64.011 and 2021 c 78 s 1 are each amended to 16 read as follows:

17 The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter 18 unless the context clearly requires otherwise.

(1) "Administer" means the direct application of a drug or device, whether by injection, inhalation, ingestion, or any other means, to the body of a patient or research subject.

(2) "Business licensing system" means the mechanism established by chapter 19.02 RCW by which business licenses, endorsed for individual state-issued licenses, are issued and renewed utilizing a business license application and a business license expiration date common to each renewable license endorsement.

(3) "Chart order" means a lawful order for a drug or device entered on the chart or medical record of an inpatient or resident of an institutional facility by a practitioner or his or her designated agent.

(4) "Closed door long-term care pharmacy" means a pharmacy that provides pharmaceutical care to a defined and exclusive group of patients who have access to the services of the pharmacy because they are treated by or have an affiliation with a long-term care facility or hospice program, and that is not a retailer of goods to the general public.

37 (5) "Commission" means the pharmacy quality assurance commission.

38 (6) "Compounding" means the act of combining two or more 39 ingredients in the preparation of a prescription. Reconstitution and

1 mixing of (a) sterile products according to federal food and drug 2 administration-approved labeling does not constitute compounding if 3 prepared pursuant to a prescription and administered immediately or 4 in accordance with package labeling, and (b) nonsterile products 5 according to federal food and drug administration-approved labeling 6 does not constitute compounding if prepared pursuant to a 7 prescription.

8 (7) "Controlled substance" means a drug or substance, or an 9 immediate precursor of such drug or substance, so designated under or 10 pursuant to the provisions of chapter 69.50 RCW.

(8) "Deliver" or "delivery" means the actual, constructive, or attempted transfer from one person to another of a drug or device, whether or not there is an agency relationship.

14 (9) "Department" means the department of health.

15 (10) "Device" means instruments, apparatus, and contrivances, 16 including their components, parts, and accessories, intended (a) for 17 use in the diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment, or prevention of 18 disease in human beings or other animals, or (b) to affect the 19 structure or any function of the body of human beings or other 20 animals.

(11) "Dispense" means the interpretation of a prescription or order for a drug, biological, or device and, pursuant to that prescription or order, the proper selection, measuring, compounding, labeling, or packaging necessary to prepare that prescription or order for delivery.

(12) "Distribute" means the delivery of a drug or device otherthan by administering or dispensing.

28 (13) "Drug" and "devices" do not include surgical or dental 29 instruments or laboratory materials, gas and oxygen, therapy equipment, X-ray apparatus or therapeutic equipment, their component 30 31 parts or accessories, or equipment, instruments, apparatus, or 32 contrivances used to render such articles effective in medical, surgical, or dental treatment, or for use or consumption in or for 33 mechanical, industrial, manufacturing, or scientific applications or 34 purposes. "Drug" also does not include any article or mixture covered 35 by the Washington pesticide control act (chapter 15.58 RCW), as 36 enacted or hereafter amended, nor medicated feed intended for and 37 used exclusively as a feed for animals other than human beings. 38

39 (14) "Drugs" means:

(a) Articles recognized in the official United States
 pharmacopoeia or the official homeopathic pharmacopoeia of the United
 States;

4 (b) Substances intended for use in the diagnosis, cure,
5 mitigation, treatment, or prevention of disease in human beings or
6 other animals;

7 (c) Substances (other than food) intended to affect the structure 8 or any function of the body of human beings or other animals; or

9 (d) Substances intended for use as a component of any substances 10 specified in (a), (b), or (c) of this subsection, but not including 11 devices or their component parts or accessories.

(15) "Health care entity" means an organization that provides 12 health care services in a setting that is not otherwise licensed by 13 14 the state to acquire or possess legend drugs. Health care entity includes a freestanding outpatient surgery center, a residential 15 16 treatment facility, and a freestanding cardiac care center. "Health 17 care entity" does not include an individual practitioner's office or a multipractitioner clinic, regardless of ownership, unless the owner 18 elects licensure as a health care entity. "Health care entity" also 19 not include an individual practitioner's office or 20 does 21 multipractitioner clinic identified by a hospital on a pharmacy application or renewal pursuant to RCW 18.64.043. 22

(16) "Hospice program" means a hospice program certified or paid by medicare under Title XVIII of the federal social security act, or a hospice program licensed under chapter 70.127 RCW.

(17) "Institutional facility" means any organization whose primary purpose is to provide a physical environment for patients to obtain health care services including, but not limited to, services in a hospital, long-term care facility, hospice program, mental health facility, drug abuse treatment center, residential habilitation center, or a local, state, or federal correction facility.

33 (18) "Labeling" means the process of preparing and affixing a 34 label to any drug or device container. The label must include all 35 information required by current federal and state law and pharmacy 36 rules.

37 (19) "Legend drugs" means any drugs which are required by any 38 applicable federal or state law or regulation to be dispensed on 39 prescription only or are restricted to use by practitioners only.

1 (20) "Long-term care facility" means a nursing home licensed 2 under chapter 18.51 RCW, an assisted living facility licensed under 3 chapter 18.20 RCW, or an adult family home licensed under chapter 4 70.128 RCW.

"Manufacture" means (21)the production, preparation, 5 6 propagation, compounding, or processing of a drug or other substance 7 or device or the packaging or repackaging of such substance or device, or the labeling or relabeling of the commercial container of 8 such substance or device, but does not include the activities of a 9 practitioner who, as an incident to his or her administration or 10 11 dispensing such substance or device in the course of his or her 12 professional practice, personally prepares, compounds, packages, or labels such substance or device. "Manufacture" includes the 13 14 distribution of a licensed pharmacy compounded drug product to other state licensed persons or commercial entities for subsequent resale 15 16 or distribution, unless a specific product item has approval of the commission. The term does not include: 17

(a) The activities of a licensed pharmacy that compounds a
 product on or in anticipation of an order of a licensed practitioner
 for use in the course of their professional practice to administer to
 patients, either personally or under their direct supervision;

22 (b) The practice of a licensed pharmacy when repackaging 23 commercially available medication in small, reasonable quantities for 24 a practitioner legally authorized to prescribe the medication for 25 office use only;

(c) The distribution of a drug product that has been compounded by a licensed pharmacy to other appropriately licensed entities under common ownership or control of the facility in which the compounding takes place; or

30 (d) The delivery of finished and appropriately labeled compounded 31 products dispensed pursuant to a valid prescription to alternate 32 delivery locations, other than the patient's residence, when 33 requested by the patient, or the prescriber to administer to the 34 patient, or to another licensed pharmacy to dispense to the patient.

35 (22) "Manufacturer" means a person, corporation, or other entity36 engaged in the manufacture of drugs or devices.

37 (23) "Nonlegend" or "nonprescription" drugs means any drugs which38 may be lawfully sold without a prescription.

(24) "Person" means an individual, corporation, government,
 governmental subdivision or agency, business trust, estate, trust,
 partnership or association, or any other legal entity.

4 (25) "Pharmacist" means a person duly licensed by the commission 5 to engage in the practice of pharmacy.

6 (26) "Pharmacy" means every place properly licensed by the 7 commission where the practice of pharmacy is conducted.

8 (27) "Poison" does not include any article or mixture covered by 9 the Washington pesticide control act (chapter 15.58 RCW), as enacted 10 or hereafter amended.

11 (28)"Practice of pharmacy" includes the practice of and Interpreting prescription 12 responsibility for: orders; the compounding, dispensing, labeling, administering, and distributing of 13 14 drugs and devices; the monitoring of drug therapy and use; the initiating or modifying of drug therapy in accordance with written 15 16 guidelines or protocols previously established and approved for his 17 or her practice by a practitioner authorized to prescribe drugs; the participating in drug utilization reviews and drug product selection; 18 the proper and safe storing and distributing of drugs and devices and 19 20 maintenance of proper records thereof; the providing of information 21 on legend drugs which may include, but is not limited to, the 22 advising of therapeutic values, hazards, and the uses of drugs and 23 devices.

(29) "Practitioner" means a physician, dentist, veterinarian,
 nurse, or other person duly authorized by law or rule in the state of
 Washington to prescribe drugs.

(30) "Prescription" means an order for drugs or devices issued by
a practitioner duly authorized by law or rule in the state of
Washington to prescribe drugs or devices in the course of his or her
professional practice for a legitimate medical purpose.

31 (31) "Secretary" means the secretary of health or the secretary's 32 designee.

33 (32) "Shared pharmacy services" means a system that allows a participating pharmacist or pharmacy pursuant to a request from 34 35 another participating pharmacist or pharmacy to process or fill a 36 prescription or drug order, which may include but is not necessarily 37 limited to preparing, packaging, labeling, data entry, compounding 38 specific patients, dispensing, performing drug utilization for 39 reviews, conducting claims adjudication, obtaining refill

1 authorizations, reviewing therapeutic interventions, or reviewing 2 chart orders.

3 (33) "Wholesaler" means a corporation, individual, or other 4 entity which buys drugs or devices for resale and distribution to 5 corporations, individuals, or entities other than consumers.

6 <u>(34) "Directed plan of correction" means a plan devised by the</u> 7 <u>commission that includes specific actions that must be taken to</u> 8 <u>correct identified unresolved deficiencies with time frames to</u> 9 <u>complete them.</u>

10 <u>(35) "Immediate jeopardy" means a situation in which a licensee's</u> 11 <u>noncompliance with one or more statutory or regulatory requirements</u> 12 <u>has placed the health and safety of individuals or animals at risk</u> 13 <u>for serious injury, serious harm, serious impairment, or death.</u>

14 <u>(36)</u> "License," "licensing," and "licensure" shall be deemed 15 equivalent to the terms "approval," "credential," "certificate," 16 "certification," "permit," and "registration" and an "exemption" 17 issued under chapter 69.50 RCW.

18 <u>(37) "Plan of correction" means a proposal devised by the</u> 19 <u>applicant or licensee that includes specific actions that must be</u> 20 <u>taken to correct identified unresolved deficiencies with the time</u> 21 <u>frames to complete them.</u>

22 (38) "Statement of deficiency" means a written statement of the 23 deficiencies prepared by the commission, or its designee, identifying 24 one or more violations of law. The report clearly identifies the 25 specific law or rule that has been violated along with a description 26 of the reasons for noncompliance.

27 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 31. A new section is added to chapter 18.64 28 RCW to read as follows:

This section governs the denial of an application for a license or the suspension, revocation, or modification of a license issued by the commission. This section does not govern actions taken under chapter 18.130 RCW.

(1) The commission shall give written notice of the denial of an application for a license to the applicant or its agent. The form, contents, and service of the notice shall comply with this chapter and the procedural rules adopted by the commission.

37 (2) The commission shall give written notice of revocation,38 suspension, or modification of a license to the licensee or its

agent. The form, contents, and service of the notice shall comply
 with this chapter and the procedural rules adopted by the commission.

3 (3) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, revocation,
4 suspension, or modification is effective 28 days after the licensee
5 or the agent receives the notice.

6 (a) The commission may make the date the action is effective 7 later than 28 days after receipt. If the commission does so, it shall 8 state the effective date in the written notice given to the licensee 9 or its agent.

10 (b) The commission may make the date the action is effective 11 sooner than 28 days after receipt when necessary to protect the 12 public health, safety, or welfare. When the commission does so, it 13 shall state the effective date and the reasons supporting the 14 effective date in the written notice given to the licensee or its 15 agent.

16 (4) Except for licensees suspended for noncompliance with a child 17 support order under chapter 74.20A RCW, a license applicant or 18 licensee who is aggrieved by a commission denial, revocation, suspension, or modification has the right to an adjudicative 19 proceeding. The proceeding is governed by the administrative 20 21 procedure act, chapter 34.05 RCW. The form, contents, and service of the application for an adjudicative hearing must comply with this 22 chapter and with the procedural rules adopted by the commission and 23 must be served on and received by the commission within 28 days of 24 25 the applicant or licensee receiving the notice.

26 (5) (a) If the commission gives a licensee 28 or more days' notice of revocation, suspension, or modification and the licensee files an 27 appeal before its effective date, the commission shall not implement 28 the adverse action until the final order has been entered. The 29 commission may implement part or all of the adverse action while the 30 proceedings are pending if the appellant causes an unreasonable delay 31 32 in the proceeding, if the circumstances change so that implementation is in the public interest, or for other good cause. 33

34 (b) If the commission gives a licensee less than 28 days' notice 35 of revocation, suspension, or modification and the licensee timely 36 files a sufficient appeal, the commission may implement the adverse 37 action on the effective date stated in the notice. The commission may 38 stay implementation of part or all of the adverse action while the 39 proceedings are pending if staying implementation is in the public 40 interest or for other good cause.

1 (6) The commission may accept the surrender of the licensee's 2 license. A licensee whose surrender has been accepted may not 3 petition for reinstatement of its surrendered license.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 32. A new section is added to chapter 18.64
RCW to read as follows:

6 This section governs the assessment of a civil fine against a 7 licensee issued by the commission. This section does not govern 8 actions taken under chapter 18.130 RCW.

9 (1) The commission shall give written notice to the licensee or 10 its agent against whom it assesses a civil fine. The form, contents, 11 and service of the notice shall comply with this chapter and the 12 procedural rules adopted by the commission.

(2) The civil fine is due and payable 28 days after receipt by the licensee or its agent. The commission may make the date the fine is due later than 28 days after receipt by the licensee or its agent. When the commission does so, it shall state the date the fine is due in the written notice given to the licensee against whom it assesses the fine.

(3) The licensee against whom the commission assesses a civil fine has the right to an adjudicative proceeding. The proceeding is governed by the administrative procedure act, chapter 34.05 RCW. The form, contents, and service of the application for an adjudicative hearing must comply with this chapter and the procedural rules adopted by the commission and must be served on and received by the commission within 28 days of the licensee receiving the notice.

26 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 33. A new section is added to chapter 18.64 27 RCW to read as follows:

This section does not govern actions taken under chapter 18.130 RCW.

The commission is authorized to take any of the actions 30 (1)identified in this section against licenses, registrations, permits, 31 or other credentials or approvals issued by the commission under this 32 chapter and chapters 18.64A, 69.38, 69.41, 69.43, 69.45, and 69.50 33 34 RCW in any case in which it finds the licensee has failed or refused to comply with any state or federal statute or administrative rule 35 36 regulating the license in question including, but not limited to, Title 69 RCW, this chapter, chapter 18.64A RCW, and administrative 37

1 rules adopted by the commission, except as otherwise limited in this 2 section.

(a) When the commission determines a licensee has previously been 3 subject to an enforcement action for the same or similar type of 4 violation of the same or similar statute or rule, or has been given 5 6 any previous statement of deficiency that included the same or similar type of violation of the same or similar statute or rule, or 7 when the licensee failed to correct noncompliance with a statute or 8 rule by a date established or agreed to by the commission, the 9 commission may impose reasonable conditions on a license. Conditions 10 may include correction within a specified amount of time, a directed 11 12 plan of correction, training, or hiring a commission-approved consultant if the licensee cannot demonstrate to the commission that 13 it has access to sufficient internal expertise. If the commission 14 determines the violations constitute immediate 15 jeopardy, the 16 conditions may be imposed immediately in accordance with subsection 17 (2) (b) of this section.

(b) (i) In accordance with the commission's authority under 18 19 section 32 of this act, the commission may assess a civil fine of up to \$10,000 per violation, not to exceed a total fine of \$1,000,000, 20 21 on a licensee when the commission determines the licensee has previously been subject to an enforcement action for the same or 22 23 similar type of violation of the same or similar statute or rule, or has been given any previous statement of deficiency that included the 24 25 same or similar type of violation of the same or similar statute or 26 rule, or when a licensee failed to correct noncompliance with a statute or rule by a date established or agreed to by the commission. 27

(ii) Proceeds from these fines may only be used by the commission to provide training or technical assistance to licensees and to offset costs associated with licensing and enforcement.

31 (iii) The commission shall adopt in rules under this chapter to 32 establish specific fine amounts in relation to:

33 (A) The severity of the noncompliance and at an adequate level to34 be a deterrent to future noncompliance; and

35

(B) The operation size of the licensee.

36 (iv) If a licensee is aggrieved by the commission's action of 37 assessing civil fines, the licensee has the right to appeal under 38 section 32 of this act.

39 (c) The commission may restrict the ability of a licensee to 40 engage in a specific service related to a violation by imposing a

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limited stop service. This may only be done if the commission finds
 that noncompliance results in immediate jeopardy.

(i) Prior to imposing a limited stop service, the commission 3 shall provide a licensee written notification upon identifying 4 deficient practices or conditions that constitute an immediate 5 6 jeopardy. The licensee shall have 24 hours from notification to develop and implement a commission-approved plan to correct the 7 deficient practices or conditions that constitute an immediate 8 jeopardy. If the deficient practices or conditions that constitute 9 immediate jeopardy are not verified by the commission as having been 10 corrected within the same 24-hour period, the commission may issue 11 12 the limited stop service.

(ii) When the commission imposes a limited stop service, the licensee may not provide the services subject to the limited stop service, unless otherwise allowed by the commission, until the limited stop service order is terminated.

(iii) The commission shall conduct a follow-up inspection within five business days or within the time period requested by the licensee if more than five business days is needed to verify the violation necessitating the limited stop service has been corrected.

21

(iv) The limited stop service shall be terminated when:

(A) The commission verifies the violation necessitating the limited stop service has been corrected or the commission determines that the licensee has taken intermediate action to address the immediate jeopardy; and

(B) The licensee establishes the ability to maintain correctionof the violation previously found deficient.

(d) The commission may deny an application, or suspend, revoke,or modify a license.

30 (2)(a) Except as otherwise provided, sections 31 and 32 of this 31 act govern notices of actions taken by the commission under 32 subsection (1) of this section and provides the right to an 33 adjudicative proceeding. Adjudicative proceedings and hearings under 34 this section are governed by the administrative procedure act, 35 chapter 34.05 RCW.

36 (b) When the commission determines a licensee's noncompliance 37 results in immediate jeopardy, the commission may make the imposition 38 of conditions on a licensee, a limited stop service, or the 39 suspension or modification of a license effective immediately upon 1 receipt of the notice by the licensee, pending any adjudicative 2 proceeding.

(i) When the commission makes the suspension or modification of a 3 license or imposition of conditions on a license 4 effective immediately, a licensee is entitled to a show cause hearing before a 5 6 hearing panel of the commission within 14 days of making the request. The licensee must request the show cause hearing within 28 days of 7 receipt of the notice. At the show cause hearing the commission has 8 the burden of demonstrating that more probably than not there is an 9 10 immediate jeopardy.

(ii) At the show cause hearing, the commission may consider the 11 12 notice and documents supporting the immediate imposition of conditions on a licensee, or the suspension or modification of a 13 license, and the licensee's response, and shall provide the parties 14 with an opportunity to provide documentary evidence and written 15 16 testimony, and to be represented by counsel. Prior to the show cause 17 hearing, the commission shall provide the licensee with all documentation that supports the commission's immediate imposition of 18 19 conditions on a licensee or suspension or modification of a license.

20 (iii) If the hearing panel of the commission determines there is 21 no immediate jeopardy, the hearing panel of the commission may 22 overturn the immediate suspension or modification of the license or 23 immediate imposition of conditions.

(iv) If the hearing panel of the commission determines there is immediate jeopardy, the immediate suspension or modification of the license or immediate imposition of conditions shall remain in effect pending a full hearing.

(v) If the commission sustains the immediate suspension or modification of the license or immediate imposition of conditions, the licensee may request an expedited full hearing on the merits. A full hearing must be provided within 90 days of the licensee's request, unless otherwise stipulated by the parties.

(3) The commission may take action under subsection (1) of this section against a nonresident pharmacy for failure to comply with any requirement of RCW 18.64.350 through 18.64.400, conduct that caused injury to a resident of this state, or conduct that resulted in adverse action against the nonresident pharmacy by a federal agency or the regulatory or licensing agency in the state in which the nonresident pharmacy is located.

1 (4) When the commission determines an alleged violation, if true, 2 would constitute an immediate jeopardy, and the licensee fails to 3 cooperate with the commission's investigation of such an alleged 4 violation, the commission may impose an immediate limited stop 5 service, immediate imposition of conditions, or immediate suspension 6 or modification of a license.

7 (a) When the commission imposes an immediate limited stop service, immediate imposition of conditions, or immediate suspension 8 or modification of a license for failure to cooperate, a licensee is 9 entitled to a show cause hearing before a presiding officer within 14 10 11 days of making the request. The licensee must request the show cause 12 hearing within 28 days of receipt of the notice of an immediate limited stop service, immediate imposition of conditions, 13 or immediate suspension or modification of a license for failure to 14 cooperate. At the show cause hearing the commission has the burden of 15 16 demonstrating that more probably than not the alleged violation, if 17 true, would constitute an immediate jeopardy and the licensee failed to cooperate with the commission's investigation. 18

(b) At the show cause hearing, the presiding officer may consider 19 the notice and documents supporting the immediate limited stop 20 service, immediate imposition of conditions, or immediate suspension 21 or modification of a license for failure to cooperate, and the 22 licensee's response and shall provide the parties with an opportunity 23 to provide documentary evidence and written testimony, and to be 24 25 represented by counsel. Prior to the show cause hearing, the commission shall provide the licensee with all documentation that 26 supports the commission's immediate action for failure to cooperate. 27

(c) If the presiding officer determines the alleged violation, if true, does not constitute an immediate jeopardy or determines that the licensee cooperated with the commission's investigation, the presiding officer may overturn the immediate action for failure to cooperate.

(d) If the presiding officer determines the allegation, if true, would constitute an immediate jeopardy and the licensee failed to cooperate with the commission's investigation, the immediate action for failure to cooperate shall remain in effect pending a full hearing.

(e) If the presiding officer sustains the immediate action forfailure to cooperate, the licensee may request an expedited full

1 hearing on the merits of the commission's action. A full hearing must 2 be provided within 90 days of the licensee's request.

3 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 34. A new section is added to chapter 18.64
4 RCW to read as follows:

5 This section does not govern actions taken under chapter 18.130 6 RCW.

7 (1) A licensee whose license has been suspended under this 8 chapter may petition the commission for reinstatement after an 9 interval as determined by the commission in the order. The commission 10 shall hold hearings on the petition. The commission may deny the 11 petition or may order reinstatement of the licensee's license. The 12 commission may impose terms and conditions in the order of 13 reinstatement.

(2) A licensee whose license has been suspended for noncompliance 14 15 with a support order or visitation order under RCW 74.20A.320 may petition for reinstatement at any time by providing the commission a 16 release issued by the department of social and health services 17 stating that the person is in compliance with the order. If the 18 person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement 19 during the suspension, the commission shall automatically reissue the 20 21 person's license upon receipt of the release, and payment of a 22 reinstatement fee, if any.

23 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 35. A new section is added to chapter 18.64 24 RCW to read as follows:

The uniform disciplinary act, chapter 18.130 RCW, governs unlicensed practice of persons required to obtain a license under this chapter.

28 Sec. 36. RCW 18.64.047 and 2013 c 19 s 10 are each amended to 29 read as follows:

30 (1) Any itinerant vendor or any peddler of any nonprescription 31 drug or preparation for the treatment of disease or injury, shall pay 32 a registration fee determined by the secretary on a date to be 33 determined by the secretary as provided in RCW 43.70.250 and 34 43.70.280. The department may issue a registration to such vendor on 35 an approved application made to the department.

36 (2) Any itinerant vendor or peddler who shall vend or sell, or 37 offer to sell to the public any such nonprescription drug or

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1 preparation without having registered to do so as provided in this 2 section, is guilty of a misdemeanor and each sale or offer to sell 3 shall constitute a separate offense.

4 (3) In event the registration fee remains unpaid on the date due, 5 no renewal or new registration shall be issued except upon compliance 6 with administrative procedures, administrative requirements, and fees 7 determined as provided in RCW 43.70.250 and 43.70.280. This 8 registration shall not authorize the sale of legend drugs or 9 controlled substances.

(4) An itinerant vendor may purchase products containing any 10 quantity of ephedrine, pseudoephedrine, 11 detectable or 12 phenylpropanolamine, or their salts, isomers, or salts of isomers only from a wholesaler licensed by the department under RCW 18.64.046 13 from a manufacturer licensed by the department under RCW 14 or 18.64.045. The commission shall issue a warning to an itinerant 15 vendor who violates this subsection, and may suspend or revoke the 16 17 registration of the vendor for a subsequent violation.

18 (5) An itinerant vendor who has purchased products containing any 19 detectable quantity of ephedrine, pseudoephedrine, or 20 phenylpropanolamine, or their salts, isomers, or salts of isomers, in 21 a suspicious transaction as defined in RCW 69.43.035, is subject to 22 the following requirements:

(a) The itinerant vendor may not sell any quantity of ephedrine, 23 pseudoephedrine, or phenylpropanolamine, or their salts, isomers, or 24 25 salts of isomers, if the total monthly sales of these products exceed ((ten)) 10 percent of the vendor's total prior monthly sales of 26 nonprescription drugs in March through October. In November through 27 28 February, the vendor may not sell any quantity of ephedrine, pseudoephedrine, or phenylpropanolamine, or their salts, isomers, or 29 salts of isomers, if the total monthly sales of these products exceed 30 31 ((twenty)) 20 percent of the vendor's total prior monthly sales of nonprescription drugs. For purposes of this section, "monthly sales" 32 means total dollars paid by buyers. ((The commission may suspend or 33 revoke the registration of an itinerant vendor who violates this 34 subsection.)) 35

36 (b) The itinerant vendor shall maintain inventory records of the 37 receipt and disposition of nonprescription drugs, utilizing existing 38 inventory controls if an auditor or investigator can determine 39 compliance with (a) of this subsection, and otherwise in the form and 40 manner required by the commission. The records must be available for

inspection by the commission or any law enforcement agency and must be maintained for two years. The commission may suspend or revoke the registration of an itinerant vendor who violates this subsection. For purposes of this subsection, "disposition" means the return of product to the wholesaler or distributor.

## 6 **Sec. 37.** RCW 18.64.165 and 2016 c 81 s 10 are each amended to 7 read as follows:

8 ((The commission shall have the power to refuse, suspend, or 9 revoke the license of any manufacturer, wholesaler, pharmacy, 10 shopkeeper, itinerant vendor, peddler, poison distributor, health 11 care entity, or precursor chemical distributor)) In addition to any 12 other grounds, the commission may take action against a license 13 issued under this chapter and chapters 18.64A, 69.38, 69.41, 69.43, 14 69.45, and 69.50 RCW, except nonresident pharmacies, upon proof that:

15 (1) The license was procured through fraud, misrepresentation, or 16 deceit;

(2) Except as provided in RCW 9.97.020, the licensee has violated or has permitted any employee to violate any of the laws of this state or the United States relating to drugs, controlled substances, cosmetics, or nonprescription drugs, or has violated any of the rules and regulations of the commission or has been convicted of a felony.

22 Sec. 38. RCW 18.64A.020 and 2013 c 19 s 33 are each amended to 23 read as follows:

(1) (a) The commission shall adopt, in accordance with chapter 34.05 RCW, rules fixing the classification and qualifications and the educational and training requirements for persons who may be employed as pharmacy technicians or who may be enrolled in any pharmacy technician training program. Such rules shall provide that:

(i) Licensed pharmacists shall supervise the training of pharmacytechnicians;

(ii) Training programs shall assure the competence of pharmacy technicians to aid and assist pharmacy operations. Training programs shall consist of instruction and/or practical training; and

34 (iii) Pharmacy technicians shall complete continuing education 35 requirements established in rule by the commission.

36 (b) Such rules may include successful completion of examinations 37 for applicants for pharmacy technician certificates. If such 38 examination rules are adopted, the commission shall prepare or

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1 determine the nature of, and supervise the grading of the 2 examinations. The commission may approve an examination prepared or 3 administered by a private testing agency or association of licensing 4 authorities.

5 (2) The commission may disapprove or revoke approval of any 6 training program for failure to conform to commission rules. In the 7 case of the disapproval or revocation of approval of a training 8 program by the commission, a hearing shall be conducted in accordance 9 with ((RCW 18.64.160)) section 31 of this act, and appeal may be 10 taken in accordance with the administrative procedure act, chapter 11 34.05 RCW.

12 Sec. 39. RCW 18.64A.060 and 2013 c 19 s 38 are each amended to 13 read as follows:

No pharmacy licensed in this state shall utilize the services of pharmacy ancillary personnel without approval of the commission.

Any pharmacy licensed in this state may apply to the commission 16 for permission to use the services of pharmacy ancillary personnel. 17 18 The application shall be accompanied by a fee and shall comply with administrative procedures and administrative requirements set 19 20 pursuant to RCW 43.70.250 and 43.70.280, shall detail the manner and 21 extent to which the pharmacy ancillary personnel would be used and 22 supervised, and shall provide other information in such form as the 23 secretary may require.

24 The commission may approve or reject such applications. In addition, the commission may modify the proposed utilization of 25 pharmacy ancillary personnel and approve the application as modified. 26 27 Whenever it appears to the commission that pharmacy ancillary 28 personnel are being utilized in a manner inconsistent with the approval granted, the commission may withdraw such approval. In the 29 30 event a hearing is requested upon the rejection of an application, or upon the withdrawal of approval, a hearing shall be conducted in 31 32 accordance with ((chapter 18.64 RCW, as now or hereafter amended,)) section 31 of this act and appeal may be taken in accordance with the 33 administrative procedure act, chapter 34.05 RCW. 34

NEW SECTION. Sec. 40. A new section is added to chapter 69.38
 RCW to read as follows:
 Chapter 18.64 RCW governs the denial of licenses and the
 discipline of persons licensed under this chapter. The uniform

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1 disciplinary act, chapter 18.130 RCW, governs unlicensed practice of 2 persons required to obtain a license under this chapter.

3 Sec. 41. RCW 69.45.080 and 2013 c 19 s 84 are each amended to 4 read as follows:

5 (1) The manufacturer is responsible for the actions and conduct 6 of its representatives with regard to drug samples.

7 (2) ((The commission may hold a public hearing to examine a
8 possible violation and may require a designated representative of the
9 manufacturer to attend.

10 (3) If a manufacturer fails to comply with this chapter following 11 notification by the commission, the commission may impose a civil 12 penalty of up to five thousand dollars. The commission shall take no 13 action to impose any civil penalty except pursuant to a hearing held 14 in accordance with chapter 34.05 RCW.

15 (4)) Chapter 18.64 RCW governs the denial of licenses and the discipline of persons registered under this chapter.

17 <u>(3)</u> Specific drug samples which are distributed in this state in 18 violation of this chapter, following notification by the commission, 19 shall be subject to seizure following the procedures set out in RCW 20 69.41.060.

21 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 42. A new section is added to chapter 69.45 22 RCW to read as follows:

The uniform disciplinary act, chapter 18.130 RCW, governs unlicensed practice of persons required to obtain a registration under this chapter.

26 Sec. 43. RCW 69.43.100 and 2013 c 19 s 74 are each amended to 27 read as follows:

((The pharmacy quality assurance commission shall have the power to refuse, suspend, or revoke the permit of any manufacturer or wholesaler)) In addition to any other grounds, the pharmacy quality assurance commission may take action against a permit issued under this chapter upon proof that:

33 (1) The permit was procured through fraud, misrepresentation, or 34 deceit;

35 (2) The permittee has violated or has permitted any employee to 36 violate any of the laws of this state relating to drugs, controlled 37 substances, cosmetics, or nonprescription drugs, or has violated any

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1 of the rules and regulations of the pharmacy quality assurance 2 commission.

3 Sec. 44. RCW 69.43.140 and 2013 c 19 s 78 are each amended to 4 read as follows:

5 (1) ((In addition to the other penalties provided for in this chapter or in chapter 18.64 RCW, the pharmacy quality assurance 6 commission may impose a civil penalty, not to exceed ten thousand 7 dollars for each violation, on any licensee or registrant who has 8 9 failed to comply with this chapter or the rules adopted under this chapter. In the case of a continuing violation, every day the 10 violation continues shall be considered a separate violation)) 11 Chapter 18.64 RCW governs the denial of permits and the discipline of 12 permits issued under this chapter. The uniform disciplinary act, 13 chapter 18.130 RCW, governs unlicensed practice of persons required 14 to obtain a permit under this chapter. 15

(2) The pharmacy quality assurance commission may waive ((the 16 suspension or revocation of a license or registration)) action taken 17 under chapter 18.64 RCW against a permit issued under this chapter 18 ((18.64 RCW, or waive any civil penalty under this chapter,)) if the 19 20 ((licensee or registrant)) permittee establishes that he or she acted in good faith to prevent violations of this chapter, and the 21 violation occurred despite the licensee's or registrant's exercise of 22 due diligence. In making such a determination, the pharmacy quality 23 24 assurance commission may consider evidence that an employer trained employees on how to sell, transfer, or otherwise furnish substances 25 specified in RCW 69.43.010(1) in accordance with applicable laws. 26

27 Sec. 45. RCW 69.50.302 and 2013 c 19 s 98 are each amended to 28 read as follows:

(((a) [(1)])) (1) Every person who manufactures, distributes, or dispenses any controlled substance within this state or who proposes to engage in the manufacture, distribution, or dispensing of any controlled substance within this state, shall obtain annually a registration issued by the ((department)) commission in accordance with the commission's rules.

35 (((b) [(2)])) (2) A person registered by the ((department))
36 <u>commission</u> under this chapter to manufacture, distribute, dispense,
37 or conduct research with controlled substances may possess,
38 manufacture, distribute, dispense, or conduct research with those

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substances to the extent authorized by the registration and in
 conformity with this Article.

3 ((<del>(c) [(3)]</del>)) <u>(3)</u> The following persons need not register and may 4 lawfully possess controlled substances under this chapter:

5 (((1) [(a)])) (a) An agent or employee of any registered 6 manufacturer, distributor, or dispenser of any controlled substance 7 if the agent or employee is acting in the usual course of business or 8 employment. This exemption shall not include any agent or employee 9 distributing sample controlled substances to practitioners without an 10 order;

11 (((2) [(b)])) (b) A common or contract carrier or warehouse 12 operator, or an employee thereof, whose possession of any controlled 13 substance is in the usual course of business or employment;

14 ((<del>(3) [(c)]</del>)) <u>(c)</u> An ultimate user or a person in possession of 15 any controlled substance pursuant to a lawful order of a practitioner 16 or in lawful possession of a substance included in Schedule V.

17 ((<del>(d) [(4)]</del>)) (4) The commission may waive by rule the requirement for registration of certain manufacturers, distributors, 18 or dispensers upon finding it consistent with the public health and 19 safety. Personal practitioners licensed or registered in the state of 20 21 Washington under the respective professional licensing acts shall not be required to be registered under this chapter unless the specific 22 23 exemption is denied pursuant to ((RCW 69.50.305)) sections 31 and 33 of this act for violation of any provisions of this chapter. 24

25 ((<del>(e) [(5)]</del>)) <u>(5)</u> A separate registration is required at each 26 principal place of business or professional practice where the 27 applicant manufactures, distributes, or dispenses controlled 28 substances.

29 ((<del>(f) [(6)]</del>)) <u>(6)</u> The department, at the direction of the 30 <u>commission</u>, may inspect the establishment of a registrant or 31 applicant for registration in accordance with rules adopted by the 32 commission.

33 Sec. 46. RCW 69.50.303 and 2013 c 19 s 99 are each amended to 34 read as follows:

35 (((a) [(1)])) (1) The ((department)) commission shall register an 36 applicant to manufacture ((or)), distribute, dispense, or conduct 37 research with controlled substances included in RCW 69.50.204, 38 69.50.206, 69.50.208, 69.50.210, and 69.50.212 unless the commission 39 determines that the issuance of that registration would be

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1 inconsistent with the public interest. In determining the public 2 interest, the commission shall consider the following factors:

3 ((<del>(1) [(a)]</del>)) <u>(a)</u> maintenance of effective controls against 4 diversion of controlled substances into other than legitimate 5 medical, scientific, research, or industrial channels;

6

((<del>(2) [(b)]</del>)) <u>(b)</u> compliance with applicable state and local law;

7 ((<del>(3) [(c)]</del>)) <u>(c)</u> promotion of technical advances in the art of 8 manufacturing controlled substances and the development of new 9 substances;

10 (((4) [(d)])) (d) any convictions of the applicant under any laws 11 of another country or federal or state laws relating to any 12 controlled substance;

13 (((5) [(e)])) (e) past experience in the manufacture or 14 distribution of controlled substances, and the existence in the 15 applicant's establishment of effective controls against diversion of 16 controlled substances into other than legitimate medical, scientific, 17 research, or industrial channels;

18 ((<del>(6) [(f)]</del>)) <u>(f)</u> furnishing by the applicant of false or 19 fraudulent material in any application filed under this chapter;

20 ((<del>(7) [(g)]</del>)) <u>(g)</u> suspension or revocation of the applicant's 21 federal registration to manufacture, distribute, or dispense 22 controlled substances as authorized by federal law; and

23 ((<del>(8) [(h)]</del>)) <u>(h)</u> any other factors relevant to and consistent 24 with the public health and safety.

25 ((<del>(b) [(2)]</del>)) <u>(2)</u> Registration under subsection ((<del>(a) [(1)]</del>)) <u>(1)</u> 26 of this section does not entitle a registrant to manufacture or 27 distribute controlled substances included in Schedule I or II other 28 than those specified in the registration.

((<del>(c) [(3)]</del>)) <u>(3)</u> Practitioners must be registered, or exempted 29 under RCW 69.50.302(((d) [(4)])) (4), to dispense any controlled 30 substances or to conduct research with controlled substances included 31 32 in Schedules II through V if they are authorized to dispense or conduct research under the law of this state. The commission need not 33 require separate registration under this Article for practitioners 34 engaging in research with nonnarcotic substances included 35 in Schedules II through V where the registrant is already registered 36 under this Article in another capacity. Practitioners registered 37 under federal law to conduct research with substances included in 38 39 Schedule I may conduct research with substances included in Schedule

1 I within this state upon furnishing the commission evidence of that 2 federal registration.

3 (((d) [(4)])) (4) A manufacturer or distributor registered under 4 the federal Controlled Substances Act, 21 U.S.C. Sec. 801 et seq., 5 may submit a copy of the federal application as an application for 6 registration as a manufacturer or distributor under this section. The 7 commission may require a manufacturer or distributor to submit 8 information in addition to the application for registration under the 9 federal act.

10 Sec. 47. RCW 69.50.304 and 2013 c 19 s 100 are each amended to 11 read as follows:

12 (((a) [(1) A])) (1) This chapter and chapter 18.64 RCW govern the 13 denial of registrations and the discipline of registrations issued 14 under RCW 69.50.303. The uniform disciplinary act, chapter 18.130 15 RCW, governs unlicensed practice of persons required to obtain a 16 registration under this chapter.

17 (2) In addition to any other grounds, the commission may take 18 action against the registration, or exemption from registration, 19 under RCW 69.50.303 to manufacture, distribute, ((<del>or</del>)) dispense, or 20 conduct research with a controlled substance ((may be suspended or 21 revoked by the commission)) upon finding that the registrant has:

22 ((((1) [(a)])) (a) furnished false or fraudulent material 23 information in any application filed under this chapter;

24 ((<del>(2) [(b)]</del>)) (b) been convicted of a felony under any state or 25 federal law relating to any controlled substance;

30 ((<del>(4) [(d)]</del>)) <u>(d)</u> committed acts that would render registration 31 under RCW 69.50.303 inconsistent with the public interest as 32 determined under that section.

33 (((b) [(2)])) (3) The commission may limit revocation or 34 suspension of a registration to the particular controlled substance 35 or schedule of controlled substances, with respect to which grounds 36 for revocation or suspension exist.

37 ((<del>(c) [(3)]</del>)) <u>(4)</u> If the commission suspends or revokes a 38 registration, all controlled substances owned or possessed by the 39 registrant at the time of suspension or the effective date of the

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1 revocation order may be placed under seal. No disposition may be made 2 of substances under seal until the time for taking an appeal has 3 elapsed or until all appeals have been concluded unless a court, upon 4 application, orders the sale of perishable substances and the deposit 5 of the proceeds of the sale with the court. Upon a revocation order 6 becoming final, all controlled substances may be forfeited to the 7 state.

((<del>(d) [(4)]</del>)) <u>(5)</u> The ((<del>department</del>)) <u>commission</u> may seize or 8 place under seal any controlled substance owned or possessed by a 9 registrant whose registration has expired or who has ceased to 10 do business in the manner contemplated by the 11 practice or registration. The controlled substance must be held for the benefit 12 of the registrant or the registrant's successor in interest. The 13 ((department)) commission shall notify a registrant, or 14 the registrant's successor in interest, who has any controlled substance 15 16 seized or placed under seal, of the procedures to be followed to 17 secure the return of the controlled substance and the conditions under which it will be returned. The ((department)) commission may 18 19 not dispose of any controlled substance seized or placed under seal under this subsection until the expiration of ((one hundred eighty)) 20 21 180 days after the controlled substance was seized or placed under 22 seal. The costs incurred by the ((department)) commission in seizing, placing under seal, maintaining custody, and disposing of any 23 controlled substance under this subsection may be recovered from the 24 25 registrant, any proceeds obtained from the disposition of the controlled substance, or from both. Any balance remaining after the 26 costs have been recovered from the proceeds of any disposition must 27 28 be delivered to the registrant or the registrant's successor in 29 interest.

30 (((e) [(5)])) (6) The ((department)) commission shall promptly 31 notify the drug enforcement administration of all orders restricting, 32 suspending, or revoking registration and all forfeitures of 33 controlled substances.

34 Sec. 48. RCW 69.50.310 and 2013 c 19 s 104 are each amended to 35 read as follows:

On and after September 21, 1977, a humane society and animal control agency may apply to the ((department)) <u>commission</u> for registration pursuant to the applicable provisions of this chapter for the sole purpose of being authorized to purchase, possess, and

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administer sodium pentobarbital to euthanize injured, sick, homeless, or unwanted domestic pets and animals. Any agency so registered shall not permit a person to administer sodium pentobarbital unless such person has demonstrated adequate knowledge of the potential hazards and proper techniques to be used in administering this drug.

6 The ((department)) commission may issue a limited registration to carry out the provisions of this section. ((The commission shall 7 promulgate such rules as it deems necessary to insure strict 8 compliance with the provisions of this section. The commission may 9 10 suspend or revoke registration upon determination that the person 11 administering sodium pentobarbital has not demonstrated adequate 12 knowledge as herein provided. This authority is granted in addition to any other power to suspend or revoke registration as provided by 13 law.)) Chapter 18.64 RCW governs the denial of licenses and the 14 15 discipline of registrations issued under this chapter. The uniform disciplinary act, chapter 18.130 RCW, governs unlicensed practice of 16 17 persons required to obtain a registration under this chapter.

18 Sec. 49. RCW 69.50.320 and 2013 c 19 s 106 are each amended to 19 read as follows:

The department of fish and wildlife may apply to the ((department 20 of health)) commission for registration pursuant to the applicable 21 22 provisions of this chapter to purchase, possess, and administer 23 controlled substances for use in chemical capture programs. The 24 department of fish and wildlife must not permit a person to administer controlled substances unless the person has demonstrated 25 26 adequate knowledge of the potential hazards and proper techniques to 27 be used in administering controlled substances.

The ((department of health)) commission may issue a limited 28 29 registration to carry out the provisions of this section. The 30 commission may adopt rules to ensure strict compliance with the 31 provisions of this section. The commission, in consultation with the department of fish and wildlife, must by rule add or remove 32 additional controlled substances for use in chemical capture 33 programs. ((The)) Chapter 18.64 RCW governs the denial of licenses 34 and the discipline of registrations issued under this chapter. The 35 uniform disciplinary act, chapter 18.130 RCW, governs unlicensed 36 practice of persons required to obtain a registration under this 37 38 chapter. In addition to any other grounds, the commission ((shall)) 39 may suspend or revoke a registration issued under this chapter upon

determination that the person administering controlled substances has not demonstrated adequate knowledge as required by this section. ((This authority is granted in addition to any other power to suspend or revoke registration as provided by law.))

5 **Sec. 50.** RCW 69.41.080 and 2013 c 19 s 57 are each amended to 6 read as follows:

Humane societies and animal control agencies registered with the 7 ((pharmacy quality assurance)) commission under chapter 69.50 RCW and 8 9 authorized to euthanize animals may purchase, possess, and administer approved legend drugs for the sole purpose of sedating animals prior 10 11 to euthanasia, when necessary, and for use in chemical capture programs. For the purposes of this section, "approved legend drugs" 12 means those legend drugs designated by the commission by rule as 13 being approved for use by such societies and agencies for animal 14 15 sedating or capture and does not include any substance regulated 16 under chapter 69.50 RCW. Any society or agency so registered shall not permit persons to administer any legend drugs unless such person 17 has demonstrated to the satisfaction of the commission adequate 18 knowledge of the potential hazards involved in and the proper 19 20 techniques to be used in administering the drugs.

The commission shall promulgate rules to regulate the purchase, 21 possession, and administration of legend drugs by such societies and 22 agencies and to insure strict compliance with the provisions of this 23 24 section. Such rules shall require that the storage, inventory control, administration, and recordkeeping for approved legend drugs 25 conform to the standards adopted by the commission under chapter 26 27 69.50 RCW to regulate the use of controlled substances by such societies and agencies. ((The)) Chapter 18.64 RCW governs the denial 28 29 of licenses and the discipline of registrations issued under chapter 69.50 RCW. The uniform disciplinary act, chapter 18.130 RCW, governs 30 31 unlicensed practice of persons required to obtain a registration under this chapter. In addition to any other grounds, the commission 32 may suspend or revoke a registration *issued* under chapter 69.50 RCW 33 upon a determination by the commission that the person administering 34 35 legend drugs has not demonstrated adequate knowledge as herein provided. ((This authority is granted in addition to any other power 36 37 to suspend or revoke a registration as provided by law.))

1 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 51. The following acts or parts of acts are 2 each repealed:

3 (1) RCW 18.64.200 (Refusal, suspension, and revocation of other 4 licenses—Appeal procedure) and 2013 c 19 s 15, 1963 c 38 s 11, & 1909 5 c 213 s 11;

6 (2) RCW 18.64.390 (Nonresident pharmacies—Violations—Penalties) 7 and 2013 c 19 s 23 & 1991 c 87 s 5; and

8 (3) RCW 69.50.305 (Procedure for denial, suspension, or 9 revocation of registration) and 2013 c 19 s 101 & 1971 ex.s. c 308 s 10 69.50.305.

> Passed by the Senate January 24, 2024. Passed by the House February 29, 2024. Approved by the Governor March 15, 2024. Filed in Office of Secretary of State March 15, 2024.

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